OMRON

Machine Automation Controller

NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware

User's Manual

NJ501-□□□
NJ301-1
NJ101-□□□
NJ-P□3001
CJ1W-INT01
CJ1W-IDP01
CJ1W-MD
CJ1W-B7A□□



CPU Unit



W500-E1-15

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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an NJ-series CPU Unit.

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the NJ-series CPU Unit. Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the NJ-series CPU Unit before you attempt to use it in a control system.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.

For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS B 3503.

Applicable Products

This manual covers the following products.

- NJ-series CPU Units
 - NJ501-□5□□
 - NJ501-□4□□
 - NJ501-🗆 3
 - NJ301-12□□
 - NJ301-11□□
 - NJ101-10□□
 - NJ101-90□□

Part of the specifications and restrictions for the CPU Units are given in other manuals. Refer to *Relevant Manuals* on page 2 and *Related Manuals* on page 36.

Relevant Manuals

The following table provides the relevant manuals for the NJ-series CPU Units.

Read all of the manuals that are relevant to your system configuration and application before you use the NJ-series CPU Unit.

Most operations are performed from the Sysmac Studio Automation Software. Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504) for information on the Sysmac Studio.

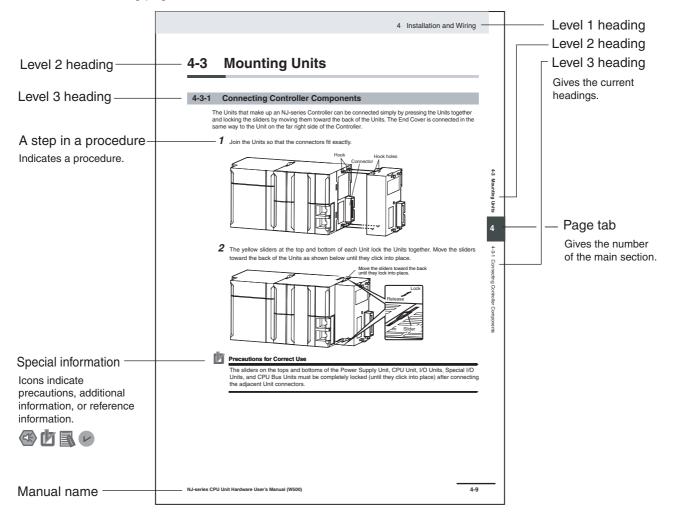
	Basic	Manual Basic information									
Purpose of use	NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Man- ual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Instruc- tions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual	NJ-series Database Connection CPU Units User's Manual	NJ-series SECS/GEM CPU Units User's Man- ual	NJ-series NJ Robotics CPU Unit User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Trouble- shooting Manual
Introduction to NJ-series Controllers	•										
Setting devices and hardware											
Using motion control				•							
Using EtherCAT	•					•					
Using EtherNet/IP							•				
Software settings											
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Using EtherCAT						•					
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Using the database connection service								•			
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Using robot control										•	
Writing the user program											
Using motion control				•	•						
Using EtherCAT						•					
Using EtherNet/IP							•				
Using the database connection service		•	•					•			
Using the GEM Services									•		
Using robot control										•	
Programming error processing											٠
Testing operation and debugging											
Using motion control				•							
Using EtherCAT						•					
Using EtherNet/IP		-					•				
Using the database connection service								•			
Using the GEM Services									•		
Using robot control										•	
Learning about error management and corrections ^{*1}											•
Maintenance				1	1						
Using motion control				•		1					
Using EtherCAT				1	1	•					
Using EtherNet/IP				t	t		•	1			

*1 Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the error management concepts and an overview of the error items. Refer to the manuals that are indicated with triangles for details on errors for the corresponding Units.

Manual Structure

Page Structure

The following page structure is used in this manual.



This illustration is provided only as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:

Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.

Precautions for Correct Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.

- 5	

Additional Information

Additional information to read as required.

This information is provided to increase understanding or make operation easier.



Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for CPU Units with different unit versions and for different versions of the Sysmac Studio is given.

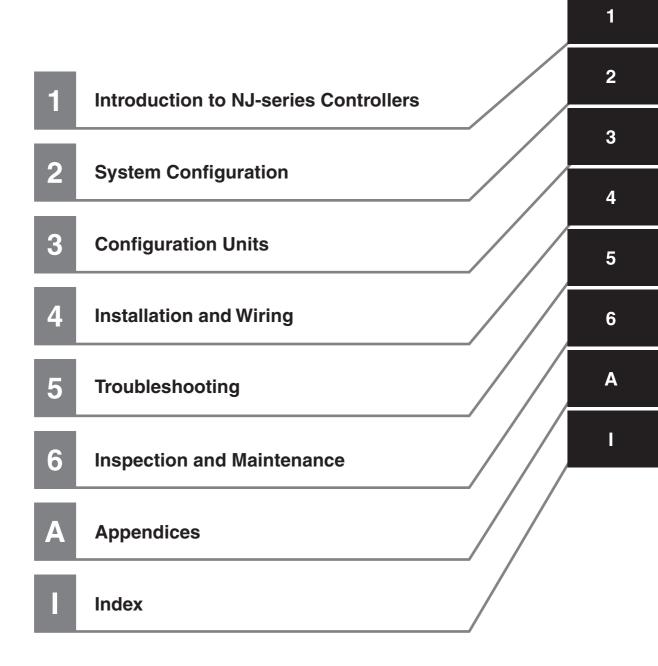
Note References are provided to more detailed or related information.

Precaution on Terminology

In this manual, "download" refers to transferring data from the Sysmac Studio to the physical Controller and "upload" refers to transferring data from the physical Controller to the Sysmac Studio.

For the Sysmac Studio, synchronization is used to both upload and download data. Here, "synchronize" means to automatically compare the data for the Sysmac Studio on the computer with the data in the physical Controller and transfer the data in the direction that is specified by the user.

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Terms and Conditions Agreement

Warranty, Limitations of Liability

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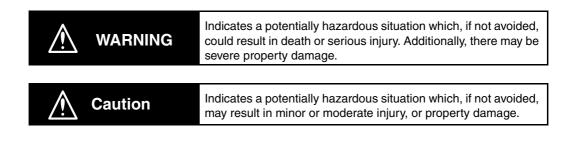
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Safety Precautions

Definition of Precautionary Information

The following notation is used in this manual to provide precautions required to ensure safe usage of an NJ-series Controller. The safety precautions that are provided are extremely important to safety. Always read and heed the information provided in all safety precautions. The following notation is used.



Precautions for Safe Use

Indicates precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.

Precautions for Correct Use

Indicates precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.

Symbols



The circle and slash symbol indicates operations that you must not do. The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text. This example indicates prohibiting disassembly.



The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a precaution for electric shock.



The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a general precaution.



The filled circle symbol indicates operations that you must do. The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text. This example shows a general precaution for something that you must do.



The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a precaution for high temperatures.

Warnings

During Power Supply

Do not touch any of the terminals or terminal blocks while the power is being supplied. Doing so may result in electric shock.

Do not attempt to take any Unit apart. In particular, high-voltage parts are present in the Power Supply Unit while power is supplied or immediately after power is turned OFF. Touching any of these parts may result in electric shock. There are sharp parts inside the Unit that may cause injury.

Fail-safe Measures

Provide safety measures in external circuits to ensure safety in the system if an abnormality occurs due to malfunction of the CPU Unit, slaves, or Units or due to other external factors affecting operation. Not doing so may result in serious accidents due to incorrect operation.

Emergency stop circuits, interlock circuits, limit circuits, and similar safety measures must be provided in external control circuits.

The Controller outputs may remain ON or OFF due to deposition or burning of the output relays or destruction of the output transistors. As a countermeasure for such problems, external safety measures must be provided to ensure safe operation of the system.

The CPU Unit will turn OFF all outputs from Basic Output Units in the following cases. The slaves will operate according to the settings in the slaves.

- If an error occurs in the power supply
- If the power supply connection becomes faulty
- If a CPU watchdog timer error or CPU reset occurs
- If a major fault level Controller error occurs
- While the CPU Unit is on standby until RUN mode is entered after the power is turned ON

External safety measures must be provided to ensure safe operation of the system in such cases.

If external power supplies for slaves or other devices are overloaded or shortcircuited, the voltage will drop, outputs will turn OFF, and the system may be unable to read inputs. Provide external safety measures in controls with monitoring of external power supply voltage as required so that the system operates safely in such a case.















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Unintended outputs may occur when an error occurs in variable memory or in memory used for CJ-series Units. As a countermeasure for such problems, external safety measures must be provided to ensure safe operation of the system.

Provide measures in the communications system and user program to ensure safety in the overall system even if errors or malfunctions occur in data link communications or remote I/O communications.

If there is interference in remote I/O communications or if a major fault level error occurs, output status will depend on the products that are used. Confirm the operation that will occur when there is interference in communications or a major fault level error, and implement safety measures. Correctly set all of the settings in the slaves and Units.

The NJ-series Controller continues normal operation for a certain period of time when a momentary power interruption occurs. This means that the NJ-series Controller may receive incorrect signals from external devices that are also affected by the power interruption. Accordingly, take suitable actions, such as external fail-safe measures and interlock conditions, to monitor the power supply voltage of the external device as required.

You must take fail-safe measures to ensure safety in the event of incorrect, missing, or abnormal signals caused by broken signal lines, momentary power interruptions, or other causes. Not doing so may result in serious accidents due to incorrect operation.

Voltage and Current Inputs

Make sure that the voltages and currents that are input to the slaves and Units are within the specified ranges.

Inputting voltages or currents that are outside of the specified ranges may cause accidents or fire.

Downloading

Always confirm safety at the destination before you transfer a user program, configuration data, setup data, device variables, or values in memory used for CJ-series Units from the Sysmac Studio. The devices or machines may perform unexpected operation regardless of the operating mode of the CPU Unit.

Actual Operation

Check the user program, data, and parameter settings for proper execution before you use them for actual operation.











Cautions

▲ Caution

Application

Do not touch any Unit when power is being supplied or immediately after the power supply is turned OFF. Doing so may result in burn injury.

Wiring

Be sure that all terminal screws and cable connector screws are tightened to the torque specified in the relevant manuals. The loose screws may result in fire or malfunction.

Online Editing

Execute online editing only after confirming that no adverse effects will be caused by deviations in the timing of I/O. If you perform online editing, the task execution time may exceed the task period, I/O may not be refreshed with external devices, input signals may not be read, and output timing may change.

Precaution on Error Message That Says an Instruction May Cause Unintended Operation

Instructions may results in unexpected operation and affect the system if you clear the selection of the *Detect an error when an in-out variable is passed to specific instruction argument* Check Box in the Program Check Area. Always confirm that the conditions for use that are given in the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502) are met before you clear the selection of this check box.

Version Information

This error message is displayed by and the above option setting is available on Sysmac Studio version 1.02.







Precautions for Safe Use

Disassembly and Dropping

- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify any Units. Doing so may result in malfunction or fire.
- Do not drop any Unit or subject it to abnormal vibration or shock. Doing so may result in Unit malfunction or burning.

Mounting

• The sliders on the tops and bottoms of the Power Supply Unit, CPU Unit, I/O Units, and other Units must be completely locked (until they click into place) after connecting the adjacent Unit connectors.

Installation

• Always connect to a ground of 100 Ω or less when installing the Units. A ground of 100 Ω or less must be installed when shorting the GR and LG terminals on the Power Supply Unit.

Wiring

- Follow the instructions in this manual to correctly perform wiring. Double-check all wiring and switch settings before turning ON the power supply.
- Use crimp terminals for wiring. Do not connect bare stranded wires directly to terminals.
- Do not pull on the cables or bend the cables beyond their natural limit.
 Do not place heavy objects on top of the cables or other wiring lines. Doing so may break the cables.
- Mount terminal blocks and connectors only after checking the mounting location carefully. Be sure that the terminal blocks, expansion cables, and other items with locking devices are properly locked into place.
- Always remove any dustproof labels that are on the top of the Units when they are shipped before you turn ON the power supply. If the labels are not removed, heat will accumulate and malfunctions may occur.
- Before you connect a computer to the CPU Unit, disconnect the power supply plug of the computer from the AC outlet. Also, if the computer has an FG terminal, make the connections so that the FG terminal has the same electrical potential as the GR terminal on the Power Supply Unit. A difference in electrical potential between the computer and Controller may cause failure or malfunction.
- If the external power supply to an Output Unit or slave has polarity, connect it with the correct polarity. If the polarity is reversed, current may flow in the reverse direction and damage the connected devices regardless of the operation of the Controller.

Power Supply Design

• Do not exceed the rated supply capacity of the Power Supply Units in the NJ-series Controller. The rated supply capacities are given in the *NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual* (Cat. No. W500).

If the capacity is exceeded, operation may stop, malfunctions may occur, or data may not be backed up normally for power interruptions.

Use NJ-series Power Supply Units for both the NJ-series CPU Rack and Expansion Racks.

Operation is not possible if a CJ-series Power Supply Unit is used with an NJ-series CPU Unit or an NJ-series Power Supply Unit is used with a CJ-series CPU Unit.

- Do not apply voltages or connect loads to the Output Units or slaves in excess of the maximum ratings.
- Surge current occurs when the power supply is turned ON. When selecting fuses or breakers for
 external circuits, consider the above precaution and allow sufficient margin in shut-off performance.
 Refer to the relevant manuals for surge current specifications. Refer to the *NJ-series CPU Unit Hard-ware User's Manual* (Cat. No. W500) for surge current specifications.
- If the full dielectric strength voltage is applied or turned OFF using the switch on the tester, the generated impulse voltage may damage the Power Supply Unit. Use the adjustment on the tester to gradually increase and decrease the voltage.
- Apply the voltage between the Power Supply Unit's L1 or L2 terminal and the GR terminal when testing insulation and dielectric strength.
- Do not supply AC power from an inverter or other device with a square-wave output. Internal temperature rise may result in smoking or burning. Always input a sinusoidal wave with the frequency that is given in the *NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual* (Cat. No. W500).
- Install external breakers and take other safety measures against short-circuiting in external wiring.

Turning ON the Power Supply

- It takes up to approximately 10 to 20 s to enter RUN mode after the power is turned ON. The outputs
 during this time behave according to the slave or Unit specifications. Use the RUN output on the
 Power Supply Unit, for example, to implement fail-safe circuits so that external devices do not operate
 incorrectly.
- Configure the external circuits so that the power supply to the control system turns ON only after the
 power supply to the Controller has turned ON. If the power supply to the Controller is turned ON after
 the control power supply, temporary errors may result in incorrect control system signals because the
 output terminals on Output Units may momentarily turn ON when power supply is turned ON to the
 Controller.
- If you transfer data from a backup file on an SD Memory Card to the Controller when the power supply is turned ON, properly select the data groups to transfer. If the data for an unintended data group is transferred to the Controller, it may cause the equipment to operate unpredictably.
- In the CPU Unit with unit version 1.05 or earlier, never turn OFF the power supply to the Controller until RUN mode is entered after the power is turned ON. If the power supply is turned OFF, a Batterybackup Memory Check Error may occur at next time you start operation. If a Battery-backup Memory Check Error occurs, the variables retained are set to their initial values and the Holding, DM and EM Areas in memory used for CJ-series Units are cleared to all zeros. If you want to resume the operation, reload the correct data for the variables retained and CJ-series Unit memory, as required.

Turning OFF the Power Supply

- Never turn OFF the power supply to the Controller when the BUSY indicator is flashing. While the BUSY indicator is lit, the user program and settings in the CPU Unit are being backed up in the builtin non-volatile memory. This data will not be backed up correctly if the power supply is turned OFF. Also, a major fault level Controller error will occur the next time you start operation, and operation will stop.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply or remove the SD Memory Card while SD Memory Card access is
 in progress (i.e., while the SD BUSY indicator flashes). Data may become corrupted, and the Controller will not operate correctly if it uses corrupted data. To remove the SD Memory Card from the CPU
 Unit while the power supply is ON, press the SD Memory Card power supply switch and wait for the
 SD BUSY indicator to turn OFF before you remove the SD Memory Card.
- Do not disconnect the cable or turn OFF the power supply to the Controller when downloading data or the user program from Support Software.
- Always turn OFF the power supply to the Controller before you attempt any of the following.
 - Mounting or removing I/O Units or the CPU Unit
 - Assembling the Units
 - Setting DIP switches or rotary switches
 - Connecting cables or wiring the system
 - · Connecting or disconnecting the connectors

The Power Supply Unit may continue to supply power to the rest of the Controller for a few seconds after the power supply turns OFF. The PWR indicator is lit during this time. Confirm that the PWR indicator is not lit before you perform any of the above.

Operation

- Confirm that no adverse effect will occur in the system before you attempt any of the following.
 - Changing the operating mode of the CPU Unit (including changing the setting of the Startup Mode)
 - · Changing the user program or settings
 - Changing set values or present values
 - Forced refreshing
- After you change any slave or Unit settings, carefully check the safety of the controlled system before you restart the Unit.
- If two different function modules are used together, such as when you use CJ-series Basic Units and EtherCAT slaves, take suitable measures in the user program and external controls to ensure that safety is maintained in the controlled system if one of the function modules stops. The relevant outputs will behave according to the slave or Unit specifications if a partial fault level error occurs in one of the function modules.
- Always confirm safety at the connected equipment before you reset Controller errors with an event level of partial fault or higher for the EtherCAT Master Function Module.
 When the error is reset, all slaves that were in any state other than Operational state due to a Controller error with an event level of partial fault or higher (in which outputs are disabled) will go to Operational state and the outputs will be enabled.

Before you reset all errors or restart a slave, confirm that no Controller errors with an event level of partial fault have occurred for the EtherCAT Master Function Module.

• Always confirm safety at the connected equipment before you reset Controller errors for a CJ-series Special Unit. When a Controller error is reset, the Unit where the Controller error with an event level of observation or higher will be restarted.

Before you reset all errors, confirm that no Controller errors with an event level of observation or higher have occurred for the CJ-series Special Unit. Observation level events do not appear on the Controller Error Tab Page, so it is possible that you may restart the CJ-series Special Unit without intending to do so.

You can check the status of the _*CJB_UnitErrSta[0,0]* to _*CJB_UnitErrSta[3,9]* error status variables on a Watch Tab Page to see if an observation level Controller error has occurred.

- Always confirm safety at the connected equipment before you perform the following operations when the device output hold configuration is set to enable. The equipment may operate unexpectedly because the last status for outputs is retained.
 - · Changing the operating mode of the CPU Unit
 - When downloaded

Battery Backup

- The user program and initial values for the variables are stored in non-volatile memory in the CPU Unit. The present values of variables with the Retain attribute and the values of the Holding, DM, and EM Areas in the memory used for CJ-series Units are backed up by a Battery. If the Battery is not connected or the Battery is exhausted, the CPU Unit detects a Battery-backup Memory Check Error. If that error is detected, variables with a Retain attribute are set to their initial values and the Holding, DM, and EM Areas in memory used for CJ-series Units are cleared to all zeros. Perform thorough verifications and provide sufficient measures to ensure that the devices perform safe operation for the initial values of the variables with Retain attributes and the resulting operation.
- The absolute encoder home offsets are backed up by a Battery. If the CPU Unit detects a low battery
 voltage or the absence of a mounted battery when the power supply to the Controller is turned ON,
 the absolute encoder home offsets are cleared to zeros and an Encoder Home Offset Read Error
 occurs. Reset the error and perform homing to define home. If you do not define home, unintended
 operation of the controlled system may occur.

Debugging

- Forced refreshing ignores the results of user program execution and refreshes I/O with the specified values. If forced refreshing is used for inputs for which I/O refreshing is not supported, the inputs will first take the specified values, but they will then be overwritten by the user program. This operation differs from the force-set/reset functionality of the CJ-series PLCs.
- You cannot upload or download information for forced refreshing with the Sysmac Studio. After downloading data that contains forced refreshing, change to RUN mode and then use the Sysmac Studio to perform the operation for forced refreshing. Depending on the difference in the forced status, the control system may operate unexpectedly.
- Do not specify the same address for the AT specification for more than one variable. Doing so would allow the same entity to be accessed with different variable names, which would make the user program more difficult to understand and possibly cause programming mistakes.

General Communications

- When you use data link communications, check the error information that is given in *_ErrSta* (Controller Error Status) to make sure that no error has occurred in the source device. Create a user program that uses reception data only when there is no error in the source device. If there is an error in the source device, the data for the data link may contain incorrect values.
- Unexpected operation may result if inappropriate data link tables are set. Even if appropriate data link tables have been set, confirm that the controlled system will not be adversely affected before you transfer the data link tables. The data links start automatically after the data link tables are transferred.
- All CPU Bus Units are restarted when routing tables are transferred from Support Software to the CPU Unit. Confirm that the system will not be adversely affected by restarting before you transfer the routing tables.
- Tag data links will stop between related nodes while tag data link parameters are transferred during Controller operation. Confirm that the system will not be adversely affected before you transfer the tag data link parameters.

EtherNet/IP Communications

- Make sure that the communications distance, number of nodes connected, and method of connection for EtherNet/IP are within specifications.
 Do not connect EtherNet/IP communications to EtherCAT or other networks. An overload may cause the network to fail or malfunction.
- All related EtherNet/IP nodes are reset when you transfer settings for the built-in EtherNet/IP port (including IP addresses and tag data links settings). The settings can only be enabled after the reset. Confirm that the system will not be adversely affected by resetting nodes before you transfer the settings.
- If EtherNet/IP tag data links (cyclic communications) are used with a repeating hub, the communications load on the network will increase. This will increase collisions and may prevent stable communications. Do not use repeating hubs on networks where tag data links are used. Use an Ethernet switch instead.

EtherCAT Communications

- Make sure that the communications distance, number of nodes connected, and method of connection for EtherCAT are within specifications.
 Do not connect EtherCAT communications to EtherNet/IP, a standard in-house LAN, or other networks. An overload may cause the network to fail or malfunction.
- Malfunctions or unexpected operation may occur for some combinations of EtherCAT revisions of the
 master and slaves. If you disable the revision check in the network settings, use the Sysmac Studio to
 check the slave revision settings in the master and the actual slave revisions, and then make sure
 that functionality is compatible in the slave manuals or other references. You can check the actual
 slave revisions from the Sysmac Studio or on slave nameplates.
- After you transfer the user program, the CPU Unit is restarted and communications with the Ether-CAT slaves are cut off. During that period, the slave outputs behave according to the slave specifications. The time that communications are cut off depends on the EtherCAT network configuration. Before you transfer the user program, confirm that the system will not be adversely affected.
- If the Fail-soft Operation parameter is set to stop operation, process data communications will stop for all slaves when an EtherCAT communications error is detected in a slave. At that time, the Servo Drive will operate according to the Servo Drive specifications. Make sure that the Fail-soft Operation parameter setting results in safe operation when a device error occurs.
- EtherCAT communications are not always established immediately after the power supply is turned ON. Use the system-defined variables in the user program to confirm that communications are established before attempting control operations.
- If noise occurs or an EtherCAT slave is disconnected from the network, any current communications
 frames may be lost. If frames are lost, slave I/O data is not communicated, and unintended operation
 may occur. The slave outputs will behave according to the slave specifications. Refer to the manual
 for the slave. If a noise countermeasure or slave replacement is required, perform the following processing.
 - Program the Input Data Invalid system-defined variable as an interlock condition in the user program.
 - Set the PDO communications timeout detection count setting in the EtherCAT master to at least 2. Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual (Cat. No. W505) for details.
- When an EtherCAT slave is disconnected or disabled, communications will stop and control of the outputs will be lost not only for the disconnected slave, but for all slaves connected after it. Confirm that the system will not be adversely affected before you disconnect or disable a slave.
- I/O data communications of NX bus are not always established immediately after the power supply is turned ON. Use the system-defined variables and the EtherCAT Coupler Unit device variables in the user program to confirm that I/O data communications are established before attempting control operations.
- You cannot use standard Ethernet hubs or repeater hubs with EtherCAT communications. If you use one of these, a major fault level error or other error may occur.

Motion Control

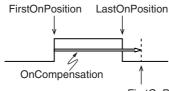
- Confirm the axis number carefully before you perform an MC Test Run.
- The motor is stopped if communications are interrupted between the Sysmac Studio and the CPU Unit during an MC Test Run. Connect the communications cable between the computer and CPU Unit securely and confirm that the system will not be adversely affected before you perform an MC Test Run.
- Always execute the Save Cam Table instruction if you change any of the cam data from the user program in the CPU Unit or from the Sysmac Studio. If the cam data is not saved, the previous condition will be restored when the power is turned ON again, possibly causing unexpected machine operation.
- The positive drive prohibit input (POT), negative drive prohibit input (NOT), and home proximity input (DEC) of the Servo Drive are used by the MC Function Module as the positive limit input, negative limit input, and home proximity input. Make sure that the signal widths for all of these input signals are longer than the control period of the MC Function Module. If the input signal widths are shorter than the control period, the MC Function Module may not be able to detect the input signals, resulting in incorrect operation.
- If you make any changes in the Detailed Settings Area of the Axis Basic Settings Display of the Sysmac Studio, make sure that the devices or machines perform the expected operation before you start actual operation.

If the relationship between the functions of the Motion Control Function Module and the EtherCAT slave process data that is assigned to the axes is not correct, the devices or machines may perform unexpected operation.

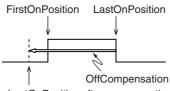
• Always use the axis at a constant velocity for the MC_DigitalCamSwitch (Enable Digital Cam Switch) instruction.

If you set the Count Mode to Rotary Mode, the following operation will occur if you use *OnCompensation* or *OffCompensation* and the axis velocity changes abruptly.

- If the value of *OnCompensation* or *OffCompensation* is equivalent to the time for half a rotation or more, *InOperation* will be FALSE.
- If the value of *OnCompensation* results in exceeding *LastOnPosition*, the output timing will be unstable.



- FirstOnPosition after compensation
- If the value of *OffCompensation* results in exceeding *FirstOnPosition*, the output timing will be unstable.



LastOnPosition after compensation

- Use the NX_AryDOutTimeStamp (Write Digital Output Array with Specified Time Stamp) instruction only after you confirm that *InOperation* from the MC_DigitalCamSwitch (Enable Digital Cam Switch) instruction is TRUE.
- If you change the unit conversion settings, perform homing again. If you do not perform homing, unintended operation of the controlled system may occur.

Restoring Data

- You cannot back up, restore, or compare some or all of the settings for certain slaves and Units. Also, you cannot back up, restore, or compare data for disabled slaves or Units. After you restore data, sufficiently confirm that operation is correct before you start actual operation.
- The absolute encoder home offsets are backed up with a Battery in the CPU Unit as absolute encoder information. If any of the following conditions is met, clear the absolute encoder home offsets from the list of data items to restore, and then restore the data. Then, define the absolute encoder home again. If you do not define home, unintended operation of the controlled system may occur.
 - The Servomotor or Servo Drive was changed since the data was backed up.
 - The absolute encoder was set up after the data was backed up.
 - The absolute data for the absolute encoder was lost.

Transferring Programs

 When you use the program transfer from SD Memory Card whose Startup Mode setting is set to RUN mode, the operating mode changes to RUN after the transfer is completed regardless of the status and setting before the transfer. Use this function after you confirm that system startup does not cause any problem.

Battery Replacement

- The Battery may leak, rupture, heat, or ignite. Never short-circuit, charge, disassemble, heat, or incinerate the Battery or subject it to strong shock.
- Dispose of any Battery that has been dropped on the floor or otherwise subjected to excessive shock. Batteries that have been subjected to shock may leak if they are used.
- UL standards require that only an experienced engineer replace the Battery. Make sure that an experienced engineer is in charge of Battery replacement.
- Apply power for at least five minutes before changing the Battery. Install a new Battery within five minutes (at 25°C) of turning OFF the power supply. If power is not supplied for at least 5 minutes, the saved data may be lost.
- We recommend replacing the Battery with the power turned OFF to prevent the CPU Unit's sensitive internal components from being damaged by static electricity and to prevent malfunctions. The Battery can be replaced without turning OFF the power supply. To do so, always touch a grounded piece of metal to discharge static electricity from your body before you start the procedure.

After you replace the Battery, connect the Sysmac Studio and clear the Low Battery Voltage error.

Unit Replacement

- Make sure that the required data, including the user program, configurations, settings, variables, and memory used for CJ-series Units, is transferred to a CPU Unit that was replaced and to externally connected devices before restarting operation.
 Be sure to include the tag data link settings, routing tables, and other CPU Bus Unit data, which are stored in the CPU Unit.
- The absolute encoder home offsets are backed up with a Battery in the CPU Unit as absolute encoder information. When you change the combination of the CPU Unit and Servomotor, e.g., when you add or replace a Servomotor, define the absolute encoder home again.
- The performance may be different if the hardware revisions are different. Before you transfer the user program, data, and parameter settings to the CPU Units with the different hardware revisions, check them for proper execution and then use them for actual operation.

Disposal

• Dispose of the product and Batteries according to local ordinances as they apply.



- 廢電池請回收 The following info
- The following information must be displayed for all products that contain primary lithium batteries with a
 perchlorate content of 6 ppb or higher when shipped to or transported through the State of California, USA.
 Perchlorate Material special handling may apply.

See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate.

• The CPU Unit contains a primary lithium battery with a perchlorate content of 6 ppb or higher. Place the above information on the individual boxes and shipping boxes when shipping finished products that contain a CPU Unit to the State of California, USA.

Precautions for Correct Use

Storage and Installation

- Follow the instructions in this manual to correctly perform installation.
- Do not operate or store the Controller in the following locations. Operation may stop or malfunctions may occur.
 - · Locations subject to direct sunlight
 - · Locations subject to temperatures or humidity outside the range specified in the specifications
 - Locations subject to condensation as the result of severe changes in temperature
 - · Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases
 - · Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salts
 - · Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals
 - · Locations subject to shock or vibration
- Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures when installing the Controller in the following locations.
 - · Locations subject to strong, high-frequency noise
 - · Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise
 - · Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields
 - · Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity
 - · Locations close to power lines
- Before touching a Unit, be sure to first touch a grounded metallic object in order to discharge any static build-up.
- Install the Controller away from sources of heat and ensure proper ventilation. Not doing so may result in malfunction, in operation stopping, or in burning.

Mounting

• An I/O bus check error will occur and the Controller will stop if an I/O Connecting Cable's connector is disconnected from the Rack. Be sure that the connectors are secure.

Wiring

- Do not allow foreign matter to enter the openings in the Unit. Doing so may result in Unit burning, electric shock, or failure.
- Do not allow wire clippings, shavings, or other foreign material to enter any Unit. Otherwise, Unit burning, failure, or malfunction may occur. Cover the Units or take other suitable countermeasures, especially during wiring work.
- For EtherCAT and EtherNet/IP, use the connection methods and cables that are specified in the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W505) and the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W506). Otherwise, communications may be faulty.
- Use the rated power supply voltage for the Power Supply Units. Take appropriate measures to ensure that the specified power with the rated voltage and frequency is supplied in places where the power supply is unstable.
- Make sure that the current capacity of the wire is sufficient. Otherwise, excessive heat may be generated. When cross-wiring terminals, the total current for all the terminals will flow in the wire. When wiring cross-overs, make sure that the current capacity of each of the wires is not exceeded.
- Do not touch the terminals on the Power Supply Unit immediately after turning OFF the power supply. Residual voltage may cause electrical shock.
- If you use reed switches for the input contacts for AC Input Units, use switches with a current capacity of 1 A or greater.

If the capacity of the reed switches is too low, surge current may fuse the contacts.

Operation

 Confirm the device output hold configuration before you change the operating mode of the CPU Unit or execute the download.

Error Processing

- In applications that use the results of instructions that read the error status, consider the affect on the system when errors are detected and program error processing accordingly. For example, even the detection of a minor error, such as Battery replacement during operation, can affect the system depending on how the user program is written.
- If you change the event level of a Controller error, the output status when the error occurs may also change. Confirm safety before you change an event level.

Restoring and Automatically Transferring Data

• When you edit the restore command file or the automatic transfer command file, do not change anything in the file except for the "yes" and "no" specifications for the selectable data groups. If you change anything else in the file, the Controller may perform unexpected operation when you restore or automatically transfer the data.

Transferring Programs

• To prevent an unexpected transfer of a program, set to enter the password every time before a transfer when you use the program transfer from SD Memory Card.

Replacing Slaves and Units

• If you replace a slave or Unit, refer to the operation manual for the slave or Unit for information on the data required for individual slaves or Units and redo the necessary settings.

Task Settings

 If a Task Period Exceeded error occurs, shorten the programs to fit in the task period or increase the setting of the task period.

Motion Control

- Use the system-defined variable in the user program to confirm that EtherCAT communications are
 established before you attempt to execute motion control instructions. Motion control instructions are
 not executed normally if EtherCAT communications are not established.
- Use the system-defined variables to monitor for errors in communications with the slaves that are controlled by the motion control function module. Motion control instructions are not executed normally if an error occur in slave communications.
- Before you start an MC Test Run, make sure that the operation parameters are set correctly.
- Do not download motion control settings during an MC Test Run.

EtherCAT Communications

- If you need to disconnect the cable from an EtherCAT slave during operation, first disconnect the software connection to the EtherCAT slave or disable the EtherCAT slave and all of the EtherCAT slaves that are connected after it.
- Set the Servo Drives to stop operation if an error occurs in EtherCAT communications between the Controller and a Servo Drive.
- Make sure that all of the slaves to be restored are participating in the network before you reset a Network Configuration Verification Error, Process Data Communications Error, or Link OFF Error in the EtherCAT Master Function Module. If any slave is not participating when any of these errors is reset, the EtherCAT Master Function Module may access slave with a different node address than the specified node address or the error may not be reset correctly.
- Always use the specified EtherCAT slave cables. If you use any other cable, the EtherCAT master or the EtherCAT slaves may detect an error and one of the following may occur.
 - · Continuous refreshing of process data communications will not be possible.
 - Continuous refreshing of process data communications will not end during the set cycle.

Battery Replacement

- Be sure to install a replacement Battery within two years of the production date shown on the Battery label.
- Turn ON the power after replacing the Battery for a CPU Unit that has been unused for a long time. Leaving the CPU Unit unused again without turning ON the power even once after the Battery is replaced may result in a shorter Battery life.
- When you replace the Battery, use the CJ1W-BAT01 Battery Set.

SD Memory Cards

- Insert the SD Memory Card all the way.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller during SD Memory Card access. The files may be corrupted.

If there is a corrupted file in the SD Memory Card, the file is automatically deleted by the restoration function when the power supply is turned ON.

- If you use an OMRON SD Memory Card, the end of the life of the SD Memory Card can be detected in the following ways.
 - _Card1Deteriorated (SD Memory Card Life Warning Flag) system-defined variable
 - · SD Memory Card Life Exceeded event in the event log

When the end of the life is detected in any of the above ways, replace the SD Memory Card.

Online Editing

When performing online editing in combination of a CPU Unit with a unit version of 1.04 or later and Sysmac Studio version 1.05 or higher, the CPU Unit saves a program updated by the online editing to built-in non-volatile memory. Sysmac Studio shows a message that it is in a backup operation. Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller while this message is displayed. If the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF, a Controller error will occur when the power supply is turned ON next time.

Regulations and Standards

Conformance to EU Directives

Applicable Directives

- EMC Directives
- Low Voltage Directive

Concepts

• EMC Directive

OMRON devices that comply with EU Directives also conform to the related EMC standards so that they can be more easily built into other devices or the overall machine. The actual products have been checked for conformity to EMC standards.*

Whether the products conform to the standards in the system used by the customer, however, must be checked by the customer. EMC-related performance of the OMRON devices that comply with EU Directives will vary depending on the configuration, wiring, and other conditions of the equipment or control panel on which the OMRON devices are installed. The customer must, therefore, perform the final check to confirm that devices and the overall machine conform to EMC standards.

 * Applicable EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) standards are as follows: EMS (Electromagnetic Susceptibility): EN 61131-2
 EMI (Electromagnetic Interference): EN 61131-2(Radiated emission: 10-m regulations)

Low Voltage Directive

Always ensure that devices operating at voltages of 50 to 1,000 VAC and 75 to 1,500 VDC meet the required safety standards. The applicable directive is EN 61010-2-201.

Conformance to EU Directives

The NJ-series Controllers comply with EU Directives. To ensure that the machine or device in which the NJ-series Controller is used complies with EU Directives, the Controller must be installed as follows:

- The NJ-series Controller must be installed within a control panel.
- You must use the power supply in SELV specifications for the DC power supplies connected to DC Power Supply Units and I/O Units.
- NJ-series Controllers that comply with EU Directives also conform to the Common Emission Standard (EN 61000-6-4). Radiated emission characteristics (10-m regulations) may vary depending on the configuration of the control panel used, other devices connected to the control panel, wiring, and other conditions.

You must therefore confirm that the overall machine or equipment complies with EU Directives.

Conformance to KC Standards

Observe the following precaution if you use NX-series Units in Korea.

A 급 기기 (업무용방송통신기자재) 이 기기는 업무용(A 급) 전저파작합기기로서 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기 바라며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 합니다.

Class A Device (Broadcasting Communications Device for Office Use)

This device obtained EMC registration for office use (Class A), and it is intended to be used in places other than homes.

Sellers and/or users need to take note of this.

Conformance to Shipbuilding Standards

The NJ-series Controllers comply with the following shipbuilding standards. Applicability to the shipbuilding standards is based on certain usage conditions. It may not be possible to use the product in some locations. Contact your OMRON representative before attempting to use a Controller on a ship.

Usage Conditions for NK and LR Shipbuilding Standards

- The NJ-series Controller must be installed within a control panel.
- Gaps in the door to the control panel must be completely filled or covered with gaskets or other material.
- The following noise filter must be connected to the power supply line.

Noise Filter

Manufacturer	Model
Cosel Co., Ltd.	TAH-06-683

Software Licenses and Copyrights

This product incorporates certain third party software. The license and copyright information associated with this software is available at http://www.fa.omron.co.jp/nj_info_e/.

Versions

Hardware revisions and unit versions are used to manage the hardware and software in NJ/NX-series Units and EtherCAT slaves. The hardware revision or unit version is updated each time there is a change in hardware or software specifications. Even when two Units or EtherCAT slaves have the same model number, they will have functional or performance differences if they have different hardware revisions or unit versions.

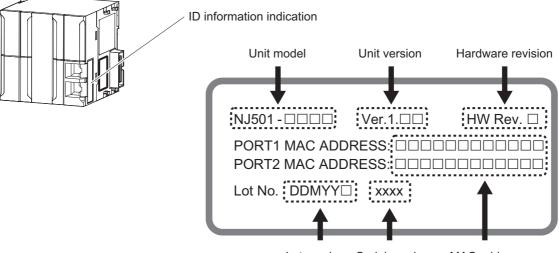
Checking Versions

You can check versions on the ID information indications or with the Sysmac Studio.

Checking Unit Versions on ID Information Indications

The unit version is given on the ID information indication on the side of the product.

The ID information on an NJ-series NJ501-DDD CPU Unit is shown below.



Lot number Serial number MAC address

Note The hardware revision is not displayed for the Unit that the hardware revision is in blank.

Checking Unit Versions with the Sysmac Studio

You can use the Sysmac Studio to check unit versions. The procedure is different for Units and for EtherCAT slaves.

• Checking the Unit Version of a Unit

You can use the Production Information while the Sysmac Studio is online to check the unit version of a Unit. You can do this for the CPU Unit, CJ-series Special I/O Units, and CJ-series CPU Bus Units. You cannot check the unit versions of CJ-series Basic I/O Units with the Sysmac Studio.

Use the following procedure to check the unit version.

1 Double-click CPU/Expansion Racks under Configurations and Setup in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click CPU/Expansion Racks under Configurations and Setup and select *Edit* from the menu.

The Unit Editor is displayed.

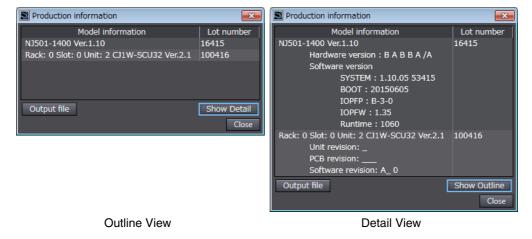
2 Right-click any open space in the Unit Editor and select **Production Information**.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.

Changing Information Displayed in Production Information Dialog Box

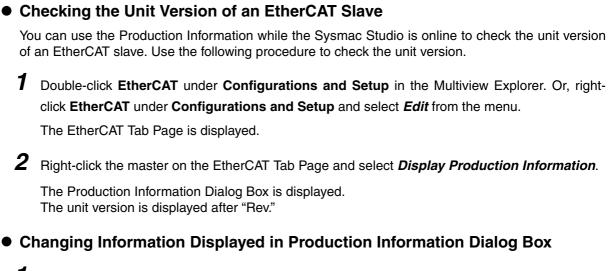
1 Click the **Show Detail** or **Show Outline** Button at the lower right of the Production Information Dialog Box.

The view will change between the production information details and outline.outline.



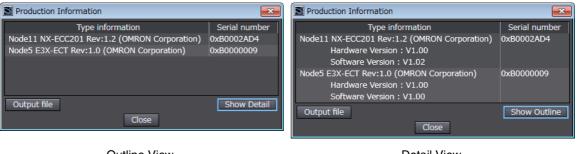
The information that is displayed is different for the Outline View and Detail View. The Detail View displays the unit version, hardware version, and software versions. The Outline View displays only the unit version.

Note The hardware revision is separated "/" and displayed on the right of the hardware version. The hardware revision is not displayed for the Unit that the hardware revision is in blank.



1 Click the **Show Detail** or **Show Outline** Button at the lower right of the Production Information Dialog Box.

The view will change between the production information details and outline.



Outline View

Detail View

Unit Versions of CPU Units and Sysmac Studio Versions

The functions that are supported depend on the unit version of the NJ-series CPU Unit. The version of Sysmac Studio that supports the functions that were added for an upgrade is also required to use those functions.

Refer to *A-7 Version Information* for the relationship between the unit versions of the CPU Units and the Sysmac Studio versions, and for the functions that are supported by each unit version.

Related Manuals

The followings are the manuals related to this manual. Use these manuals for reference.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W500	NJ501 NJ301 NJ101	Learning the basic specifi- cations of the NJ-series CPU Units, including intro- ductory information, design- ing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hard- ware information is pro- vided.	 An introduction to the entire NJ-series system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	W501	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning how to program and set up an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Mainly software information is provided.	 The following information is provided on a Controller built with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. CPU Unit operation CPU Unit features Initial settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications
NJ/NX-series Instruc- tions Reference Manual	W502	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning detailed specifica- tions on the basic instruc- tions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC 61131-3 specifications) are described.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	W507	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning about motion con- trol settings and program- ming concepts.	The settings and operation of the CPU Unit and programming concepts for motion control are described.
NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Ref- erence Manual	W508	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning about the specifi- cations of the motion control instructions.	The motion control instructions are described.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT® Port User's Manual	W505	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Using the built-in EtherCAT port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is pro- vided. This manual provides an introduction and provides information on the configuration, features, and setup.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP [™] Port User's Manual	W506	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Using the built-in Ether- Net/IP port on an NJ/NX- series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is pro- vided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features.
NJ-series Database Con- nection CPU Units User's Manual	W527	NJ501-1□20 NJ101-□□20	Using the database connec- tion service with NJ-series Controllers	Describes the database connection service.
NJ-series SECS/GEM CPU Units User's Manual	W528	NJ501-1340	Using the GEM Services with NJ-series Controllers.	Provides information on the GEM Services.
NJ-series NJ Robotics CPU Unit User's Manual	W539	NJ501-4□□□	Controlling robots with NJ- series CPU Units.	Describes the functionality to control robots.
NJ/NX-series Trouble- shooting Manual	W503	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning about the errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Controller.	Concepts on managing errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Controller and infor- mation on individual errors are described.
Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual	W504	SYSMAC- SE2□□□	Learning about the operat- ing procedures and func- tions of the Sysmac Studio.	Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series EtherCAT® Coupler Unit User's Man- ual	W519	NX-ECC	Learning how to use an NX- series EtherCAT Coupler Unit and EtherCAT Slave Terminals.	The following items are described: the overall sys- tem and configuration methods of an EtherCAT Slave Terminal (which consists of an NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit and NX Units), and infor- mation on hardware, setup, and functions to set up, control, and monitor NX Units through Ether- CAT.
NA-series Programma- ble Terminal Software User's Manual	V118	NA5- □₩□□□□	Learning about NA-series PT pages and object func- tions.	Describes the pages and object functions of the NA-series Programmable Terminals.
NS-series Programmable Terminals Programming Manual	V073	NS15-0000 NS12-0000 NS10-0000 NS8-0000 NS5-0000	Learning how to use the NS-series Programmable Terminals.	Describes the setup methods, functions, etc. of the NS-series Programmable Terminals.

Terminology

Term	Description
absolute encoder home offset	This data is used to restore in the CPU Unit the actual position of a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder. The offset is the difference between the command position after homing and the absolute data that is read from the absolute encoder.
array specification	One of the variable specifications. An array variable contains multiple elements of the same data type. The elements in the array are specified by serial numbers called subscripts that start from the beginning of the array.
AT	One of the attributes of a variable. This attribute allows the user to specify what is assigned to a variable. An I/O port or an address in memory used for CJ-series Units can be specified.
axes group	A functional unit that groups together axes within the Motion Control Function Mod- ule.
Axes Group Variable	A system-defined variable that is defined as a structure and provides status infor- mation and some of the axes parameters for an individual axes group. An Axes Group Variable is used to specify an axes group for motion control instruc- tions and to monitor the command interpolation velocity, error information, and other information for the axes group.
axis	A functional unit within the Motion Control Function Module. An axis is assigned to the drive mechanism in an external Servo Drive or the sensing mechanism in an external Encoder Input Slave Unit.
Axis Variable	A system-defined variable that is defined as a structure and provides status infor- mation and some of the axis parameters for an individual axis. An Axis Variable is used to specify an axis for motion control instructions and to monitor the command position, error information, and other information for the axis.
basic data type	Any of the data types that are defined by IEC 61131-3. They include Boolean, bit string, integer, real, duration, date, time of day, date and time, and text string data types. "Basic data type" is used as opposed to derivative data types, which are defined by the user.
cam data variable	A variable that represents the cam data as a structure array. A cam data variable is an array structure that consists of phases and displace- ments.
CJ-series Unit	Any of the CJ-series Units that can be used with an NJ-series Controller.
Communications Coupler Unit	The generic name of an interface unit for remote I/O communications on a network between NX Units and a host network master. For example, an EtherCAT Coupler Unit is a Communications Coupler Unit for an EtherCAT network.
Constant	One of the attributes of a variable. If you specify the Constant attribute for a variable, the value of the variable cannot be written by any instructions, ST operators, or CIP message communications.
Controller	The range of devices that are directly controlled by the CPU Unit. In the NJ-series System, the Controller includes the CPU Rack, Expansion Racks, and EtherCAT slaves (including general-purpose slaves and Servo Drives).
Controller error	Errors that are defined by the NJ-series System. "Controller error" is a collective term for major fault level, partial fault level, minor fault level, and observation Controller events.
Controller event	One of the events in the NJ-series System. Controller events are errors and infor- mation that are defined by the system for user notification. A Controller event occurs when the system detects a factor that is defined as a Controller event.
Controller information	Information that is defined by the NJ-series System that is not an error. It represents an information Controller event.
CPU Unit	The Unit that serves as the center of control for a Machine Automation Controller. The CPU Unit executes tasks, refreshes I/O for other Units and slaves, etc. The NJ/NX-series CPU Units include the NX701-DDD, NX1P2-DDD and NJ501- DDD.
derivative data type	A data type that is defined by the user. Structures, unions, and enumerations are derivative data types.

Term	Description
device	A general term for any Unit or slave that is refreshed by the I/O refreshing that is performed by the CPU Unit. Specifically, it refers to EtherCAT slaves, NX Units on the CPU Unit, built-in I/O, Option Boards, and CJ-series Units.
device output	An output for any Unit or slave that is refreshed by the I/O refreshing that is per- formed by the CPU Unit.
device variable	A variable that is used to access a specific device through an I/O port.
download	To transfer data from the Sysmac Studio to the Controller with the synchronization operation of the Sysmac Studio.
edge	One of the attributes of a variable. This attribute makes a BOOL variable pass TRUE to a function block when the vari- able changes from FALSE to TRUE or when it changes from TRUE to FALSE.
enumeration	One of the derivative data types. This data type takes one item from a prepared name list of enumerators as its value.
enumerator	One of the values that an enumeration can take expressed as a character string. The value of an enumeration is one of the enumerators.
EtherCAT Master Function Module	One of the function modules. This function module controls the EtherCAT slaves as the EtherCAT master.
EtherNet/IP Function Module	One of the function modules. This function module controls the built-in EtherNet/IP port.
event log	A function that recognizes and records errors and other events.
Event Setup	Settings that define user-defined errors and user-defined information.
event task	A task that executes a user program only once when the task execution conditions are met.
FB	An acronym for "function block."
forced refreshing	Forcing the refreshing of an input from an external device or an output to an exter- nal device, e.g., when the user debugs a program. Addresses that are subject to forced refreshing can still be overwritten from the user program.
FUN	An abbreviation for "function."
function	A POU that is used to create an object that determines a unique output for the same input, such as for data processing.
function block	A POU that is used to create an object that can have a different output for the same input, such as for a timer or counter.
function module	One of the functional units of the software configuration of the CPU Unit.
general-purpose slave	Any of the EtherCAT slaves that cannot be assigned to an axis.
global variable	A variable that can be read or written from all POUs (programs, functions, and func- tion blocks).
I/O map settings	Settings that assign variables to I/O ports. Assignment information between I/O ports and variables.
I/O port	A logical interface that is used by the CPU Unit to exchange data with an external device (slave or Unit).
I/O refreshing	Cyclic data exchange with external devices that is performed with predetermined memory addresses.
information	One of the event levels for Controller events or user-defined events. These are not errors, but appear in the event log to notify the user of specific information.
Initial Value	 One of the attributes of a variable. The variable is set to the initial value in the following situations. When power is turned ON When the CPU Unit changes to RUN mode When you specify to initialize the values when the user program is transferred When a major fault level Controller error occurs
inline ST	ST programming that is included within a ladder diagram program.
instruction	The smallest unit of the processing elements that are provided by OMRON for use in POU algorithms. There are ladder diagram instructions (program inputs and outputs), function instructions, function block instructions, and ST statements.
literal	A constant expression that is used in a user program.

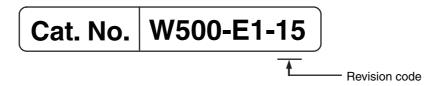
Term	Description
local variable	A variable that can be accessed only from inside the POU in which it is defined.
	"Local variable" is used as opposed to "global variable."
	Local variables include internal variables, input variables, output variables, in-out variables, and external variables.
main memory	The memory inside the CPU Unit that is used by the CPU Unit to execute the OS and user program.
major fault level Controller error	An error for which all NJ-series Controller control operations stop. The CPU Unit immediately stops user program execution and turns OFF the loads for all slaves and Units (including remote I/O).
MC Test Run	A function to check motor operation and wiring from the Sysmac Studio.
memory used for CJ-series units	One type of I/O memory in an NX1P2 CPU Unit and NJ-series CPU Unit. It contains
	addresses that can be directly specified by the user. It can be accessed only with variables with an AT attribute. This memory is used to access CJ-series Units and CJ-series networks. However, you cannot connect the CJ-series Units to the NX1P2 CPU Units.
minor fault level Controller error	 An error for which part of the control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ-series Controller stop. An NJ-series CPU Unit continues operation even after a minor fault level Controller error occurs.
Motion Control Function Module	One of the function modules. The MC Function Module performs motion control based on commands from the motion control instructions that are executed in the user program.
motion control instruction	A function block instruction that executes motion control. The Motion Control Function Module supports instructions that are based on func- tion blocks for PLCopen [®] motion control as well as instructions developed specifi- cally for the Motion Control Function Module.
namespace	A system that is used to group and nest the names of functions, function block defi- nitions, and data types.
Network Publish	One of the attributes of a variable. This attribute allows you to use CIP message communications or tag data links to read/write variables from another Controller or from a host computer.
NX bus	The NX-series internal bus. An NX1P2 CPU Unit has the NX bus.
NX Units	Any of the NX-series Units that perform I/O processing with connected external devices. The Communications Coupler Units are not included with the NX Units.
observation	One of the event levels for Controller events or user-defined events.
	These are minor errors that do not affect control operations, but appear in the event log to notify the user of specific information.
partial fault level Controller error	 An error for which all of the control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ-series Controller stop. An NJ-series CPU Unit continues operation even after a partial fault level Controller error.
PDO communications	An abbreviation for process data communications. Data is exchanged between the master and slaves on a process data communications cycle. (The process data communications cycle is the same as the task period of the primary periodic task.)
periodic task	A tasks for which user program execution and I/O refreshing are performed each period.
PLC Function Module	One of the function modules. This function module executes the user program, sends commands to the Motion Control Function Module, and provides an interface to the USB and SD Memory Card.
POU	 An acronym for "program organization unit." A POU is a unit in a program execution model that is defined in IEC 61131-3. A POU contains an algorithm and a local variable table and forms the basic unit used to build a user program. There are three types of POUs: programs, functions, and function blocks.
primary periodic task	The task with the highest priority.
process data communications	One type of EtherCAT communications in which process data objects (PDOs) are used to exchange information cyclically and in realtime. Process data communications are also called PDO communications.

Term	Description
program	Along with functions and function blocks, one of the three types of POUs. Programs are assigned to tasks to execute them.
Range Specification	One of the variable specifications. You can specify a range for a variable in advance. The variable can take only values that are in the specified range.
Retain	One of the attributes of a variable. The values of variables with a Retain attribute are held at the following times. (Variables without a Retain attribute are set to their initial values.)
	When power is turned ON after a power interruptionWhen the CPU Unit changes to RUN mode
	When you specify to not initialize the values when the user program is transferred
SDO communications	One type of EtherCAT communications in which service data objects (SDOs) are used to transmit information whenever required.
Servo Drive/encoder input slave	Any of the EtherCAT slaves that is assigned to an axis. In the NJ-series System, it would be a Servo Drive or Encoder Input Slave Unit.
slave	A device that performs remote I/O for a master.
slave and Unit configurations	A generic term for the EtherCAT configuration and Unit configuration.
Slave Terminal	A building-block remote I/O terminal to which a Communications Coupler Unit and NX Units are mounted. A Slave Terminal is one type of slave.
Special Unit Setup	A generic term for the settings for a Special Unit, including the settings in allocated DM Area words.
structure	One of the derivative data types. It consists of multiple data types placed together into a layered structure.
synchronization	A function that automatically compares the information in the NJ-series Controller with the information in the Sysmac Studio, displays any differences and locations in a hierarchical form, and can be used to synchronize the information.
Sysmac Studio	A computer software application for setting, programming, debugging, and trouble- shooting NJ-series Controllers. It also provides operations for motion control and a Simulator.
system common processing	System processing that is performed by the CPU Unit to perform I/O refreshing and the user program execution within a task. Exclusive control of variables between tasks, data trace processing, and other processing is performed.
system service	Processing that is performed by the CPU Unit in unused time between task pro- cessing. The system service includes communications processing, SD Memory Card access processing, self-diagnosis processing, and other processing.
system-defined variable	A variable for which all attributes are defined by the system and cannot be changed by the user.
task	An attribute that defines when a program is executed.
task period	The interval at which the primary periodic task or a periodic task is executed.
union	One of the derivative data types. It allows you to handle the same data as different data types.
Unit	A device that mounts to the CPU Rack or an Expansion Rack. In NJ-series manuals, it refers to CJ-series Units.
Unit configuration	The configuration information for the Units that are set on the Sysmac Studio. This information tells what Unit models are connected to the CPU Unit and where they are connected.
upload	To transfer data from the Controller to the Sysmac Studio with the synchronization operation of the Sysmac Studio.
user program	All of the programs in one project.
user-defined event	One of the events in the NJ-series System. These events are defined by the user. "User-defined events" is a generic term for user-defined errors and user-defined information.
user-defined variable	A variable for which all of the attributes are defined by the user and can be changed by the user.
variable	 A representation of data, such as a numeric value or character string, that is used in a user program. You can change the value of a variable by assigned the required value. "Variable" is used as opposed to "constant," for which the value does not change.

Term	Description
variable memory	A memory area that contains the present values of variables that do not have AT
	specifications. It can be accessed only with variables without an AT attribute.

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



Revision code	Date	Revised content
01	July 2011	Original production
02	March 2012	 Added information on the NJ301-
		 Added information on the functions supported by unit version 1.01 of the CPU Units.
		Corrected mistakes.
03	May 2012	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.02 of the CPU Unit.
04	August 2012	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.03 of the CPU Unit.
05	February 2013	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.04 of the CPU Unit.
06	April 2013	 Added information on the NJ501-1 20.
		 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.05 of the CPU Unit.
07	June 2013	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.06 of the CPU Unit.
08	September 2013	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.07 of the CPU Unit.
09	December 2013	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.08 of the CPU Unit.
10	July 2014	Corrected mistakes.
11	January 2015	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.10 of the CPU Unit.
		Corrected mistakes.
12	April 2015	 Added information on the NJ101-
		Corrected mistakes.
13	October 2015	 Added information on the hardware revision.
		Corrected mistakes.
14	April 2016	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.11 of the CPU Unit.
15	October 2016	 Made changes accompanying release of unit version 1.13 of the CPU Unit.

Introduction to NJ-series Controllers

This section describes the features, basic system configuration, specifications, and overall operating procedure of an NJ-series Controller.

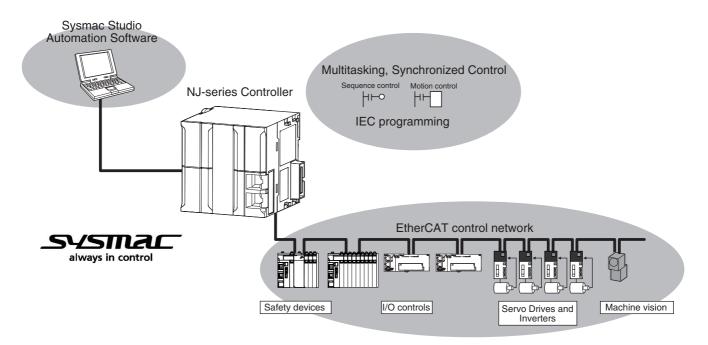
1-1	The N.	I-series Controllers 1 [,]	-2
	1-1-1	Features 1	-2
	1-1-2	Introduction to the System Configurations 1	-4
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	1-3-1	Overall Procedure 1-	11
	1-3-2	Procedure Details 1-	12

1-1 The NJ-series Controllers

The SYSMAC NJ-series Controllers are next-generation machine automation controllers that provide the functionality and high-speed performance that are required for machine control. They provide the safety, reliability, and maintainability that are required of industrial controllers.

The NJ-series Controllers provide the functionality of previous OMRON PLCs, and they also provide the functionality that is required for motion control. Synchronized control of I/O devices on high-speed EtherCAT can be applied to safety devices, vision systems, motion equipment, discrete I/O, and more.

OMRON offers the new Sysmac Series of control devices designed with unified communications specifications and user interface specifications. The NJ-series Machine Automation Controllers are part of the Sysmac Series. You can use them together with EtherCAT slaves, other Sysmac products, and the Sysmac Studio Automation Software to achieve optimum functionality and ease of operation. With a system that is created from Sysmac products, you can connect components and commission the system through unified concepts and usability.



1-1-1 Features

Hardware Features

• Standard-feature EtherCAT Control Network Support

All CPU Units provide an EtherCAT master port for EtherCAT communications. EtherCAT is an advanced industrial network system that achieves faster, more-efficient communications. It is based on Ethernet. Each node achieves a short fixed communications cycle time by transmitting Ethernet frames at high speed. The standard-feature EtherCAT control network allows you to connect all of the devices required for machine control (e.g., I/O systems, Servo Drives, Inverters, and machine vision) to the same network.

Support for EtherCAT Slave Terminals

You can use EtherCAT Slave Terminals to save space. You can also flexibly build systems with the wide variety of NX Units.

• Achieving a Safety Subsystem on EtherCAT

You can use NX-series Safety Control Units to integrate safety controls in a sequence and motion control system as a subsystem on EtherCAT.

Version Information

A CPU Unit with unit version 1.06 or later and Sysmac Studio version 1.07 or higher are required to use the NX-series Safety Control Units.

CJ-series Units

In addition to EtherCAT network slaves, you can also mount CJ-series Basic I/O Units and Special Units on the I/O bus.

Standard-feature EtherNet/IP Communications Port

All CPU Units provide an EtherNet/IP port for EtherNet/IP communications. EtherNet/IP is a multivendor industrial network that uses Ethernet. You can use it for networks between Controllers or as a field network. The use of standard Ethernet technology allows you to connect to many different types of general-purpose Ethernet devices.

• Standard-feature USB Port

You can connect the computer that runs the Support Software directly to the CPU Unit.

Standard-feature SD Memory Card Slot

You can access an SD Memory Card that is mounted in the CPU Unit from the user program.

• Highly Reliable Hardware

The NJ-series Controllers provide the hardware reliability and RAS functions that you expect of a PLC.

Software Features

Integrated Sequence Control and Motion Control

An NJ-series CPU Unit can perform both sequence control and motion control. You can simultaneously achieve both sequence control and multi-axes synchronized control. Sequence control, motion control, and I/O refreshing are all executed in the same control period. The same control period is also used for the process data communications cycle for EtherCAT. This enables precise sequence and motion control in a fixed period with very little deviation.

Multitasking

You assign I/O refreshing and programs to tasks and then specify execution conditions and execution order for them to flexibly combine controls that suit the application.

Programming Languages Based on the IEC 61131-3 International Standard

The NJ-series Controllers support language specifications that are based on IEC 61131-3. To these, OMRON has added our own improvements. Motion control instructions that are based on PLCo-pen[®] standards and an instruction set (POUs) that follows IEC rules are provided.

Programming with Variables to Eliminate Worrying about the Memory Map

You access all data through variables in the same way as for the advanced programming languages that are used on computers. Memory in the CPU Unit is automatically assigned to the variables that you create so that you do not have to remember the physical addresses.

• A Wealth of Security Features

The many security features of the NJ-series Controllers include operation authority settings and restriction of program execution with IDs.

Complete Controller Monitoring

The CPU Unit monitors events in all parts of the Controller, including mounted Units and EtherCAT slaves. Troubleshooting information for errors is displayed on the Sysmac Studio or on an NS-series PT. Events are also recorded in logs.

Sysmac Studio Automation Software

The Sysmac Studio provides an integrated development environment that covers not only the Controller, but also covers peripheral devices and devices on EtherCAT. You can use consistent procedures for all devices regardless of the differences in the devices. The Sysmac Studio supports all phases of Controller application, from designing through debugging, simulations, commissioning, and changes during operation.

A Wealth of Simulation Features

The many simulation features include execution, debugging, and task execution time estimates on a virtual controller.

1-1-2 Introduction to the System Configurations

The NJ Series supports the following system configurations.

Basic System Configurations

The NJ-series basic configurations include the EtherCAT network configuration, CJ-series Unit configuration, and the Support Software.

EtherCAT Network Configuration

You can use the built-in EtherCAT port to connect to EtherCAT Slave Terminals, to general-purpose slaves for analog and digital I/O, and to Servo Drives and encoder input slaves. An EtherCAT network configuration enables precise sequence and motion control in a fixed cycle with very little deviation.

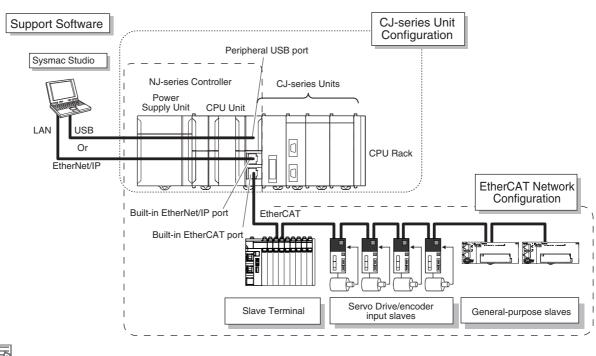
CJ-series Unit Configuration

In addition to the EtherCAT network, you can mount CJ-series Basic I/O Units and Special Units. CJseries Units can be mounted both to the CPU Rack where the CPU Unit is mounted and to Expansion Racks.

Support Software

The Support Software is connected to the peripheral USB port on the CPU Unit with a commercially available USB cable. You can also connect it through an Ethernet cable that is connected to the built-in EtherNet/IP port.

Refer to 3-7-2 Connection for details on the connection configuration of the Support Software.

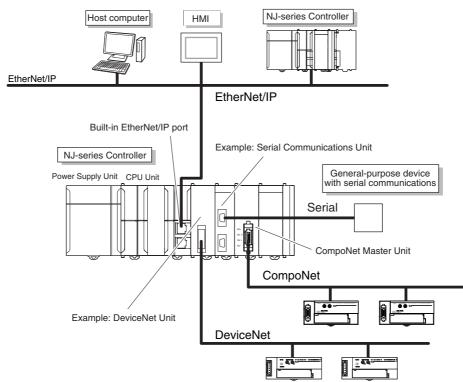


Additional Information

You can connect the Sysmac Studio directly to the Communications Coupler Unit to set up the Slave Terminal. Refer to the *NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W519) for details.

Network Configurations

- Host computers, HMIs, and other NJ-series Controllers are connected to the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the CPU Unit or to a CJ1W-EIP21 EtherNet/IP Unit.
- A DeviceNet network is connected to a DeviceNet Unit. A serial communications network is connected to a Serial Communications Unit.



Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) for details on the network configuration.

Support Software

You can use the following Support Software to set up, monitor, and debug an NJ-series Controller.

Sysmac Studio

The Sysmac Studio is the main Support Software that you use for an NJ-series Controller. On it, you can set up the Controller configurations, parameters, and programs, and you can debug and simulate operation.

Other Support Software

The following Support Software is also included in the Sysmac Studio Software Package Standard Edition.

Configuration software	Application
Sysmac Studio	The Sysmac Studio is used for sequence control, motion control, and all other operations except those described below.
Network Configurator	The Network Configurator is used for tag data links on EtherNet/IP ports or Units.*1
CX-Integrator	The CX-Integrator is used for remote I/O communications with a DeviceNet Unit or CompoNet Master Unit.
CX-Protocol	The CX-Protocol is used for protocol macros with Serial Communications Units.
CX-Designer	The CX-Designer is used to create screens for NS-series PTs.

*1 If the NJ/NX-series Controller is a target device, you may also use Sysmac Studio version 1.10 or higher. Use the Network Configurator if a CS/CJ-series PLC operates as the originator device.

1-2 Specifications

This section gives the main specifications of the NJ-series Controllers.

					NJ501-		NJ	301-	NJ101-	
		Item		□5□□	□4□□	□3□□	12□□	11□□	10□□	90□□
Process-	Instruction	LD instruct	ion	1.2 ns (1.9 r	ns or less) ^{*1}		2.0 ns (3.0 r	ns or less)	3.3 ns (5.0	ns or less)
ing time	execution times	Math instru real data)	ctions (for long	26 ns or mo	re ^{*2}		42 ns or mo	re	re 70 ns or mo	
		Size		20 MB			5 MB		3 MB	
	Program capacity ^{*3}	Quantitu	Number of POU definitions	3,000			750 450		450	
	cupuony	Quantity	Number of POU instances	9,000*	9,000*			3,000* 1,800		
	-	Retain	Size	2 MB			0.5 MB		•	
	Memory	attri- butes ^{*4}	Number of vari- ables	10,000			5,000*			
Dreaman	capacity for variables	No Retain	Size	4 MB			2 MB			
Program- ming		attri- butes ^{*5}	Number of vari- ables	90,000			22,500			
	Data types	Number of	data types	2,000			1,000			
	Memory for	CIO Area		6,144 words	G (CIO 0 to CIO	D 6143)	•			
	CJ-series Units (Can	Work Area		512 words (W0 to W511)					
	be speci-	Holding Area		1,536 words	6 (H0 to H1535	5)				
	fied with AT	DM Area		32,768 word	ls (D0 to D327	767)				
	specifica- tions for variables.)	EM Area		32,768 word to E18_327	ls × 25 banks 67)	s (E0_00000	_00000 32,768 words × 4 banks (E0_00000 to			E3_32767)
		Maximum r trolled axes	number of con-	64 axes	32 axes	16 axes	15 axes (*) 6 axes			
			Motion control axes	64 axes	32 axes	16 axes	15 axes (*)		6 axes	
			Single-axis posi- tion control axes						·	
		Maximum r real axes	umber of used	64 axes	32 axes	16 axes	8 axes	4 axes	2 axes	
	Number of controlled axes ^{*6}		Used motion control servo axes	64 axes	32 axes	16 axes	8 axes	4 axes	2 axes	
			Used single-axis position control servo axes							
Motion control			number of axes for polation axis con-	4 axes per axes group						
			axes for circular on axis control	2 axes per axes group						
	Maximum nu	mber of axes	groups	32 axes gro	ups					
	Motion contr	ol period		The same control period as that is used for the process data communications cycle for EtherCAT.						
		Number	Maximum points per cam table	65,535 poin	ts					
	Cams	of cam data points	Maximum points for all cam tables	1,048,560 p	1,048,560 points 262,140 points					
		Maximum n tables	Maximum number of cam		640 tables 160 tables					
	Position unit	s		Pulse, mm,	μm, nm, degre	ee, and inch	•			
	Override fact	ors		0.00% or 0.	01% to 500.00	1%				

		Item			NJ501-		NJ301-		NJ101-		
		nem		□5□□	□4□□	□3□□	12□□	11□□	10□□	90□□	
Periph-	Supported se	ervices		Sysmac Stud	io connectio	ו					
eral USB	Physical laye	r		USB 2.0-com	pliant B-type	connector			10		
port	Transmission	distance		5 m max.							
	Number of ports			1							
	Physical laye	r		10BASE-T/10	00BASE-TX						
	Frame length			1,514 bytes n	nax.						
	Media access method			CSMA/CD							
	Modulation			Baseband							
	Topology			Star							
	Baud rate			100 Mbps (10	00Base-TX)						
	Transmission	media		STP (shielded	d, twisted-pa	ir) cable of Eth	nernet catego	ry 5, 5e or higl	her		
	Maximum transmission distance between Ethernet switch and node			100 m							
	Maximum nui	mber of casca	ade connections	There are no	restrictions i	f an Ethernet s	switch is used	l.			
		Maximum n tions	umber of connec-	32							
		Packet interval*7		Can be set fo	r each conne	ection.					
				1 to 10,000 m	ns in 1-ms ind	crements (*)					
		Permissible band	e communications	3,000 pps ^{*8} (including heartbeat) (*)							
		Maximum n	umber of tag sets	32							
Built-in	CIP ser-	Tag types		Network variables, CIO, Work, Holding, DM, and EM Areas							
Ether- Net/IP	vice: Tag data links (cyclic com-	Number of tags per connec- tion (i.e., per tag set)		8 (7 tags if Controller status is included in the tag set.)							
port	munica-	Maximum number of tags		256							
	tions)	Maximum link data size per node (total size for all tags)		19,200 bytes							
		Maximum data size per con- nection		600 bytes							
		Maximum number of registra- ble tag sets		32 (1 connection = 1 tag set)							
		Maximum ta	Maximum tag set size		600 bytes (Two bytes are used if Controller status is included in the tag set.)						
		Multi-cast p	Multi-cast packet filter*9		Supported						
		Class 3 (nu tions)	mber of connec-	32 (clients plus server)							
	CIP mes- sage ser- vice: Explicit	UCMM (non-con- UCDM (non-con- UCM (non-con- UCM (non-con- UCM (non-con- UCM (non-con- UCM (non-con- UCM) (non-con- UCM) (non-con- UCM) (non- Con- UCM) (non- Con- Con- Con- Con- Con- Con- Con-		32							
	messages	nection type)	Maximum num- ber of servers that can commu- nicate at one time	32							
	Number of TO	CP sockets		30 (*)							

Item			NJ501-		NJ	NJ301- NJ10		101-		
		Item		□5□□	41	□3□□	12□□	11□□	10□□	90□□
	Communicati	ons standard	l	IEC 61158 T	ype12					
	EtherCAT mas	ster specifica	ntions	Class B (Feature Pack Motion Control compliant)						
	Physical laye	r		100BASE-TX						
	Modulation			Baseband						
	Baud rate			100 Mbps (1	00Base-TX)					
	Duplex mode			Auto						
	Тороlоду			Line, daisy c	hain, and bra	nching				
Built-in	Transmission media			Twisted-pair and braiding		gory 5 or high	er (double-shi	ielded straight	cable with alu	iminum tape
EtherCAT port	Maximum trai nodes	nsmission di	stance between	100 m						
	Maximum nur	nber of slave	s	192					64	
	Range of nod	e addresses	that can be set	1 to 192						
	Maximum process data size			Inputs: 5,736 Outputs: 5,7	-					
				However, the	e maximum nı	umber of proce	ess data fram	es is 4.		
	Maximum process data size per slave			Inputs: 1,434 Outputs: 1,4	-					
	Communications cycle			500, 1,000, 2	2,000, or 4,00	0 μs (*)			1,000, 2,000), or 4,000 μs
	Sync jitter			1 μs max.						
Serial	Communications method									
cations	Synchronization method									
	Baud rate									
	Maximum number of CJ Unit per CPU Rack or Expansion Rack			10						
	Maximum number of	Maximum number of NX Units per CPU Rack								
	connect- able Units	Maximum number of CJ Units for entire controller		40						
Unit con- figuration		Maximum number of NX Units for entire controller		4,096 (On EtherCA	T Slave Term	inals)			400 (On EtherCa minals)	AT Slave Ter-
ngurution	Maximum nur	number of Expansion Racks		3						
	I/O capacity		umber of I/O J-series Units	2,560						
	Power Sup-	Model		NJ-P□3001						
	ply Unit for CPU Rack	Power OFF	AC power sup- ply	30 to 45 ms						
	and Expan- sion Racks	detection time	DC power sup- ply	22 to 25 ms						
Option Board	Number of slo	ots								
	Input	Number of	points							
Built-in I/O	0. tr. i	Number of	points							
	Output	Load short-	circuit protection							
Internal clock	Accuracy			At ambient to	emperature of	f 55°C: –3.5 to f 25°C: −1.5 to f 0°C: –3 to +	o +1.5 min er	ror per month		
	Retention tim	e of built-in c	apacitor							

When the hardware revision for the Unit is A, the processing time is 1.1 ns (1.7 ns or less). When the hardware revision for the Unit is A, the value is 24 ns or more. *1

*2 *4 *5 *6 *7 *8

Execution objects and variable tables (including variable names)

Does not include Holding, DM, and EM Area memory for CJ-series Units. Does not include CIO and Work Area memory for CJ-series Units. Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507) for descriptions of axes. Data will be refreshed at the set interval, regardless of the number of nodes. "pps" means packets per second, i.e., the number of communications packets that can be sent or received in one second.

As the EtherNet/IP port implements the IGMP client, unnecessary multi-cast packets can be filtered by using an Ethernet switch that supports IGMP Snoop-ing. *9

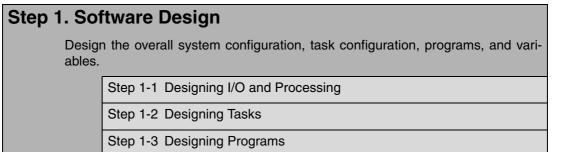
Note Items that are marked with asterisks in the table are improvements that were made during version upgrades. Refer to *A*-*7 Version Information* for information on version upgrades.

1-3 Overall Operating Procedure for the NJ-series Controller

This section gives the overall operating procedure of the NJ-series Controllers and then describes it in more detail.

1-3-1 Overall Procedure

The overall procedure to use an NJ-series Controller is given below.



Step 2. Software Setups and Programming

Create the system configurations that you designed in step 1 on the Support Software and assign the variables. Create the tasks and programs, and debug them, e.g., with simulations.

Step 2-1 Slave and Unit Configurations

Step 2-2 Controller Setup

Step 2-3 Programming

Step 2-4 Offline Debugging

Step 3. Mounting and Setting Hardware

Mount the Units and make the required hardware settings.

Step 4. Wiring

Connect the network cables and wire the I/O.

Step 5. Confirming Operation and Starting Actual System Operation

Connect the Support Software to the physical system and download the project. Check operation on the physical system and then start actual system operation.

1-3-2 Procedure Details

Step 1. Software Design

Step	Description	Reference
Step 1-1 Designing I/O and Processing	 External I/O devices and unit configuration Refresh periods for external devices Program contents 	Section 3 Configuration Units (page 3-1)

Step 1-2
Designing Tasks• Task configuration
• Relationship between tasks and programs
• Task periods
• Slave and Unit refresh times
• Exclusive control methods for variables between tasksNJ/NX-series CPU Unit
Software User's Manual
(Cat. No. W501)

Step 1-3 Designing Pro- grams		
POU (Program Organization Unit) Design	ProgramsFunctions and function blocksDetermining the algorithm languages	<i>NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)
Variable Design	 Defining variables that you can use in more than one POU and variables that you use in only specific POUs Defining the variables names for the device variables that you use to access slaves and Units Defining the attributes of variables, such as the Name and Retain attributes Designing the data types of variables 	<i>NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)

Step 2. Software Setups and Programming

Step	Description	Sysmac Studio Oper- ations	Reference
Project Creation	 Create a project in the Sysmac Studio. Insert a Controller. 	New Project Button Insert – Controller	<i>Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual</i> (Cat. No. W504)

NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (W500)

T

1

The following Controller Configurations and Setup and the Programming and Task Settings can be performed in either order.

T

Step 2-1 Slave and Unit Configurations			
1) Creating the Slave and Unit Configura- tions	 Creating the slave configuration and Unit configuration either offline or online. (For online configuration, make the online connection that is described in step 5.) Setting up any Slave Terminals that are used. 	EtherCAT Slave Setting Editor Unit Editor	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) NX-series EtherCAT Cou- pler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W519)
•			

2) Assigning Device Registering device variables in variable tables to I/O Ports Registering device variables in variable tables (Variable names are user defined or automatically created.)	І/О Мар	<i>NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)
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(The following step is for motion control.)

3) Creating the Axes and Assigning Them to the Servo Drive/Encoder Input Slaves	Creating the axes and setting them as real axes or virtual axes. Creating axes groups to perform interpolated axes control.	Configurations and Setup – Motion Con- trol Setup	<i>NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)
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Step 2-2 Controller Setup	Setting the sysmac Stu	following parameters from the Idio		NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual
	-	the initial values for the PLC on Module	Configurations and Setup – Controller Setup – Operation Settings	(Cat. No. W501)
	Initial s	ettings for Special Units	Configurations and Setup – CPU/Expan- sion Racks	
	Setting	e motion control) y the initial settings for the Control Function Module	Configurations and Setup – Motion Con- trol Setup	
		the initial values for the Ether- unction Module	Configurations and Setup – EtherCAT	
		the initial values for the Ether- Function Module	Configurations and Setup – Controller Setup – Built-in Ether- Net/IP Port Settings	



Step 2-3 Programming			
1) Registering Vari- ables	 Registering the variables used by more than one POU in the global variable table with Sysmac Studio Registering the local variable table for each program Registering the local variable table for each function block and function 	Global Variable Table Editor Local Variable Table Editor	Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)
2) Writing Algorithms for POUs	Writing the algorithms for the POUs (pro- grams, function blocks, and functions) in the required languages	Programming Editor	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502) and NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W508)
3) Setting the Tasks	Making task settings	Configurations and Setup – Task Settings	<i>NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)

Step 2-4 Offline Debugging	Checking the algorithms and task execu- tion times on the Simulator (virtual control- ler)	<i>NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)

Step 3. Mounting and Setting Hardware				
Step	Description	Reference		
1. Mounting	Connecting adjacent UnitsMounting to DIN Track	<i>4-3 Mounting Units</i> (page 4-9)		
2. Setting Hardware	 Setting the node addresses of the EtherCAT slaves Setting unit numbers on the rotary switches on the front of the Special Units 	Operation manuals for the EtherCAT slaves and Spe- cial Units		

Step 4. Wiring				
Step	Description	Reference		
1. Connecting Ethernet Cable	 Connecting the built-in EtherCAT port Connecting the built-in EtherNet/IP port 	4-4 Wiring (page 4-26)		
2. Wiring I/O	 Wiring I/O to EtherCAT slaves Wiring Basic I/O Units and Special Units 	Operation manuals for Eth- erCAT Slave Units and 4-4 <i>Wiring</i> (page 4-26)		
	Checking wiring	Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)		
3. Connecting the Computer That Runs the Sysmac Studio	 Connecting USB Cable Connecting the built-in EtherNet/IP port 	Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)		

Step 5. Checking Operation and Starting Operation on the Actual System

Step	Description	Sysmac Studio Operations	Reference
1. Online Connec- tion to Sysmac Stu- dio and Project Download	Turn ON the power supply to the Controller and place the Sysmac Studio online. Then, download the project.* (Perform this step before you create the slave configuration or Unit configuration from the mounted Units in step 2-1.)	Controller – Commu- nications Setup Controller – Synchro- nization	<i>NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)

2. Operation Check on Controller	 Check the wiring by using forced refreshing of real I/O from the I/O Map or Watch Tab Page. 	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)
	 For motion control, use the MC Test Run operations in PROGRAM mode to check the wiring. Then check the motor rotation directions for jogging, travel distances for relative positioning (e.g., for electronic gear settings), and hom- ing operation. Change the Controller to RUN mode and check the operation of the user program. 	

3. Actual Controller Operation	Start actual operation.		
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* Use the Synchronize Menu of the Sysmac Studio to download the project.

1 Introduction to NJ-series Controllers

2

System Configuration

This section describes the basic system configuration and devices used for NJ-series Controllers.

2-1	Basic \$	Basic System Configuration 2-2			
	2-1-1	EtherCAT Network Configuration	. 2-4		
	2-1-2	CJ-series Unit Configuration	. 2-5		
2-2	Conne	cting to the Sysmac Studio	2-19		
2-3	Netwo	rk Configuration	2-20		

2-1 Basic System Configuration

System Configuration

An NJ-series Controller supports the following two types of configurations.

(1) Basic Configurations

The basic configurations include the CPU Unit and the Configuration Units that are controlled directly by the CPU Unit. There are two basic configurations.

- EtherCAT network configuration
- CJ-series Unit configuration

(2) Other Network Configurations

These are the configurations of the systems that are connected to the CPU Unit's built-in Ether-Net/IP port and Communications Units.

• EtherCAT Network Configuration

With an NJ-series CPU Unit, you can use an EtherCAT network as a basic system.

With the EtherCAT network system of the NJ-series CPU Unit, the period for sequence processing and motion processing in the CPU Unit is the same as the EtherCAT communications period. This enables high-precision sequence control and motion control with a constant period and little fluctuation.

For information on EtherCAT, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W505).

• CJ-series Unit Configuration

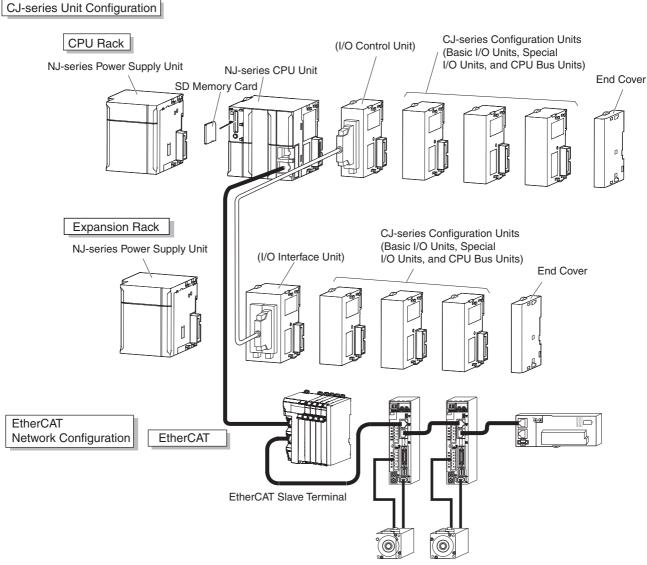
CPU Rack

The CPU Rack consists of the following items.

- NJ-series CPU Unit
- NJ-series Power Supply Unit
- CJ-series Configuration Units^{*}
 CJ-series Basic I/O Units, Special I/O Units, and CPU Bus Units
- I/O Control Unit An I/O Control Unit is required to connect an Expansion Rack.
- End Cover
- * Some CJ-series Configuration Units cannot be used with an NJ-series CPU Unit. Refer to *CJ-series Configuration Units* on page 2-11 for information on the models you can use with an NJ-series CPU Unit.

Expansion Racks

You can connect an Expansion Rack to an NJ-series CPU Rack or to another Expansion Rack. A CPU Unit cannot be mounted to an Expansion Rack. The rest of the configuration is the same as for an NJ-series CPU Rack.



EtherCAT slaves

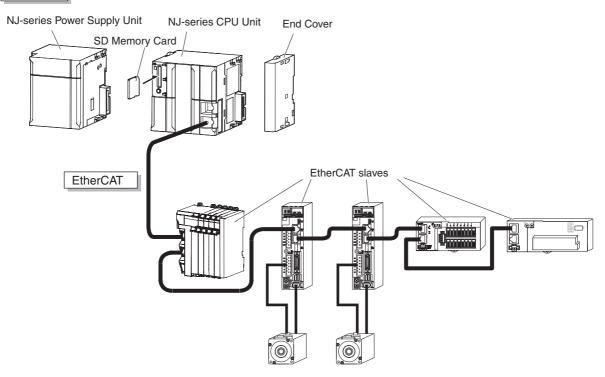
2-1-1 EtherCAT Network Configuration

The EtherCAT network configuration consists of an NJ-series CPU Unit, an NJ-series Power Supply Unit, a CJ-series End Cover, and the EtherCAT slaves.

You use the built-in EtherCAT master port on the NJ-series CPU Unit to connect EtherCAT slaves. For information on the system configuration of an EtherCAT network, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W505).

EtherCAT Network Configuration

CPU Rack

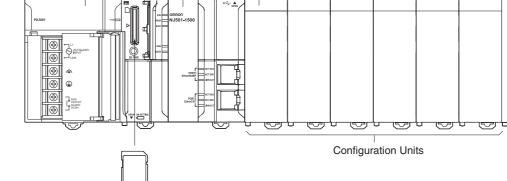


2-1 Basic System Configuration

NJ-series Power NJ-series Supply Unit CPU Unit I/O Control Unit^{*} CJ-series Configuration Units End Cover (10 Units max.)

The CJ-series Unit configuration consists of the CJ-series Units that are connected. It includes the CJ-

The CPU Rack consists of an NJ-series CPU Unit, an NJ-series Power Supply Unit, CJ-series Configuration Units, and a CJ-series End Cover. Up to 10 CJ-series Configuration Units can be con-



SD Memory Card

CJ-series Unit Configuration

series Units on the CPU Rack and Expansion Racks.

2-1-2

CPU Rack

nected.

* The I/O Control Unit is required only to connect an Expansion Rack. It must be connected immediately to the right of the CPU Unit.

Even though the NJ-series Controllers do not have Backplanes, the term "slot" is still used to refer to the location of Units. Slot numbers are assigned in order to Units from left to right on the CPU Rack (slot 0, slot 1, slot 2, etc.).

Name	Configuration	Remarks
NJ-series Units	NJ-series CPU Units (One End Cover is provided with each Unit.)	One required for every CPU Rack.
	NJ-series Power Supply Unit	
	SD Memory Card	Install as required.
CJ-series Units	I/O Control Unit	Required to connect an Expansion Rack. Must be con- nected immediately to the right of the CPU Unit.
	End Cover	Must be connected to the right end of the CPU Rack. One End Cover is provided with the CPU Unit.
		(A Controller error in the major fault level will occur if the End Cover is not connected to the right end.)
	CJ-series Basic I/O Units	A total of up to 10 Units can be connected to the CPU
	CJ-series Special I/O Units	Rack and to each of the Expansion Racks. (A Controller error in the major fault level will occur if 11 or more Units
	CJ-series CPU Bus Units	are connected.)

Units

NJ-series CPU Units

Model	I/O capacity/Maximum number of Configura- tion Units (Maximum	Pro- gram capac-	Memory capacity for	Num- ber of motion	Data- base connec-	GEM Ser-	Robot con-	cons	rrent sump- on	Wei ght	
	number of Expansion Racks)	ity	variables	axes	tion ser- vice	vices	trol	5 VDC	24 VDC	gin	
NJ501-1500	2,560 points/40 Units (3	20 MB	2 MB:	64	Not sup-	Not	Not	1.90		550	
NJ501-1400	Expansion Racks)		Retained during	32	ported.	sup- ported.	sup- ported.	A		g	
NJ501-1300			power inter-	16		porteu.	ponteu.				
NJ501-4500			ruptions.	64			Sup-				
NJ501-4400		4 MB: Not retained	32			ported.					
NJ501-4300			during	16							
NJ501-4310		power inter- ruptions.					$\left \right $				
NJ501-1520			64	Sup-		Not					
NJ501-1420			32	ported.	sup- ported.						
NJ501-1320				16			pontou.				
NJ501-4320							Sup- ported.				
NJ501-1340					Not sup- ported.	Sup- ported.	Not sup-				
NJ301-1200		5 MB	0.5 MB:	8		Not	ported.				
NJ301-1100				Retained during	4		sup-				
NJ101-1000		3 MB	power inter-	2		ported.					
NJ101-9000			ruptions.	0							
NJ101-1020			2 MB: Not	2	Sup-						
NJ101-9020			retained during power inter- ruptions.	0	ported.						

NJ-series Power Supply Units

Model	Power supply	Output	current	Output	RUN	CPU	Expansion	Weight
	voltage	5 VDC	24 VDC	capacity	output	Rack	Racks	weight
NJ-PA3001	100 to 240 VAC	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W	Yes	Yes	Yes	470 g max.
NJ-PD3001	24 VDC	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W	Yes	Yes	Yes	490 g max.

Note A CJ-series Power Supply Unit cannot be used to supply power to an NJ-system CPU Rack or Expansion Rack.

If you connect a CJ-series Power Supply Unit to a CPU Rack, an Incorrect Power Supply Unit Connected error will occur, and the CPU Unit will not operate. The RUN indicator will flash at a 3-s interval and the ERROR indicator will light.

If you connect the Power Supply Unit to an Expansion Rack, operation is performed without error detection. Normal operation, however, may be unstable due to insufficient supplied power. Also, an Internal NJ-series Bus Check Error (i.e., a Controller error in the major fault level) may occur when the power is interrupted.

Note The Power Supply Unit may continue to supply power to the rest of the Controller for a few seconds after the power supply turns OFF and the PWR indicator is lit during this time. If the NJ-series NJ-PD3001 Power Supply Unit is used, confirm that the PWR indicator is not lit when the power supply is tuned ON again after the power supply turns OFF.

Precautions for Safe Use

 Do not use the Power Supply Units in the system beyond the rated supply capacity ranges. Doing so may result in operation stopping, incorrect operation, or failure to correctly back up required data at power interruptions. • Use only NJ-series Power Supply Units on NJ-series CPU Racks and Expansion Racks. Operation is not possible if you use a CJ-series Power Supply Unit with an NJ-series CPU Unit or an NJ-series Power Supply Unit with a CJ-series CPU Unit.

SD Memory Card

Model	Card type	Capacity	Format	Number of over- writes
HMC-SD291	SD Card	2 GB	FAT16	100,000
HMC-SD491	SDHC Card	4 GB	FAT32	100,000

I/O Control Unit

Model	Specifications	Current consump- tion		Weight
		5 VDC	24 VDC	
CJ1W-IC101	An I/O Control Unit is required to connect an NJ-series Expansion Rack to an NJ-series CPU Rack. The I/O Con- trol Unit must be connected immediately to the right of the CPU Unit. Connect to the I/O Interface Unit (CJ1W- II101) on the Expansion Rack with a CS/CJ-series I/O Connecting Cable.	0.02 A		70 g max.

End Cover

Model	Specifications	Current con- sumption	Weight
CJ1W-TER01	The End Cover must be connected to the right end of the NJ-series CPU Rack. (A Controller error in the major fault level will occur if the End Cover is not connected to the right end of the Rack.) One End Cover is provided with the CPU Unit and with an I/O Interface Unit.	Included with the C Expansion Unit.	CPU Unit or

Others

Name	Model	Specifications
DIN Track	PFP-50N	Track length: 50 cm, height: 7.3 mm
	PFP-100N	Track length: 1 m, height: 7.3 mm
	PFP-100N2	Track length: 1 m, height: 16 mm
	PFP-M	Stopper to prevent Units from moving on the track.
		Two each are provided with the CPU Unit and with an I/O Interface Unit.
Connecting cable for peripheral USB port (to connect the Sysmac Studio)	Commercially avail- able USB cable	USB 2.0 certified cable (A connector - B connector), 5.0 m max.
Battery Set	CJ1W-BAT01	For CJ2 CPU Unit
Sysmac Studio Standard Edition	SYSMAC-SE	The Sysmac Studio is a Support Software pack- age that provides an integrated development envi- ronment to design, program, debug, and maintain SYSMAC NJ-series Controllers. The following Support Software is included.
		Sysmac Studio
		Network Configurator
		CX-Integrator
		CX-Protocol
		CX-Designer

Recommended Communications Cables for EtherCAT and EtherNet/IP

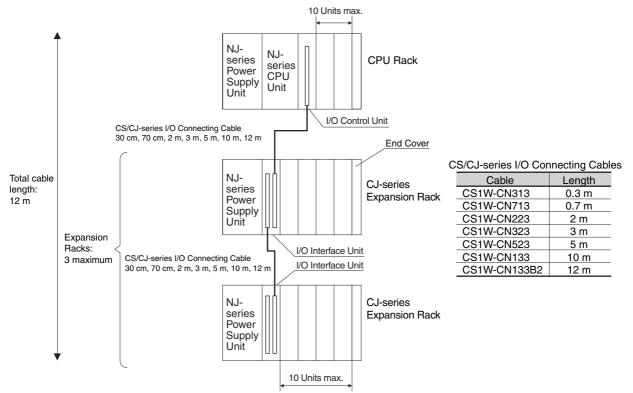
EtherCAT communications are performed in accordance with the 100BASE-TX standard. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W505) for recommended cables.

EtherNet/IP communications are performed in accordance with the 100BASE-TX or 10BASE-T standard. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W506) for recommended cables.

Expansion Racks

CJ-series Expansion Racks can be connected to the CPU Rack to expand the number of Units in the System beyond the CPU Rack. Up to 10 I/O Units can be mounted to each Expansion Rack and a total of 3 Expansion Racks can be connected.

Mount an I/O Control Unit immediately to the right of the CPU Unit, and mount the I/O Interface Unit immediately to the right of the Power Supply Unit on the Expansion Rack. Mounting them in other locations may cause malfunctions.



Use an NJ-series Power Supply Unit as the power supply for an Expansion Rack in an NJ-series System.

A CJ-series Power Supply Unit cannot be used to supply power on an NJ-system Expansion Rack.

2-1-2 CJ-series Unit Configuration

ullet	Maximum	Number	of Expansion	Racks
-------	---------	--------	--------------	-------

Expansion pattern	Maximum number of Racks	Remarks
NJ-series CPU Rack plus CJ-series Expansion Racks	3 Racks	The total length of I/O Connecting Cable between the CPU Rack and an Expansion Rack, and between all Expansion Racks, must be no more than 12 m.

• Units

Units for CJ-series Expansion Racks

Rack	Configuration	Remarks			
NJ-series Expansion Racks	NJ-series Power Supply Unit	One required for each Expansion Rack.*			
	I/O Interface Unit (one End Cover included.)				
	CJ-series Basic I/O Units	A total of up to 10 Units can be connected to the CPU			
	CJ-series Special I/O Units	Rack and to each of the Expansion Racks. (A Controller error in the major fault level will occur if 11 or more			
	CJ-series CPU Bus Units	Units are connected.)			
	End Cover	Must be connected to the right end of the Expansion Rack. (One End Cover is provided with the I/O Interface Unit. A Controller error in the major fault level will occur if the End Cover is not connected to the right end.)			
	CS/CJ-series I/O Connecting Cable	Required to connect the I/O Interface Unit to the I/O Control Unit or previous I/O Interface Unit.			

* A CJ-series I/O Control Unit is required on the NJ-series CPU Rack.

NJ-series Power Supply Units

Model	Power supply voltage	Output current		Output	RUN	CPU	Expan-	
		5 VDC	24 VDC	capacity	output	Rack	sion Racks	Weight
NJ-PA3001	100 to 240 VAC	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W	Yes	Yes	Yes	470 g max.
NJ-PD3001	24 VDC	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W	Yes	Yes	Yes	490 g max.

Note Use an NJ-series Power Supply Unit as the power supply for an NJ-series Expansion Rack. A CJ-series Power Supply Unit cannot be used for an NJ-series Expansion Rack.

I/O Interface Unit

Model	Specifications	Current consump- tion		Weight
		5 VDC	24 VDC	
CJ1W-II101	One Interface Unit is required for each CJ-series Expan- sion Rack. One End Cover is provided with each Unit.	0.13 A		130 g max.*

* Includes the weight of the End Cover.

End Cover					
Model	Specifications		Current con- sumption		
		5 VDC	24 VDC		
CJ1W-TER01	The End Cover must be connected to the right end of the CJ-series Expansion Rack. An End Cover Missing error (a Controller error in the major fault level) will occur if the End Cover is not connected to the right end of the Rack. One End Cover is provided with the CPU Unit and with an I/O Interface Unit.	Included Expansio	with the CF n Unit.	PU Unit or	

CS/CJ-series I/O Connecting Cables

Model	Specifications	Cable length
CS1W-CN313	I/O Interface Unit (CJ1W-II101), or connects an I/O Interface Unit to another I/O Interface Unit.	0.3 m
CS1W-CN713		0.7 m
CS1W-CN223		2 m
CS1W-CN323		3 m
CS1W-CN523		5 m
CS1W-CN133	1	10 m
CS1W-CN133B2		12 m

CJ-series Configuration Units

• Maximum Number of Units

A maximum of 10 Units can be connected to the CPU Rack for an NJ-series CPU Unit or to an Expansion Rack. There are no restrictions in the number of each model of Unit based on location.

Note If you connect more than the maximum number of Units to a CPU Rack or Expansion Rack, an Incorrect Unit/Expansion Rack Connection error (a major fault level Controller error) will occur, and the CPU Unit will not operate.

• Models of Configuration Units

The Configuration Units with which the NJ-series CPU Unit can exchange data are classified into three groups. The number of Units that can be mounted depends on the type of Unit.

Units	Description	Unit identifica- tion method	Number of mountable Units
Basic I/O Units	Basic I/O Units are used for discrete inputs and outputs.	Identified by the CPU Unit accord- ing to mounting position.	Up to 40 Basic I/O Units can be mounted.
Special I/O Units	Special I/O Units are more advanced than Basic I/O Units. They support functions other than dis- crete inputs and outputs. Examples: Analog I/O Units and High-speed Counter Units Special I/O Units have a smaller area for exchanging data with the CPU Unit than CPU Bus Units (including Network Communications Units).	Identified by the CPU Unit using unit numbers 0 to 95 set with the rotary switches on the front panel of the Unit.	Up to 40 Special I/O Units can be mounted. (Depending on the model, 1 to 4 unit numbers are used for one Unit.)
CPU Bus Units	CPU Bus Units are advanced Units that exchange data with the CPU Unit via the CPU bus. Examples: Network Communications Units and Serial Com- munications Units CPU Bus Units have a larger area for exchang- ing data with the CPU Unit than Special I/O Units.	Identified by the CPU Unit using unit number 0 to F set with the rotary switch on the front panel of the Unit.	Up to 16 CPU Bus Units can be mounted.

• CJ-series Configuration Units

CJ-series Basic I/O Units

Input Units

Name	Specifications	Model	Number of bits	Respon	se time ^{*1}		ent con- ition (A)	Weight
			allocated	ON	OFF	5 VDC	24 VDC	
DC Input Units	Terminal block 12 to 24 VDC, 8 inputs	CJ1W-ID201	16	20 μs max.	400 μs max.	0.08		110 g max.
	Terminal block 24 VDC, 16 inputs	CJ1W-ID211	16	20 μs max.	400 μs max.	0.08		110 g max.
		CJ1W-ID212	16	15 μs max.	90 μs max.	0.13		110 g max.
	Fujitsu connector 24 VDC, 32 inputs	CJ1W-ID231*2	32	20 μs max.	400 μs max.	0.09		70 g max.
	MIL connector 24 VDC, 32 inputs	CJ1W-ID232*2	32	20 μs max.	400 μs max.	0.09		70 g max.
		CJ1W-ID233*2	32	15 μs max.	90 μs max.	0.20		70 g max.
	Fujitsu connector 24 VDC, 64 inputs	CJ1W-ID261*2	64	120 μs max.	400 μs max.	0.09		110 g max.
	MIL connector 24 VDC, 64 inputs	CJ1W-ID262*2	64	120 μs max.	400 μs max.	0.09		110 g max.
AC Input Units	Terminal block 200 to 240 VAC, 8 inputs	CJ1W-IA201	16	10 μs max.	40 μs max.	0.08		130 g max.
	Terminal block 100 to 120 VAC, 16 inputs	CJ1W-IA111	16	10 μs max.	40 μs max.	0.09		130 g max.
Interrupt Input Unit	Terminal block 24 VDC, 16 inputs	CJ1W-INT01 ^{*3, *4}	16	0.05 ms max.	0.5 ms max.	0.08		110 g max.
Quick- response Input Unit	Terminal block 24 VDC, 16 inputs	CJ1W-IDP01	16	0.05 ms max.	0.5 ms max.	0.08		110 g max.
B7A Inter- face Units	64 inputs	CJ1W-B7A14	64			0.07		80 g max.

*1 This is the input response time when no filter (i.e., 0 ms) is set. There is no filter setting for the CJ1W-INT01/IDP01. (The time is always 0 ms.)

*2 The cable-side connector is not provided with Units equipped with cables. Purchase the connector separately (Refer to 4-4-4 Wiring CJ-series Basic I/O Units with Connectors.), or use an OMRON Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit or I/O Relay Terminal (Refer to 4-4-5 Connecting to Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units or I/O Relay Terminals.).

*3 An Interrupt Input Unit can be connected only in a CPU Rack. These Units must be mounted to slots 0 to 4 on the CPU Rack. An Incorrect Unit/Expansion Rack Connection error (major fault level Controller error) will occur if an Interrupt Input Unit is connected in other slots on the CPU Rack or to any slots on an Expansion Rack. Up to two Interrupt Input Units can be connected.

*4 Interrupt Input Units can be used as normal Basic I/O Units. They cannot be used to start I/O interrupt tasks.

2

Output Units

Nar	ne	Specifications	Model	Number of bits	Curren	t consumption (A)	Weight
				allocated	5 VDC	24 VDC	j
Relay Outp	out Units	Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 2 A; 8 points, independent con- tacts	CJ1W-OC201	16	0.09	0.048 (0.006 × Number of ON outputs)	140 g max.
		Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 2 A; 16 points	CJ1W-OC211	16	0.11	0.096 (0.006 × Number of ON outputs)	170 g max.
Triac Output Unit		Terminal block, 250 VAC, 0.6 A; 8 points	CJ1W-OA201	16	0.22		150 g max.
Transis- tor Out-	Sinking outputs	Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 2 A; 8 outputs	CJ1W-OD201	16	0.09		110 g max.
put Units		Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 8 outputs	CJ1W-OD203	16	0.10		110 g max.
		Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 16 outputs	CJ1W-OD211*1	16	0.10		110 g max.
		Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 16 outputs	CJ1W-OD213*1	16	0.15		110 g max.
		Fujitsu connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 32 outputs	CJ1W-OD231*2	32	0.14		70 g max.
		MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 32 outputs	CJ1W- OD233 ^{*1*2}	32	0.14		70 g max.
		MIL connector, 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 32 outputs	CJ1W- OD234 ^{*1*2}	32	0.22		70 g max.
		Fujitsu connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A; 64 outputs	CJ1W-OD261*2	64	0.17		110 g max.
		MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A; 64 outputs	CJ1W-OD263*2	64	0.17		110 g max.
	Sourc- ing out- puts	Terminal block, 24 VDC, 2 A; 8 outputs, load short-circuit pro- tection and disconnected line detection	CJ1W-OD202	16	0.11		120 g max.
		Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 8 outputs, load short-circuit pro- tection	CJ1W-OD204	16	0.10		120 g max.
		Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 16 outputs, load short-circuit pro- tection	CJ1W-OD212	16	0.10		120 g max.
		MIL connector, 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 32 outputs, load short-circuit pro- tection	CJ1W-OD232*2	32	0.15		80 g max.
		MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A; 64 outputs	CJ1W-OD262*2	64	0.17		110 g max.
B7A Interfa	ace Units	64 outputs	CJ1W-B7A04	64	0.07		80 g max.

*1 The ON/OFF response time for the CJ1W-OD213/CJ1W-OD234 is shorter than for the CJ1W-OD211/CJ1W-OD233, as shown below.

- ON response time: 0.1 ms improved to 0.015 ms
- OFF response time: 0.8 ms improved to 0.08 ms
- *2 The cable-side connector is not provided with Units equipped with cables. Purchase the connector separately (Refer to 4-4-4 Wiring CJ-series Basic I/O Units with Connectors.), or use an OMRON Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit or I/O Relay Terminal (Refer to 4-4-5 Connecting to Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units or I/O Relay Terminals.).

				Number of	Current	consump-		
Na	me	Specifications	Model	bits allo-		n (A)	Weight	
				cated	5 VDC	24 VDC		
24-VDC Input/ Transis- tor Out- put Units	Sinking	Fujitsu connector Inputs: 24 VDC, 16 inputs Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 16 outputs	CJ1W-MD231*	32	0.13		90 g max.	
		Fujitsu connector	CJ1W-MD261*	64	0.14		110 g max.	
		Inputs: 24 VDC, 32 inputs Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A; 32 outputs						
		MIL connector	CJ1W-MD233*	32	0.13		90 g max.	
		Inputs: 24 VDC, 16 inputs						
		Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 16 outputs						
		MIL connector	CJ1W-MD263*	64	0.14		110 g max.	
		Inputs: 24 VDC, 32 inputs						
		Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A; 32 outputs						
	Sourcing	MIL connector Inputs: 24 VDC, 16 inputs	CJ1W-MD232*	32	0.13		80 g max.	
		Outputs: 24 VDC, 0.5 A; 16 outputs						
		Load-short circuit protection						
TTL I/O Ui	nits	MIL connector	CJ1W-MD563*	64	0.19		110 g max.	
		Inputs: TTL (5 VDC), 32 inputs Outputs: TTL						
		(5 VDC, 35 mA), 32 outputs						
B7A Interfa	ace Units	32 inputs, 32 outputs	CJ1W-B7A22	64	0.07		80 g max.	

Mixed I/O Units

* The cable-side connector is not provided with Units equipped with cables. Purchase the connector separately (Refer to 4-4-4 Wiring CJ-series Basic I/O Units with Connectors.), or use an OMRON Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit or I/O Relay Terminal (Refer to 4-4-5 Connecting to Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units or I/O Relay Terminals.).

2

CJ-series Special I/O Units

					Number of	Words	Num- ber		nt con- tion (A)	
Туре	Name	Specifications	Model	Unit No.	words allocated	allocated in DM Area	of moun table Units	5 VDC	24 VDC	Weight
Special I/O Units	Analog Input Unit with Uni- versal Inputs	4 inputs, fully univer- sal	CJ1W-AD04U	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.32		150 g max.
	Analog Input Units	8 inputs (4 to 20 mA, 1 to 5 V, etc.)	CJ1W-AD081-V1	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.42		140 g max.
		4 inputs (4 to 20 mA, 1 to 5 V, etc.)	CJ1W-AD041-V1	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.42		140 g max.
		4 inputs (4 to 20 mA, 1 to 5 V, etc.)	CJ1W-AD042	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.52		150 g max.
	Analog Out- put Units	4 outputs (1 to 5 V, 4 to 20 mA, etc.)	CJ1W-DA041	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.12		150 g max.
		2 outputs (1 to 5 V, 4 to 20 mA, etc.)	CJ1W-DA021	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.12		150 g max.
		8 outputs (1 to 5 V, 0 to 10 V, etc.)	CJ1W-DA08V	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.14		150 g max.
		8 outputs (4 to 20 mA)	CJ1W-DA08C	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.14		150 g max.
		4 outputs (1 to 5 V, 0 to 10 V, etc.)	CJ1W-DA042V	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.40		150 g max.
	Analog I/O Unit	4 inputs (1 to 5 V, 4 to 20 mA, etc.) 2 outputs (1 to 5 V, 4 to 20 mA, etc.)	CJ1W-MAD42	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.58		150 g max.
	Analog Input Unit with Uni- versal Inputs	4 inputs, fully univer- sal Resolution: 1/256,000, 1/64,000, 1/16,000	CJ1W-PH41U	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.30		150 g max.
	Analog Cur- rent Input Unit	DC voltage or DC cur- rent, 2 inputs	CJ1W-PDC15	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.18		150 g max.
	Temperature Control Units	2 control loops, ther- mocouple inputs, NPN outputs, heater burn- out detection	CJ1W-TC003	0 to 94 (uses words for 2 unit numbers)	20 words	200 words	40 Units	0.25		150 g max.
		2 control loops, ther- mocouple inputs, PNP outputs, heater burn- out detection	CJ1W-TC004	0 to 94 (uses words for 2 unit numbers)	20 words	200 words	40 Units	0.25		150 g max.
		2 control loops, tem- perature-resistance thermometer inputs, NPN outputs, heater burnout detection	CJ1W-TC103	0 to 94 (uses words for 2 unit numbers)	20 words	200 words	40 Units	0.25		150 g max.
		2 control loops, tem- perature-resistance thermometer inputs, PNP outputs, heater burnout detection	CJ1W-TC104	0 to 94 (uses words for 2 unit numbers)	20 words	200 words	40 Units	0.25		150 g max.
	ID Sensor Units	V680-series single- head type	CJ1W-V680C11	0 to 95	10 words	100 words	40 Units	0.26	0.130	120 g max.
		V680-series two-head type	CJ1W-V680C12	0 to 94 (uses words for 2 unit numbers)	20 words	200 words	40 Units	0.32	0.260	130 g max.
	High-speed Counter Unit	Number of counter channels: 2, Maximum input frequency: 500 kHz, line driver compatible	CJ1W-CT021	0 to 92 (uses words for 4 unit numbers)	40 words	400 words	24 Units	0.28		100 g max.

					Number of	Words	Num- ber		nt con- ion (A)											
Туре	Name	Specifications	Model	Unit No.	words allocated			5 VDC	24 VDC	Weight										
Special I/O Units	CompoNet Master Units	CompoNet remote I/O Communications mode 0: 128 inputs and 128 outputs for Word Slaves	CJ1W-CRM21 ^{*1}	0 to 94 (uses words for 2 unit numbers)	20 words	None	40 Units	0.40		130 g max.										
		Communications mode 1: 256 inputs and 256 outputs for Word Slaves	(uses word 4 uni numb 0 to 8 (uses word 8 uni	0 to 92 (uses words for 4 unit numbers)	40 words	None	24 Units	0.40												
		Communications mode 2: 512 inputs and 512 outputs for Word Slaves													0 to 88 (uses words for 8 unit numbers)	80 words	None	12 Units	0.40	
		Communications0 to 7mode 3: 256(useinputs and 256wordoutputs for Word8 unit	0 to 88 (uses words for 8 unit numbers)	80 words	None	12 Units	0.40													
		Communications mode 8: 1,024 inputs and 1,024 outputs max. for Word Slaves, 256 inputs and 256 outputs max. for Bit Slave Units	(ι w 1	0 to 95 (uses words for 1 unit number)	10 words*2	None ^{*2}	40 Units	0.40												

*1 A CPU Unit with unit version 1.01 or later and Sysmac Studio version 1.02 or higher are required. Refer to A-7 Version Information for information on versions.

*2 In addition, up to 208 other words are allocated depending on the number of Slave Units to which words are allocated and their I/O capacity. Use the CX-Integrator to allocate words.

CJ-series CPU Bus Units

Туре	Name	Specifications	Model	Unit No.	Number of words allo-	Maximum number of	Current con- sumption (A)		Weight
					cated	Units ^{*1}	5 VDC	24 VDC	
CPU Bus Units	Serial Commu- nications Units	Two RS-232C ports High-speed models	CJ1W-SCU22	0 to F	25 words	16 Units	0.28 ^{*1}		160 g max.
		Two RS-422A/485 ports High-speed models	CJ1W-SCU32				0.40		120 g max.
		One RS-232C port and one RS-422A/485 port High-speed models	CJ1W-SCU42	-			0.36*1		140 g max.
	DeviceNet Unit	DeviceNet remote I/O, 2,048 points; User- specified allocations are possible without the CX- Integrator.	CJ1W-DRM21	0 to F	25 words	16 Units	0.29		118 g max. ^{*2}
	EtherNet/IP Unit	Tag data links, CIP message communica- tions, FTP server, etc.	CJ1W-EIP21 ^{*3}	0 to F	25 words	4 Units	0.41		94 g max.

*1 Increases by 0.15 A/Unit when an NT-AL001 RS-232C/RS-422A Link Adapter is used. Increases by 0.04 A/Unit when a CJ1W-CIF11 RS-422A Converter is used.

*2 Includes the weight of accessory connectors.

*3 Use an EtherNet/IP Unit with a unit version of 2.1 or later. Also use a CPU Unit with unit version 1.01 or later and Sysmac Studio version 1.02 or higher. Refer to *A-7 Version Information* for information on version upgrades.

2-2 Connecting to the Sysmac Studio

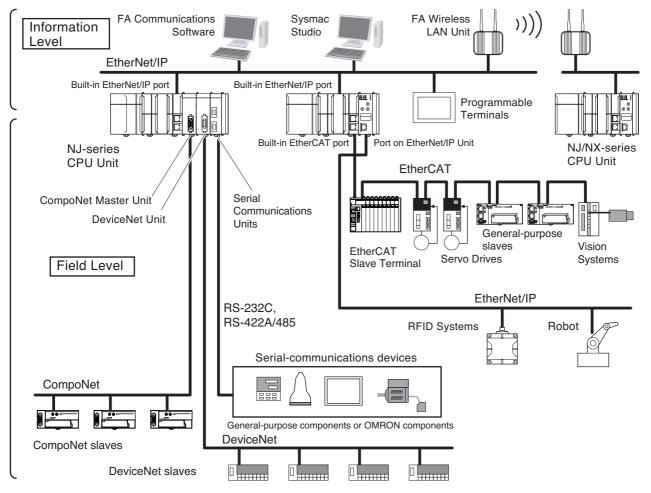
Connect the NJ-series CPU Unit and the Sysmac Studio through USB or EtherNet/IP.

Refer to *3-7-2 Connection* for information on how to make the connection between the NJ-series CPU Unit and the Sysmac Studio.

2-3 Network Configuration

You can make networks in the following layers with an NJ-series Controller.

For details on communications networks that you can connect to, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501).



	Connection	Connection method		
Sysmac Studio		Use USB or the built-in EtherNet/IP port.		
Between Control- lers	NJ-series Controller or CJ-series PLC	Use the built-in EtherNet/IP port or a port on an EtherNet/IP Unit.*1		
Devices	Servo Drives, general-purpose slaves and Vision Systems	Use the built-in EtherCAT port.		
	Ethernet communications devices	Use the built-in EtherNet/IP port or a port on an EtherNet/IP Unit.*1		
	Serial-communications devices	Mount a Serial Communications Unit and use RS- 232C port or RS-422A/485 ports.		
	DeviceNet slaves	Mount a DeviceNet Unit and use DeviceNet.		
	CompoNet slaves	Mount a CompoNet Master Unit and use CompoNet.		
Programmable Terminals		Use the built-in EtherNet/IP port or a port on an Eth- erNet/IP Unit.*1		
Servers	Connections to BOOTP server, DNS server, or NTP server	Use the built-in EtherNet/IP port or a port on an EtherNet/IP Unit.*1		

*1 Use a CJ-series EtherNet/IP Unit with a unit version of 2.1 or later. Also use CPU Units with unit version 1.01 or later and Sysmac Studio version 1.02 or higher. Refer to *A-7 Version Information* for information on version upgrades.

2 System Configuration

3

Configuration Units

This section describes the configuration devices in the CJ-series Unit configuration.

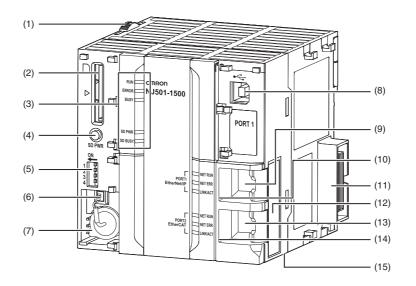
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3-1 CPU Units

3-1-1 Models and Specifications

Type of Unit	Model	I/O capacity/Maxi- mum number of Configuration Units (Maximum number of Expan- sion Racks)	Pro- gram capac- ity	Memory capacity for variables	Number of motion axes	Data- base connec- tion ser- vice	GEM Services	Robot control
NJ501	NJ501-1500	2,560 points/40	20 MB	2 MB:	64	Not sup-	Not sup-	Not sup-
CPU Units	NJ501-1400Racks)during power interruptionsNJ501-45004 MB: Not			32	ported.	ported.	ported.	
			interruptions	16				
			4 MB: Not	64			Sup-	
	NJ501-4400			retained	35			ported.
	NJ501-4300		during power interruptions		16			
	NJ501-4310							
	NJ501-1520				64	Sup-		Not sup-
	NJ501-1420				32	ported.		ported.
	NJ501-1320				16			
	NJ501-4320							Sup- ported.
	NJ501-1340					Not sup- ported.	Sup- ported.	Not sup- ported.
NJ301	NJ301-1200		5 MB	0.5 MB:	8		Not sup-	
CPU Units	NJ301-1100			Retained	4		ported.	
NJ101	NJ101-1000	-	3 MB	during power interruptions.	2	Ì		
CPU Units	NJ101-9000			2 MB: Not	0	Ī		
	NJ101-1020			retained	2	Sup-	1	
	NJ101-9020			during power interruptions.	0	ported.		

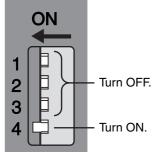
3-1-2 Components and Functions



3

Number	Name	Function			
1	Slider	Holds the Units together.			
2	SD Memory Card connector	Connects the SD Memory Card to the CPU Unit.			
3	CPU Unit operation indicators	Shows the operation status of the CPU Unit. Refer to CPU Unit Operation Status Indicators on page 3-5.			
4	SD Memory Card power supply switch	Turns OFF the power supply so that you can remove the SD Memory Card. Refer to <i>3-2 SD Memory Cards</i> .			
5	DIP switch	Used in Safe Mode ^{*1} or when backing up data. ^{*2} Normally, turn OFF all of the pins.			
6	Battery connector	Connector to mount the backup battery.			
7	Battery	Battery for backup.			
8	Peripheral USB port	Connects to the Sysmac Studio via a USB cable.			
9	Built-in EtherNet/IP port (port 1)	Connects the built-in EtherNet/IP with an Ethernet cable.			
10	Built-in EtherNet/IP port operation indicators	Shows the operation status of the built-in EtherNet/IP. Refer to <i>Built-in EtherNet/IP Port (Port 1) Indicators</i> on page 3-7.			
11	Unit connector	Connects to another Unit.			
12	ID information indication	Shows the ID information of the CPU Unit.			
13	Built-in EtherCAT port (port 2)	Connects the built-in EtherCAT with an Ethernet cable.			
14	Built-in EtherCAT port operation indi- cators	Shows the operation status of the built-in EtherCAT. Refer to <i>Built-in EtherCAT Port (Port 2) Indicators</i> on page 3-8.			
15	DIN Track mounting pins	Secures the Unit to a DIN Track.			

*1 To use Safe Mode, set the DIP switch as shown below and then turn ON the power supply to the Controller.

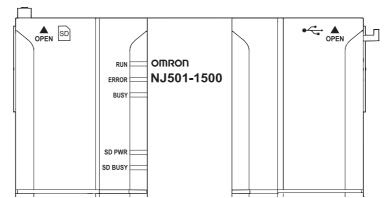


If the power supply to the Controller is turned ON with the CPU Unit in Safe Mode, the CPU Unit will start in PROGRAM mode. Use the Safe Mode if you do not want to execute the user program when the power supply is turned ON or if it is difficult to connect the Sysmac Studio.

Use the Safe Mode when it is difficult to connect the Sysmac Studio. For information on Safe Mode, refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503).

*2 Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) for details on backing up data.

CPU Unit Operation Status Indicators



You can check the CPU Unit status with the indicators at the top of the front panel of the CPU Unit. The following table describes these indicators.

Indicator	Color	Status	Meaning
RUN	Green	Lit	The CPU Unit is in normal operation in RUN mode. (The user program is in execution.)
		Flashing (3-s intervals)	An Incorrect Power Supply Unit Connected error occurred. (A CJ- series Power Supply Unit is connected in the CPU Rack.) The CPU Unit will not operate and the ERROR indicator will light.
		Flashing (1-s intervals)	The CPU Unit is starting (entering RUN mode or PROGRAM mode at startup).
		Not lit	Operation is stopped in PROGRAM mode, when a CPU Unit reset is in progress, or when any of the following errors occurs.
			Controller error in the major fault level
			CPU error (WDT error)
ERROR	Red	Lit	Self-diagnosis found one of the following errors.
			Controller error in the major fault level
			CPU error (WDT error)
			The CPU Unit operation will stop, and all outputs will turn OFF.
		Flashing (1-s intervals)	Self-diagnosis found one of the following errors.
			• Controller error in the partial fault level (an error in which all control of a Function Module is disabled)
			• Controller error in the minor fault level (an error in which partial control of a Function Module is disabled)
			CPU Unit operation will continue for either of these errors.
			Operation will stop for the Function Module in which a Controller error in the partial fault level occurred.
			Operation will continue for the Function Module in which a Con- troller error in the minor fault level occurred.
		Not lit	The CPU Unit is in normal operation, a CPU reset is in progress, or monitored information occurred. (CPU Unit operation will continue.)
BUSY	Yellow	Flashing	Built-in non-volatile memory access in progress.
		Not lit	Other than the above.
	-	+	

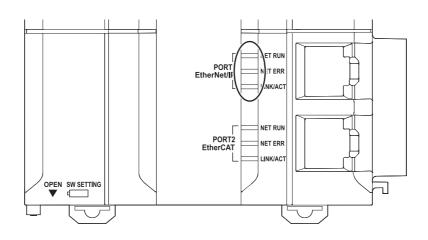
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Indicator	Color	Status	Meaning
SD PWR	Green	Lit	Power is being supplied to the SD Memory Card and the SD Memory Card can be used.
		Flashing	
		Not lit	The power supply for the SD Memory Card is stopped, an SD Memory Card is not mounted, or the file format of the mounted SD Memory Card is not supported.
SD BUSY	Yellow	Lit	SD Memory Card access in progress.
		Not lit	SD Memory Card access not in progress

Precautions for Safe Use

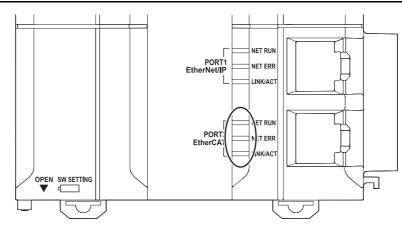
- Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller while the BUSY indicator flashes. While the BUSY indicator is lit, the user program and settings in the CPU Unit are being backed up in the built-in non-volatile memory. The data will not be backed up if the power supply is turned OFF. The next time that the Controller is started, a Controller error in the major fault level will occur and operation will stop.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply or remove the SD Memory Card while SD Memory Card access is in progress (i.e., while the SD BUSY indicator flashes). Data may become corrupted, and the Controller will not operate correctly if it uses corrupted data. To remove an SD Memory Card from the CPU Unit when power is supplied to the CPU Unit, press the SD Memory Card power supply switch and wait for the SD PWR indicator to turn OFF before you remove the SC Memory Card.

Built-in EtherNet/IP Port (Port 1) Indicators



Indicator	Color	Status	Contents				
NET RUN	Green	Lit	Normal startup status.				
		Flashing	Ethernet communications are in progress.				
			Tag data link connection establishment in progress.				
			IP address acquisition with BOOTP in progress.				
		Not lit	You cannot perform Ethernet communications.				
			The power supply is OFF or the CPU Unit was reset.				
			 A MAC address error or communications Controller error occurred. 				
NET ERR	Red	Lit	An error for which the user cannot recover operation occurred.				
			A MAC address error or communications Controller error occurred.				
		Flashing	An error for which the user can recover operation occurred.				
			An error occurred in TCP/IP communications or CIP communi- cations.				
			FTP server setting error, NTP server setting error, etc.				
			Tag data link setting error, tag data link verification error, etc.				
		Not lit	There are no Ethernet communications errors.				
			The power supply is OFF or the CPU Unit was reset.				
LINK/ACT	Yellow	Lit	The link was established.				
		Flashing	The link is established, and data communications are in progress.				
		A link was not established.					
	The cable is not connected.						
			 The power supply is OFF or the CPU Unit was reset. 				

Built-in EtherCAT Port (Port 2) Indicators



Indicator	Color	Status	Description		
NET RUN	Green	Lit	EtherCAT communications are in progress.		
			Inputs and outputs for I/O data are in operation.		
		Flashing	EtherCAT communications are being established.		
			This indicator shows either of the following conditions.		
			Only message communications are in operation.		
			Only message communications and I/O data inputs are in oper- ation.		
		Not lit	EtherCAT communications are stopped.		
			The power supply is OFF or the CPU Unit was reset.		
			• A MAC address error, communications Controller error, or other error occurred.		
NET ERR	Red	Lit	A hardware error or unrecoverable error occurred, such as for exception processing.		
		Flashing	A recoverable error occurred.		
		Not lit	There are no errors.		
LINK/ACT	Yellow	Lit	A link was established.		
		Flashing	Data communications are in progress after establishing link.		
			Flashes every time data is sent or received.		
		Not lit	The link was not established.		

DIP Switch

E

Use the CPU Unit with all the DIP switch pins turned OFF.

Additional Information

The DIP switch is not used to write-protect the user program of the NJ-series Controller. Set write-protection in the Startup Write Protection Settings in the CPU Unit Protection Settings from the Sysmac Studio.

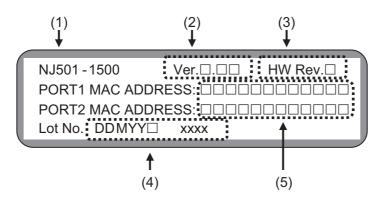
Battery

The following Battery is built in as a standard feature.

Model	Appearance	Specifications
CJ1W-BAT01		 Effective life (i.e., maximum life expectancy): 5 years The following values are retained during power interruptions. Values of variables with a Retain attribute Words for CJ-series Units in the Holding, DM, and EM Areas Clock information Some system-defined variables Event logs

ID Information Indication

You can check the followings in the ID information indications on the right side of the CPU Unit.



Number	Name	Function				
1	Unit model	Shows the model of the CPU Unit.				
2	Unit version	Shows the unit version of the CPU Unit.				
3	Hardware revision	nows the hardware revision of the CPU Unit. *1				
4	Lot number and serial number	Shows the lot number and the serial number of the CPU Unit. DDMYY: Lot number, : For use by OMRON, xxxx: Serial number M is 1 to 9 for January to September, X for October, Y for November, and Z for December.				
5	MAC addresses	Shows the MAC addresses of the built-in ports on the CPU Unit.				

*1 The hardware revision is not displayed for the Unit that the hardware revision is in blank.

3-2 SD Memory Cards

3-2-1 Models and Specifications

SD cards and SDHC cards are supported, but use one of the following OMRON Cards. OMRON is not responsible for the operation, performance, or write life of any other SD or SDHC card.

Model	Card type	Capacity	Format	Number of overwrites	Weight
HMC-SD291	SD Card	2 GB	FAT16	100,000	2 g max.
HMC-SD491	SDHC Card	4 GB	FAT32	100,000	2 g max.



Additional Information

Write Protection Key

You will not be able to write to the SD Memory Card if the key is set to the LOCK position. (Use this setting to prevent overwriting.)



3-2-2 Purpose

You can use the SD Memory Card for the following applications.

- Read and write files in the SD Memory Card with instructions.
- Read and write files in the SD Memory Card from an FTP client on EtherNet/IP.
- Back up, restore, and verify data in the Controller.
- Transfer data from the SD Memory Card to the Controller when the power is turned ON.

Version Information

A CPU Unit with unit version 1.03 or later and Sysmac Studio version 1.04 or higher are required to use the SD Memory Card backup functions and automatic transfer from SD Memory Cards.

3-2 SD Memory Cards

3

3-2-3 Installing and Removing

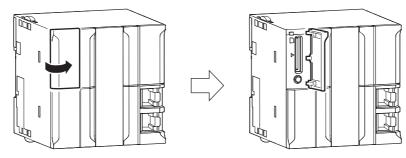
3-2-3 Installing and Removing

Before Using an SD Memory Card

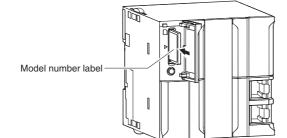
- Keep the following precautions because an SD Memory Card may become unusable.
 - Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller while the SD BUSY indicator is lit (i.e., while SD Memory Card access is in progress). The SD BUSY indicator is lit when the SD Memory Card is accessed from user the programming or from a computer through FTP.
 - Do not remove the SD Memory Card while the SD BUSY indicator is lit or the SD PWR indicator is lit (i.e., while SD Memory Card power is supplied). Press the SD Memory Card power supply switch and confirm that the SD BUSY indicator or SD PWR indicator is not lit before you remove the SD Memory Card.
- Never insert the SD Memory Card facing the wrong way. If the SD Memory Card is inserted forcibly, it may become unusable.
- To format the SD Memory Card (e.g., to delete all of the data), insert the SD Memory Card in the CPU Unit and perform the operation from the Sysmac Studio.
- The SD Memory Card uses flash memory, and so its service life is limited. When the end of the SD Memory Card's service life approaches, the ability to write data is lost, and data is sometimes not retained after writing. The service life depends on the size of the data that is written and on the ambient temperature. For the unlikely event that data is lost, it is recommended to periodically back up data.
- The service life may be extremely short if a non-OMRON SD Memory Card is used. Also, operation may be affected due to deterioration in writing performance.
- If you use an OMRON SD Memory Card, the end of the life of the SD Memory Card can be detected in the following ways.
 - System-defined variable _Card1Deteriorated (SD Memory Card Life Warning Flag)
 - SD Memory Card Life Exceeded (Observation) event in the event log

Installing the SD Memory Card

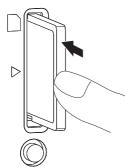
1 Pull the left side of the SD Memory Card cover forward and remove from the Unit.



2 Insert the SD Memory Card with the label facing to the left. (Insert the SD Memory Card with the label facing the triangle on the CPU Unit.)

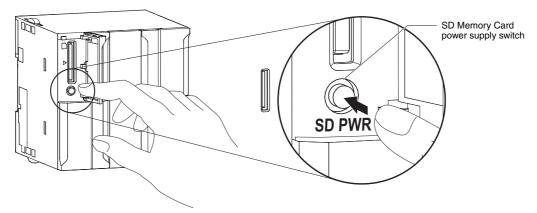


3 Push the SD Memory Card securely into the compartment.



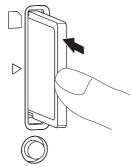
Removing the SD Memory Card

1 Press the SD Memory Card power supply switch (SD PWR).



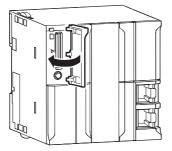
2 Press the SD Memory Card after the SD BUSY indicator is no longer lit.

The SD Memory Card will be ejected from the compartment.



3 Pull out the SD Memory Card.





3-3 Power Supply Units

3-3-1 Models and Specifications

NJ-series Power Supply Units

Use an NJ-series Power Supply Unit to supply power to an NJ-series CPU Rack or Expansion Rack.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not use the Power Supply Units in the system beyond the rated supply capacity range given in the following specifications. Doing so may result in operation stopping, incorrect operation, or failure to correctly back up required data at power interruptions.
- Use only NJ-series Power Supply Units on NJ-series CPU Racks and Expansion Racks. Operation is not possible if you use a CJ-series Power Supply Unit with an NJ-series CPU Unit or an NJ-series Power Supply Unit with a CJ-series CPU Unit.

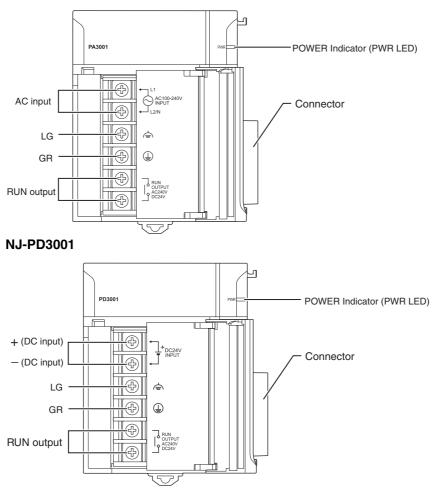
Item	Specifi	cations				
Model	NJ-PA3001	NJ-PD3001				
Supply voltage	100 to 240 VAC (wide-range), 50/60 Hz	24 VDC				
Operating voltage and frequency ranges	85 to 264 VAC, 47 to 63 Hz	19.2 to 28.8 VDC				
Power consumption	120 VA max.	60 W max.				
Inrush current*1	At 100 VAC: 20 A/8 ms max. for cold start at room tempera- ture At 200 VAC: 40 A/8 ms max. for cold start at room tempera- ture	At 24 VDC: 30 A/20 ms max. for cold start at room tempera- ture				
Output capacity ^{*2} 5 VDC, 6.0 A (including supply to CPU Unit using CPU Rack) 5 VDC, 6.0 A (using Expansion Rack) 24 VDC, 1.0 A Total: 30 W max.						
Output terminal (ser- vice supply)	Not provided					
RUN output ^{*3}	ontact configuration: SPST-NO					
	Switch capacity: 250 VAC, 2 A (resistive load)					
	120 VAC, 0.5 A (inductive load), 24 VDC, 2A (resistive load)					
Replacement notifi- cation function	Not provided.					
Insulation resis- tance ^{*4}	$20\ \text{M}\Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC) between AC external and GR terminals	$20\ \text{M}\Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC) between DC external and GR terminals				
Dielectric strength ^{*4*5}	2,300 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min between AC exter- nal and GR terminals	1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min between DC external and GR terminals				
	Leakage current: 10 mA max.	Leakage current: 10 mA max.				
Noise immunity	2 kV on power supply line (Conforms to IEC 6100	00-4-4.)				
Vibration resistance	5 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5-mm amplitude, 8.4 to 150 Hz, acceleration: 9.8 m/s ² in X, Y, and Z directions for 100 minutes (Time coefficient: 10 minutes \times coefficient factor 10 = total time 100 min.) (according to IEC 60068-2-6)					

Item	Specifications
Shock resistance	147 m/s ² 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions (Relay Output Unit: 100 m/s ²) (according to IEC 60068-2-27)
Ambient operating temperature	0 to 55°C
Ambient operating humidity	10% to 90% (with no condensation)
Atmosphere	Must be free from corrosive gases.
Ambient storage tem- perature	–20 to 75°C

- *1 The AC and DC values above are given for a cold start, and the AC values are at room temperature. The AC inrush control circuit uses a thermistor element with a low-temperature current control characteristic. If the ambient temperature is high or the Controller is hot-started, the thermistor will not be sufficiently cool, and the inrush current given in the table may be exceeded by up to twice the given value. The DC inrush control circuit uses a capacitor-charging delay circuit. If the power is OFF for only a short time for a hot-start, the capacitor will not sufficiently discharge and the inrush current given in the table may be exceeded by up to twice the given value. An inrush current of approximately 4 A may occur and continue for 1 s when the power is turned ON. When selecting fuses, breakers, and external DC power supply devices for external circuits, allow sufficient margin in shut-off performance.
- *2 Internal components in the Power Supply Unit will deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply Unit is used for an extended period of time exceeding the power supply output capacity or if the outputs are shorted.
- *3 Supported only when mounted to CPU Rack.
- *4 The tests can also be performed with the LG terminal and GR terminal connected to each other.
- *5 Change the applied voltage gradually using the adjuster on the Tester. If the full dielectric strength voltage is applied or turned OFF using the switch on the Tester, the generated impulse voltage may damage the Power Supply Unit.

3-3-2 Components and Functions

NJ-PA3001



AC Input

Supply 100 to 240 VAC (allowable: 85 to 264 VAC). The NJ-PA3001 has a wide input range, so it does not have voltage switching terminals.

DC Input

Supply 24 VDC (allowable: 19.2 to 28.8 VDC.)

LG

Ground to a resistance of 100 Ω or less to increase noise resistance and avoid electric shock.

GR

Ground to a resistance of 100 Ω or less to avoid electric shock.

3

RUN Output (NJ-PA3001/-PD3001)

The internal contacts for the RUN output turn ON when the CPU Unit is in RUN status.

The following operation occurs.

Status	Operation
In operation (RUN mode).	ON
The CPU Unit is starting (until entering the operating status that is specified in the Startup Mode setting).	OFF
Operation stopped (PROGRAM mode).	
Controller error in the major fault level occurred.	

The Power Supply Unit must be on the CPU Rack to use this output.

3-3-3 Selecting a Power Supply Unit

First select the Power Supply Unit according to whether it can be used on the CPU Rack, the power supply voltage, and the need for a RUN output. Then check the following table to make sure that the current consumption and power consumption requirements of each Rack are met.

		Output current				Replacement			
Model	Power supply voltage	5-VDC CPU Rack [*]	5-VDC Expansion Rack	24 VDC	Output capacity	RUN output	notification function	CPU Rack	Expansion Racks
NJ-PA3001	100 to 240 VAC	6.0 A	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
NJ-PD3001	24 VDC	6.0 A	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

* Including supply to the CPU Unit.

Refer to *CPU Rack* on page 2-5, *Expansion Racks* on page 2-9, and *CJ-series Configuration Units* on page 2-11 for Unit current consumptions. Refer to *Rack Current Consumption and Width Display* on page 3-18 for the procedure to check the current and power consumptions for each Rack from the Sysmac Studio.

Calculating Unit Current Consumption

The amount of current/power that can be supplied to the Units mounted in a Rack is limited by the capacity of the Rack's Power Supply Unit. Refer to the following tables when designing your system so that the total current consumption of the mounted Units does not exceed the maximum current for each voltage group and the total power consumption does not exceed the maximum power supplied by the Power Supply Unit.

Refer to *CPU Rack* on page 2-5, *Expansion Racks* on page 2-9, and *CJ-series Configuration Units* on page 2-11 for the current consumptions of the Units to use in the Unit current consumption calculations.

• Maximum Current and Power Supplied by Power Supply Units

The following table shows the maximum currents and power that can be supplied by Power Supply Units in CPU Racks and Expansion Racks.

Note 1 When calculating current/power consumption in a CPU Rack, be sure to include the power required by the CPU Unit itself, as well as the I/O Control Unit if one or more Expansion Racks is connected.

2 Be sure to include the power required by the I/O Interface Unit when calculating current/power consumption in an Expansion Rack.

		Output		
Model	5-VDC CPU Rack [*]	5-VDC Expan- sion Rack	24 VDC	Output capacity
NJ-PA3001	6.0 A	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W
NJ-PD3001	6.0 A	6.0 A	1.0 A	30 W

* Including supply to the CPU Unit.

• Example Calculations

Example 1: In this example, the following Units are mounted to a CPU Rack with an NJ-PA3001 Power Supply Unit.

Unit	Medel	Quantitu	Voltage group		
Onit	Model	Quantity	5-V	24-V	
CPU Unit	NJ501-1500	1 unit	1.90 A		
I/O Control Unit	CJ1W-IC101	1 unit	0.02 A		
Input Units	CJ1W-ID211	2 units	0.08 A		
	CJ1W-ID231	2 units	0.09 A		
Output Unit	CJ1W-OC201	2	0.09 A	0.048 A	
Special I/O Unit	CJ1W-DA041	1	0.12 A		
CPU Bus Unit	CJ1W-SCU22	1	0.28 A		
Current consump- tion	Calculation	•	1.9 A + 0.02 A + 0.08 A × 2 + 0.09 A × 2 + 0.09 A × 2 + 0.12 A + 0.28 A	0.048 A × 2	
	Result		2.84 A (≤6.0 A)	0.096 A (≤1.0 A)	
Power consump-	Calculation		2.84 A × 5 V = 14.2 W	0.096 A × 24 V = 2.3 W	
tion	Result		14.2 W + 2.30 W = 16.5 W (≤30 W)		

Example 2: In this example, the following Units are mounted to a CJ-series Expansion Rack with an NJ-PA3001 Power Supply Unit.

Unit	Model	Quantity	Voltage group		
Onit			5-V	24-V	
I/O Interface Unit	CJ1W-II101	1	0.13 A		
Input Unit	CJ1W-ID211	2	0.08 A		
Output Unit	CJ1W-OD231	8	0.14 A		
Current consump- tion	Calculation		0.13 A + 0.08 A × 2 + 0.14 A × 8		
	Result		1.41 A (≤6.0 A)		
Power consump-	Calculation		1.41 A × 5 V = 7.1 W		
tion	Result		7.1 W (≤30 W)		

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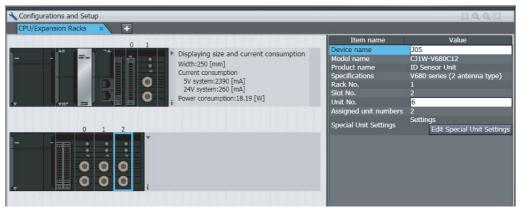
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Additional Information

Rack Current Consumption and Width Display

The width, current consumption, and power consumption for each Rack are displayed on the right side of the CPU/Expansion Racks Tab Page in the Controller Configurations and Setup of the Sysmac Studio.

Click 👿 to display the information for the Rack.



If the capacity of a Power Supply Unit is exceeded, the display will turn red.

★ Configurations and Setup		
CPU/Expansion Racks ×		
Croyexpansion racks	Item name Device name Model name Product name Specifications Rack No. Slot No. Unit No. Assigned unit numbers Special Unit Settings	Value CJ1W-V680C12 ID Sensor Unit V680 series (2 antenna type) 1 3 8 2 Settings Edit Special Unit Settings

Calculating Power Consumption

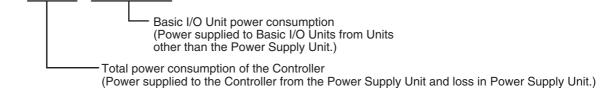
The ambient operating temperature at the control panel where an NJ-series Controller is mounted must be no higher than 55°C.

This section describes how to calculate the power consumption of a CPU Rack or Expansion Rack for use in the thermal design of the control panel.

• Calculating Power Consumption

Use the following equation to calculate the average power consumption (W) of an NJ-series CPU Rack.

 $W = W_Gross + W_IO_ONOFF$



• Total Power Consumption of the Controller (W_Gross)

The Controller power consumption is calculated based on the total power consumption of the Units that are mounted in the CPU Unit and the power conversion rate of the Power Supply Unit.

 $W_Gross = W_unit \div \eta$

• W_unit:

Total power consumption of Units mounted to the CPU Rack. For details on the current consumption and voltage of individual Units, refer to *CJ-series Configuration Units* on page 2-11.

• η:

Power Supply Unit power conversion rate.

The rate is 70% for the NJ Series, so use "0.7" in the calculation.

• Basic I/O Unit Power Consumption (W_IO_ONOFF)

The Basic I/O Unit power consumption is the total consumption for the Input Units and the Output Units.

• Input Units

Rated input voltage \times Input current \times Number of input points

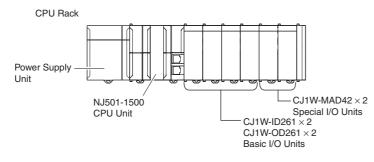
• Output Units

Residual voltage \times Maximum load current \times Number of output points

Note For a CJ-series Basic I/O Unit with transistor outputs, use a residual voltage of 0.1 V in the calculation. For a CJ-series Basic I/O Unit with relay or triac outputs, use a residual voltage of 0 V in the calculation.

Calculation Examples

These examples show how to calculate the power consumption (W) for the following system.



Units	Model	Quantity	5 VDC	Other
CPU Unit	NJ501-1500	1 Unit	1.90 A	
Input Units	CJ1W-ID261	2 Units	0.09 A	Rated input voltage: 24 V
				Input current: 4.1 mA
				Number of input points: 64
Output Unit	CJ1W-OD261	2 Units	0.17 A	Residual voltage: 0.1 V
				Maximum load current: 6.4 A/Unit
Special I/O Units	CJ1W-MAD42	2 Units	0.58 A	

* The maximum load current of an Output Unit is the limit for the entire Unit.

• Total Power Consumption of the Controller (W_Gross)

 $W_Gross = (1.9 + 0.09 \times 2 + 0.17 \times 2 + 0.58 \times 2) A \times 5 V \div 0.7 = 25.6 W$

• Basic I/O Unit Power Consumption (W_IO_ONOFF)

W_IO_ONOFF = 24 V \times 0.0041 A \times 64 points \times 2 Units + 0.1 V \times 6.4 A \times 2 Units = 13.9 W

• Average Power Consumption (W)

W = W_Gross + W_IO_ONOFF = 39.5 W

3-4 CJ-series Basic I/O Units

3-4-1 Models and Specifications

Basic Input Units

Type of Unit	Name	Specifications		Model	Page
Basic Input	DC Input Units	Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC	8 inputs	CJ1W-ID201	A-5
Units		Terminal block, 24 VDC	16 inputs	CJ1W-ID211	A-6
				CJ1W-ID212	A-7
		Fujitsu connector, 24 VDC	32 inputs	CJ1W-ID231	A-8
		MIL connector, 24 VDC	32 inputs	CJ1W-ID232	A-9
				CJ1W-ID233	A-10
		Fujitsu connector, 24 VDC	64 inputs	CJ1W-ID261	A-11
		MIL connector, 24 VDC	64 inputs	CJ1W-ID262	A-13
	AC Input Units	Terminal block, 200 to 240 VAC	8 inputs	CJ1W-IA201	A-15
		Terminal block, 100 to 120 VAC	16 inputs	CJ1W-IA111	A-16
	Interrupt Input Unit	Terminal block, 24 VDC	16 inputs	CJ1W-INT01	A-17
	Quick-response Input Unit	Terminal block, 24 VDC	16 inputs	CJ1W-IDP01	A-18

Basic Output Units

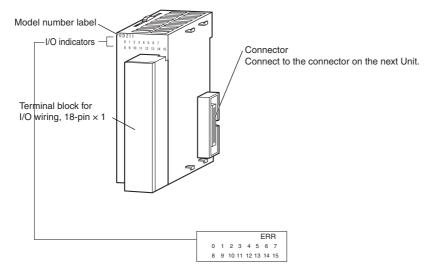
Type of Unit	Na	me	Specifications		Model	Page
Basic Out- put Units	Relay Output Units Triac Output Unit		Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 2 A, 8 independent contacts	8 outputs	CJ1W-OC201	A-19
			Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 2 A	16 outputs	CJ1W-OC211	A-20
			Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 0.6 A	8 outputs	CJ1W-OA201	A-21
	Transis-	Sinking	Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 2 A	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD201	A-22
	tor Out- put Units	outputs	Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD203	A-23
	put Offits		Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	16 outputs	CJ1W-OD211	A-24
		Sourc- ing out- puts	Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A	16 outputs	CJ1W-OD213	A-25
			Fujitsu connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD231	A-26
			MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD233	A-27
			MIL connector, 24 VDC, 0.5 A	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD234	A-28
			Fujitsu connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A	64 outputs	CJ1W-OD261	A-30
			MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A	64 outputs	CJ1W-OD263	A-32
			Terminal block, 24 VDC, 2 A, load short-cir- cuit protection, line disconnection detection	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD202	A-34
			Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short- circuit protection	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD204	A-36
			Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short- circuit protection	16 outputs	CJ1W-OD212	A-37
			MIL connector, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short- circuit protection	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD232	A-38
			MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A	64 outputs	CJ1W-OD262	A-39

Type of Unit	Name		Specifications		Model	Page
Mixed I/O	24-VDC	Sinking	Fujitsu connector	16 inputs	CJ1W-MD231	A-41
Units	Inputs/Transis- tor Output Units	output	Inputs: 24 VDC	16 outputs		
	tor Output Onits		Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A			
			MIL connector		CJ1W-MD233	A-43
			Inputs: 24 VDC			
			Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A			
			Fujitsu connector	32 inputs	CJ1W-MD261	A-44
			Inputs: 24 VDC	32 outputs		
			Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A			
			MIL connector		CJ1W-MD263	A-46
			Inputs: 24 VDC			
			Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A			
		Sourcing	MIL connector	16 inputs	CJ1W-MD232	A-48
		output	Input: 24 VDC	16 outputs		
			Outputs: 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short-cir- cuit protection			
	TTL I/O Units		Inputs: 5 VDC	32 inputs	CJ1W-MD563	A-50
			Outputs: 5 VDC, 35 mA	32 outputs		

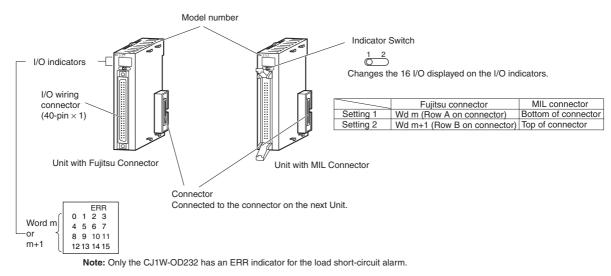
• Basic Mixed I/O Units

3-4-2 Part Names and Functions

• Eight/sixteen-point Units (18-pin Terminal Blocks)

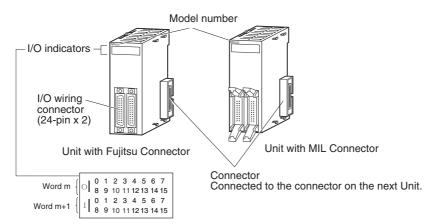


Note The CJ1W-OD202, CJ1W-OD204, and CJ1W-OD212 also have an ERR indicator for the load short-circuit alarm.

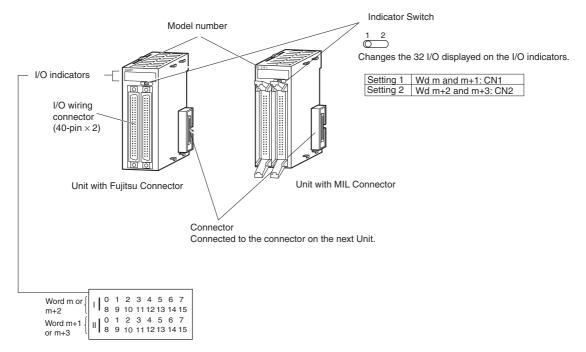


• Thirty-two-point Units with 40-pin Fujitsu Connector or MIL Connector

• Thirty-two-point Units with 2 \times 24-pin Fujitsu Connectors or 2 \times 20-pin MIL Connectors



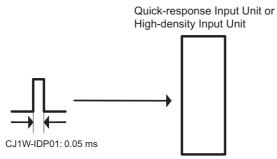
• Sixty-four-point Units with Two 40-pin Fujitsu Connectors or MIL Connectors



Quick-response Inputs

When you want to receive pulses that are shorter than the task period, use the CJ1W-IDP01 Quick-response Input Unit.

The quick-response inputs can receive pulses with a pulse width (ON time) of 0.05 ms for the CJ1W-IDP01 Quick-response Input Unit.



Inputs that are input to internal memory are cleared when the inputs are refreshed.

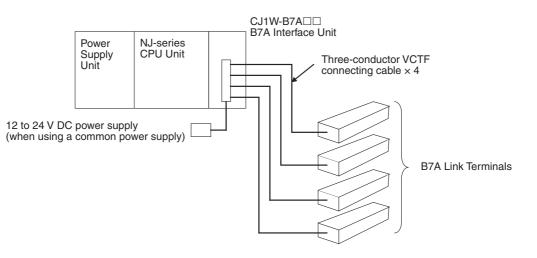
3-5 B7A Interface Ports

3-5-1 Overview

The B7A is a 1:1 transmission path that does not require a master. A total of 16 signals are transmitted using a two-conductor or three-conductor VCTF cable (maximum length: 500 m). The CJ1W-B7A B7A Interface Unit is a CJ-series Basic I/O Unit that exchanges up to 64 points of I/O data mainly with B7A Link Terminals using a B7A transmission path.

The B7A Interface Unit and B7A Link Terminal can be used in the same way as a standard Basic I/O Unit and I/O Terminal without any need to worry about communications. This characteristic reduces the wiring when using more than one relatively remote sensor or actuator.

3-5-2 System Configuration



3-5-3 Models

B7A Interface Unit	Specifications	I/O words allo- cated to Unit	Connectable B7A Link Terminals*
CJ1W-B7A14	64 inputs (four B7A ports)	4 input words	Inputs: Four 16-point Input Terminals, two 32-point Input Terminals, or two 16-point Input Terminals and one 32-point Input Terminal
CJ1W-B7A04	64 outputs (four B7A ports)	4 output words	Outputs: Four 16-point Output Terminals or two 32-point Output Terminals
CJ1W-B7A22	32 inputs, 32 outputs (four B7A ports)	2 input words and 2 output words	Inputs: Two 16-point Input Terminals or one 32-point Input Terminal Outputs: Two 16-point Output Terminals or one 32-point Output Terminal or Two Mixed I/O Terminals (16 inputs/16 outputs)

* A 10-point B7A Link Terminal cannot be connected to a B7A Interface Unit. B7A Interface Units can be connected together.



Additional Information

Wireless transmissions are possible if B7AP Power Couplers are used on a B7A transmission path, reducing the wiring required for moving objects and rotating objects.

3-5-4 B7A Communications Specifications

Item	Specifications					
Transmission method	One-way time-sharing multiplex transmissions					
Transmission delay	High-speed	3 ms typical, 5 ms max.				
(communications delay on	Standard	19.2 ms typical, 31 ms max.				
transmission path)	0.0000.0000.000					
	CJ1W-B7A14	64 inputs (4 ports)				
Transmission points	CJ1W-B7A04	64 outputs (4 ports)				
	CJ1W-B7A22	32 inputs (2 ports), 32 outputs				
External power supply voltage ^{*1}	12 to 24 V DC	(allowable voltage range: 10.8 t	to 26.4 V)			
External example	CJ1W-B7A14	40 mA min.				
External supply current ^{*2}	CJ1W-B7A04	150 mA min.				
	CJ1W-B7A22	80 mA min.				
Minimum input	High-speed	16 ms				
time ^{*3}	Standard	2.4 ms				
	High-speed	Power supply on one side	10 m max.			
		(common power supply) ^{*4}	50 m max. (with shielded cable)			
		Power supply on both sides	10 m max.			
Transmission		(separate power supplies) ^{*5}	100 m max. (with shielded cable)			
distance	Standard	Power supply on one side (common power supply) ^{*4}	100 m max.			
		Power supply on both sides (separate power supplies) ^{*5}	500 m max.			
	VCTF, 0.75 mm	n ² , 3 conductors (power supply	on one side (common power supply)) ^{*4}			
Cables	VCTF, 0.75 mm ² , 2 conductors (power supply on both sides (separate power supplies))*5					
	Shielded cable, 0.75 mm ² , 3 conductors (power supply on one side (common power supply))*4					
	Shielded cable	, 0.75 mm ² , 2 conductors (powe	er supply on both sides (separate power supplies))*5			

*2 The capacity of the external supply current does not include the capacity required by the B7A Link Terminal.

*3 The minimum input time is the minimum time required by the B7A Interface Unit to read the input signals from the CPU Unit.

*4 When a common power supply is used, the B7A Interface Unit and B7A Link Terminal are supplied by the same external power supply.

*5 When separate power supplies are used, the B7A Interface Unit and B7A Link Terminal are supplied by separate external power supplies.

3-5-5 Common Specifications

Item	Specifications			
Applicable Controllers	NJ Series			
Unit classification	CJ-series Basic I/O Unit			
Transmission delay	Standard (19.2 ms typical) or high-speed (3 ms typical), switchable			
	(Switchable by using the setting switch on the front panel. Settings are read when power is turned ON or Unit is restarted.)			
	Factory setting: Standard (19.2 ms typical)			
	Note A transmission error will occur if B7A Link Terminals with different transmission delay times are connected to each other.			
Transmission error input bit status processing	HOLD (The bit status from immediately before the transmission error is held.)			
Settings	Front panel Setting switch: Standard (19.2 ms typical) or high-speed (3 ms typical), switchable			
Indicators	5 LED indicators: RUN (B7A operating status), ERR1 (port 1 communications error), ERR2 (port 2 communications error), ERR3 (port 3 communications error), ERR4 (port 4 communications error)			
Front panel connection	Connector with clamps			
Current consumption	5 V DC: 70 mA max. (supplied from Power Supply Unit)			
Weight	80 g max.			

3-5-6 B7A Interface Port I/O Types

The B7A Interface Units are CJ-series Basic I/O Units.

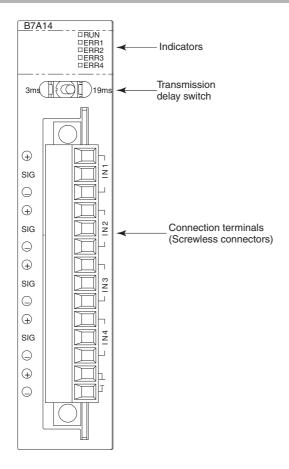
The B7A Interface Ports use the following I/O types.

Access is performed from the user program using variables.

For information on how to allocate variables, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501).

	I/O type			
Port number	CJ1W-B7A14 CJ1W-B7A04		CJ1W-B7A22	
	64-point Input Unit	64-point Output Unit	64-point I/O Unit	
1	Inputs	Outputs	Outputs	
2	Inputs	Outputs	Outputs	
3	Inputs	Outputs	Inputs	
4	Inputs	Outputs	Inputs	

3-5-7 Parts and Names



Indicators

• CJ1W-B7A14



Indicator	Name	Color	Status	Condition
RUN	B7A operat-	Green	Lit	The B7A Unit is operating.
	ing status		Not lit	The B7A Unit is stopped.
ERR1	Port 1 transmis-	Red	Lit	A transmission error has occurred at port 1 of the B7A Unit.
	sion error		Not lit	The Unit is operating normally.
ERR2	Port 2 transmis-	Red	Lit	A transmission error has occurred at port 2 of the B7A Unit.
	sion error		Not lit	The Unit is operating normally.

Indicator	Name	Color	Status	Condition
ERR3	Port 3 transmis-	Red	Lit	A transmission error has occurred at port 3 of the B7A Unit.
	sion error		Not lit	The Unit is operating normally.
ERR4	Port 4 transmis-	Red	Lit	A transmission error has occurred at port 4 of the B7A Unit.
	sion error		Not lit	The Unit is operating normally.

• CJ1W-B7A04



Indicator	Name	Color	Status	Condition
RUN	B7A operat-	Green	Lit	The B7A Unit is operating.
	ing status		Not lit	The B7A Unit is stopped.

• CJ1W-B7A22



Indicator	Name	Color	Status	Condition
RUN	B7A operat-	Green	Lit	The B7A Unit is operating.
	ing status		Not lit	The B7A Unit is stopped.
ERR1	Port 3 transmis-	Red	Lit	A transmission error has occurred at port 3 of the B7A Unit.
	sion error		Not lit	The Unit is operating normally.
ERR2	R2 Port 4 Red Li transmis-		Lit	A transmission error has occurred at port 4 of the B7A Unit.
	sion error		Not lit	The Unit is operating normally.

Transmission Delay Switch

3 ms		
Name	Function	Factory setting
Transmission delay switch	The same baud rate is set for all ports using this one switch.	Standard
	Right: Standard (19.2 ms typical)	
	Left: High-speed (3 ms typical)	

Note The switch setting is read when the power supply is turned ON. If the switch setting is changed after turning ON the power supply, the new setting is not used.

3-5-8 Transmission Error Processing

B7A Interface Input Ports

The B7A Interface Unit detects transmission errors at the input ports. When a transmission error is detected at an input port, the corresponding indicator and Transmission Error Flag turn ON.

Indicators

When transmission errors occur at B7A interface input ports, the ERR1 to ERR4 indicators on the front panel will turn ON according to the port where the error occurred.

Port where error	LED error indicators			
occurred	CJ1W-B7A14	CJ1W-B7A04	CJ1W-B7A22	
Port 1	ERR1			
Port 2	ERR2			
Port 3	ERR3		ERR1	
Port 4	ERR4		ERR2	

• Transmission Error Notification Variables

The following bits in the Basic I/O Unit Information system-defined variables that are allocated to the I/O ports of the Units will change to TRUE when a transmission error occurs.

B7A interface port	CJ1W-B7A14	CJ1W-B7A04	CJ1W-B7A22
Port 1	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 0]		
Port 2	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 1]		
Port 3	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 2]		_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 0]
Port 4	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 3]		_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 1]

Example: Rack 0, Slot 0

Example: Rack 0, Slot 1

B7A interface port	CJ1W-B7A14	CJ1W-B7A04	CJ1W-B7A22
Port 1	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 1, 0]		
Port 2	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 1, 1]		
Port 3	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 1, 2]		_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 0]
Port 4	_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 1, 3]		_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0, 0, 1]

• Transmission Error Input Status Processing

If a transmission error occurs at an input port, the status of the input bit in the CPU Unit variable from immediately before the transmission error is held. When transmission returns to normal, the signals that have been normally received will be input to the input bit.

B7A Interface Output Ports

The B7A Interface Unit does not detect transmission errors at output ports. Detect output port transmission errors at the B7A Link Terminal that is connected to the B7A Interface Unit.

3-6 CJ-series I/O Control Units and I/O Interface Units

An I/O Control Unit and I/O Interface Units are used to connect Expansion Racks to the NJ-series CPU Rack to expand the system.

3-6-1 Models and Specifications

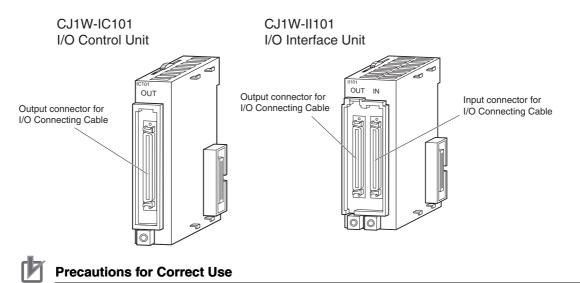
• I/O Control Unit

Model	Specifications
CJ1W-IC101	The I/O Control Unit is required to connect a CJ-series Expansion Rack to an NJ-series CPU Rack. The I/O Control Unit must be connected immediately to the right of the CPU Unit. Connect to the I/O Interface Unit (CJ1W-II101) on the first Expansion Rack with a CS/CJ-series I/O Connecting Cable.

• I/O Interface Unit

Model	Specifications
CJ1W-II101	One Interface Unit is required for each CJ-series Expansion Rack. One End Cover is provided with each Unit.

3-6-2 Component and Functions



Attach the enclosed cover to the I/O Connecting Cable connector on the I/O Interface Unit when it is not being used to protect it from dust.

3-7 Sysmac Studio

The Sysmac Studio is a Support Software package that provides an integrated development environment to design, program, debug, and maintain SYSMAC NJ-series Controllers.

3-7-1 Model Numbers

The model numbers of the Sysmac Studio Standard Edition are given in the following table. The model numbers are different for the media and licenses.

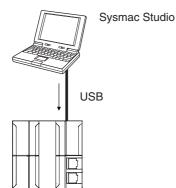
Product	Configuration software	Media	Number of user licenses	Model
Sysmac Studio Stan- dard Edition	 Sysmac Studio The following Support Software is also included. Network Configurator CX-Integrator CX-Protocol CX Designer 	DVD		SYSMAC-SE200D
		Licenses	1	SYSMAC-SE201L
			3	SYSMAC-SE203L
	CX-Designer		10	SYSMAC-SE210L

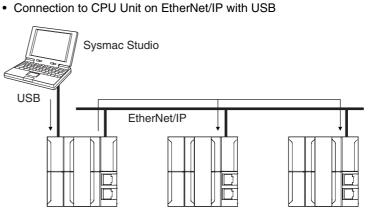
3-7-2 Connection

With an NJ-series CPU Unit, you can connect the Sysmac Studio online in the following ways.

Configuration

- Connecting by USB
- Direct Connection





The connection device does not need to be specified.

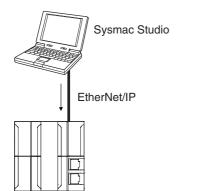
Directly specify the IP address of the remote device or select the remote device from the node list.

Note Connect a computer and the CPU Unit with a USB 2.0 certified cable. Do not use a USB hub to connect them.

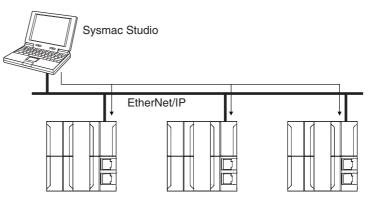
Connection with EtherNet/IP

• 1:1 Connection





- A direct connection is made from the Sysmac Studio. The IP address and connection device do not need to be specified.
- You can make the connection whether or not a switching hub is used.
- Support for Auto-MDI enables the use of cross cables or straight cables if a direct connection is made.



Directly specify the IP address of the remote device or select the remote device from the node list.

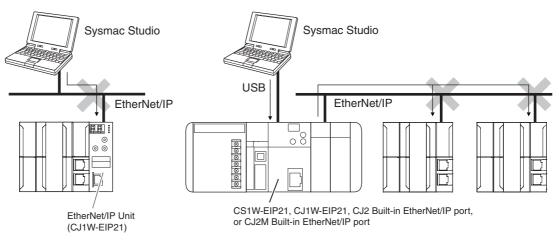
Additional Information

The Sysmac Studio cannot connect online to an NJ-series CPU Unit in the following type of configuration.

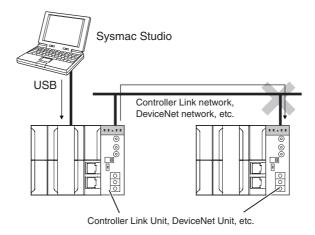
• If the built-in EtherNet/IP port is not used, you cannot connect to an NJ-series CPU Unit on an EtherNet/IP network.

Example: Connection through an EtherNet/IP Unit

Example: Connection to NJ-series CPU Unit Routing through an EtherNet/IP Unit or Built-in Port



• You cannot route through any networks other than EtherNet/IP networks.



4

Installation and Wiring

This section describes how to install and wire the CPU Unit and Configuration Units.

4-1	Proces	sing at Power ON and Power OFF
	4-1-1	Power ON Operation
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4-1 Processing at Power ON and Power OFF



Do not touch the terminal section while power is ON. Electrical shock may occur.

 Do not disassemble any of the Units. Particularly the Power Supply Units contain parts with high voltages when power is ON or immediately after power is turned OFF. Electrical shock may occur. There are also sharp internal parts that may cause injury.

4-1-1 Power ON Operation



Precautions for Safe Use

It takes approximately 10 to 20 s to enter RUN mode after the power supply is turned ON. The outputs during this period will behave according to the slave and Unit specifications. Use the RUN output on the Power Supply Unit, for example, to implement fail-safe circuits so that external devices do not operate incorrectly.

Operation until Operation Ready Status

The CPU Unit will enter operation-ready status after the following time elapses once power supply to the Power Supply Unit starts.

The RUN indicator will flash at a 1-s interval until operation-ready status is entered. (During that time, the Controller will be in startup status.)

CPU Unit Startup Time at Power ON

It takes approximately 10 to 20 seconds for the CPU Unit to start up. The startup time depends on the slave/Unit configuration,^{*1} user program, SD Memory Card usage, SD Memory Card self-diagnosis usage,^{*2} etc.

- *1 Some EtherCAT slaves can set a maximum standby time of 30 to 200 s. For the CPU Unit, however, operationready status exists as soon as the EtherCAT Master Function Module is functioning, regardless of the standby time of the EtherCAT Slaves. For the EtherCAT Master Function Module, slaves that do not start within the maximum waiting time are treated as having an error.
- *2 This function performs self-diagnosis on the inserted SD Memory Card. This is executed if the SD Memory Card self-diagnosis setting is set to enable execution of self-diagnosis in the Operation Settings in the Controller Configurations and Setup in the Sysmac Studio.

Additional Information

The CPU Unit internally performs initialization when the power to the Controller is turned ON. The following processing is performed for initialization.

Process	Description
Self diagnosis at startup	Operation is monitored for the following errors: Power Supply Error, CPU Unit Reset, CPU Unit Watchdog Timer Error, and Incorrect Power Supply Unit Connected. *
Data check	The _ <i>RetainFail</i> (Retention Failure Flag) system-defined variable changes to TRUE at the following time: when the values of variables for which the Retain attribute was set to retain the values and the values in DM, EM, and HR Areas in the memory used for CJ-series Units were not retained after a power interruption.
Detecting CJ-series Units	The CJ-series Units mounted in the Controller are detected.
Recording Power Turned ON and Power Interrupted events	The Power Turned ON and Power Interrupted events are recorded.

Refer to 5-1-2 Fatal Errors in the CPU Unit on page 5-3 for information on the following errors: Power Supply Error, CPU Unit Reset, CPU Unit Watchdog Timer Error, and Incorrect Power Supply Unit Connected.

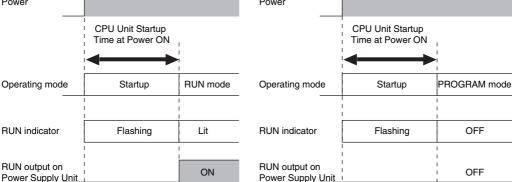
Operating Mode at Startup

RUN Mode Set as Startup Mode

The system will immediately enter RUN mode if RUN mode (default) is set as the startup operating mode. The system will immediately enter PROGRAM mode if PROGRAM mode is set as the startup operating mode.

PROGRAM Mode Set as Startup Mode

Power Power



Power OFF Operation 4-1-2

Operating mode

RUN indicator

RUN output on



Different operations will be performed when the power is turned OFF depending on whether the power interruption time is longer than the power OFF detection time, as described below.

The following table gives the voltage conditions for a power interruption.

Power Supply Unit model	Power supply input	Power interruption voltage
NJ-PA3001	100 to 200 VAC	85 VAC max.
NJ-PD3001	24 VDC	19.2 VDC max.

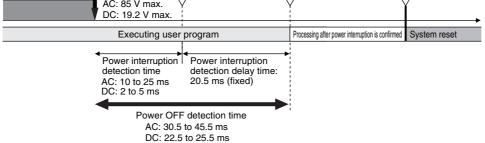
The setting ranges for the power OFF detection time are given in the following table.

Power supply type	Power OFF detection time
AC power supply	30.5 to 45.5 ms
DC power supply	22.5 to 25.5 ms

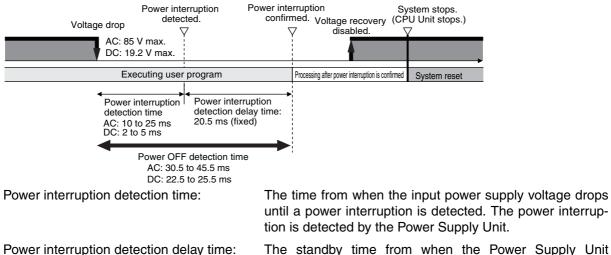
Operation at Power OFF Operation

Execution of the user program is ended if a power interruption exceeds the power OFF detection time, as shown below. The processing after power interruption confirmation (described below) is performed, and then the system (i.e., CPU Unit) stops.

Power supply type	Time requ	uired for a power int	erruption
AC power supply	45.5 ms or longer		
DC power supply	25.5 ms or longer		
	Power interruption detected. 35 V max. V	Power interruption confirmed.	System stops. (CPU Unit stops.)



As shown in the following figure, the system (i.e. CPU Unit) will stop even if the voltage recovers after the power interruption detection time.



The standby time from when the Power Supply Unit detects the power interruption until the CPU Unit starts processing after the power interruption is confirmed.

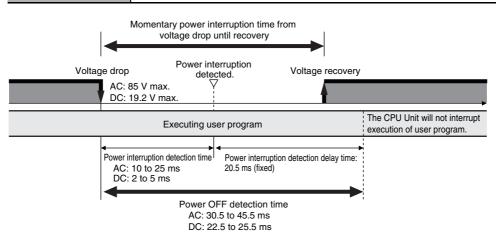
The time from when the power supply voltage drops until the CPU Unit starts processing after the power interruption is confirmed. The CPU Unit continues to operate normally until the power interruption is confirmed.

Power OFF detection time:

Momentary Power Interruption with Continued Operation

Execution of the user program will continue if a momentary power interruption is less than the following times.

Power supply type	Momentary power interruption time with continued operation
AC power supply	30.5 ms max.
DC power supply	22.5 ms max.



Processing after Power Interruption Is Confirmed

After a power interruption is confirmed, the CPU Unit performs the following processing and then stops.

Item		Description
I/O refresh		Load outputs are turned OFF. Tag data links stop.
SD Memory Card access in progress		Any writing is interrupted, files are closed, and the Card is unmounted.
Processing	Transferring user pro- gram (including online editing)	Interrupted. As a result, an error will occur the next time that the power is turned ON. The Controller will not operate.
	User program execu- tion	User program execution is aborted even during execution of an instruction.
Saving event l	og	The time that a power interruption occurs and the cause (primary power interruption of Power Supply Unit) of the interruption are recorded.

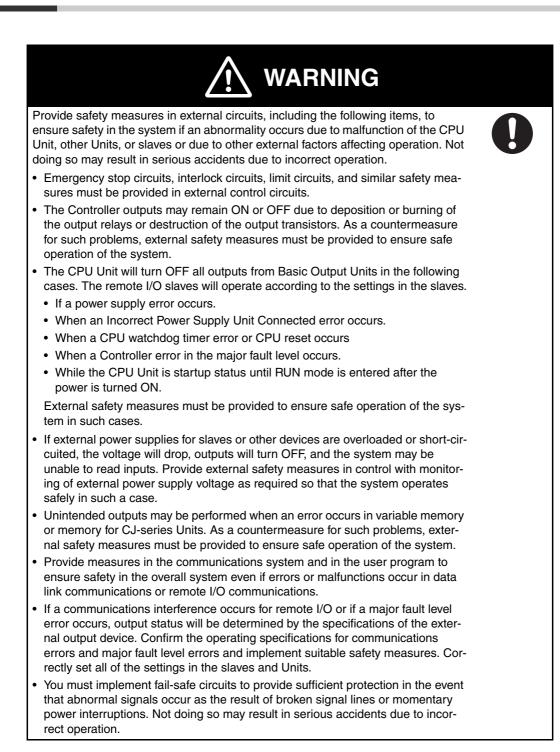
4-1-3 Resetting the Controller from the Sysmac Studio

You can reset the CPU Unit from the Sysmac Studio.

A reset from the Sysmac Studio performs the same operation as cycling the power supply of the Power Supply Unit. Resetting is possible, however, only when the CPU Unit is in PROGRAM mode. Confirm the following status before resetting the CPU Unit.

- Check the status of output loads.
- Make sure that SD Memory Card access is not in progress.

4-2 Fail-safe Circuits



4-2-1 Order of Powering Up the Controller and Controlled System

Outputs from Units, such as DC Output Units, may malfunction momentarily when the power to the Controller is turned ON. This may cause problems in the system if the Controller power supply is turned ON after the controlled system's power supply. To prevent possible malfunctions, add an external circuit that prevents the power supply to the controlled system from going ON before the power supply to the Controller itself.

Precautions for Safe Use

It takes approximately 10 to 20 s to enter RUN mode after the power supply is turned ON. During that time, outputs will be OFF or the values will be according to settings in the Units or slaves. Also, external communications cannot be performed. Use the RUN output on the Power Supply Unit, for example, to implement fail-safe circuits so that external devices do not operate incorrectly.

Output Unit Failure

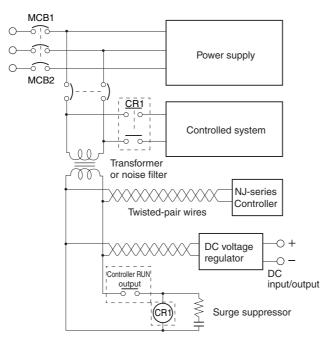
It is possible for an output to remain ON due to a malfunction in the internal circuitry of the Output Unit, such as a relay or transistor malfunction. Be sure to add any circuits necessary outside of the Controller to ensure the safety of the system in the event that an output fails to go OFF.

Power Supply Wiring and Emergency Stop Circuit

The following emergency stop circuit controls the power supply to the controlled system so that power is supplied to the controlled system only when the Controller is operating and the RUN output is ON. An external relay (CR1) is connected to the RUN output from the Power Supply Unit* as shown in the following diagram.

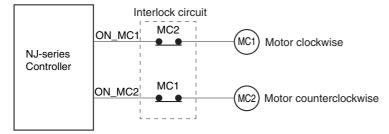
* A RUN output is provided only on the NJ-PA3001/-PD3001 Power Supply Unit.

Electrical Diagram



Interlock Circuits

When the Controller controls an operation such as the clockwise and counterclockwise operation of a motor, provide an external interlock such as the one shown in the following example to prevent both the forward and reverse outputs from turning ON at the same time if required by the application.



This circuit prevents outputs MC1 and MC2 from both being ON at the same time even if both Controller outputs ON_MC1 and ON_MC2 are ON due to a malfunction.

4-3 Mounting Units

Precautions for Correct Use

- Follow the instructions in this manual to correctly perform installation.
- Do not operate or store the Controller in the following locations. Doing so may cause operation to stop or incorrect operation.
 - Locations subject to direct sunlight.
 - Locations subject to temperatures or humidity outside the range specified in the specifications.
 - Locations subject to condensation as the result of severe changes in temperature.
 - · Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases.
 - · Locations subject to dirt, dust, salt, and metal powder.
 - Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals.
 - · Locations subject to shock or vibration.
- Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures when installing systems in the following locations:
 - Locations subject to strong, high-frequency noise.
 - · Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise.
 - Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields.
 - · Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity.
 - Locations close to power supplies.

4-3-1 Installation in a Control Panel

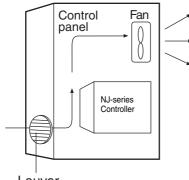
Installation in Cabinets or Control Panels

When the Controller is being installed in a cabinet or control panel, be sure to provide proper ambient conditions as well as access for operation and maintenance.

• Temperature Control

The ambient temperature within the enclosure must be within the operating range of 0 to 55° C. When necessary, take the following steps to maintain the proper temperature.

- Provide enough space for good air flow.
- Do not install the Controller directly above equipment that generates a large amount of heat such as heaters, transformers, or high-capacity resistors.
- If the ambient temperature exceeds 55°C, install a cooling fan or air conditioner.



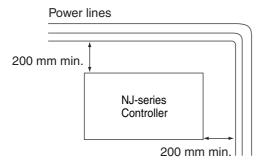
Louver

Accessibility for Operation and Maintenance

- To ensure safe access for operation and maintenance, separate the Controller as much as possible from high-voltage equipment and power machinery.
- It will be easy to operate the Controller if it is mounted at a height of 1.0 to 1.6 m above the floor.

Improving Noise Resistance

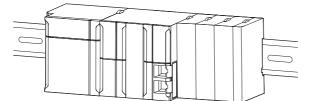
- Do not mount the Controller in a control panel containing high-voltage equipment.
- Install the Controller at least 200 mm away from power lines.



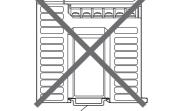
- Ground the mounting plate between the Controller and the mounting surface.
- When I/O Connecting Cables are 10 m or longer, connect the control panels in which Racks are mounted with heavier power wires (3 wires at least 2 mm² in cross-sectional area).

Controller Orientation

• Each Rack must be mounted in an upright position to provide proper cooling.



• Do not install a Rack in any of the following positions.



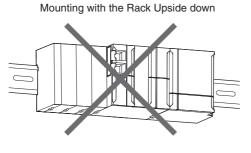
Mounting with the DIN Track on the Bottom

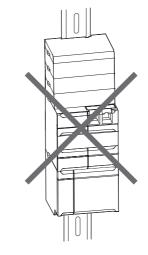
DIN Track

Mounting with the DIN Track on the Top DIN Track



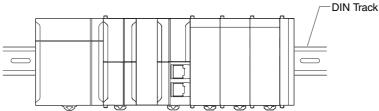
Mounting with the DIN Track Installed Vertically





Installation Method in Control Panels

An NJ-series Controller must be mounted inside a control panel on DIN Track. Normally the CPU Rack is installed on top and the Expansion Racks under it.



- Consider the width of wiring ducts, wiring, ventilation, and Unit replacement when determining the space between Racks.
- When you install Racks vertically, allow at least 66 mm between any two adjacent Racks.

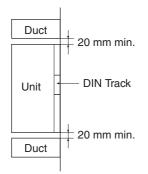


Additional Information

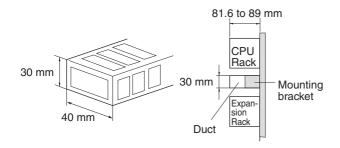
A Controller must be mounted on DIN Track. It cannot be mounted with screws.

• Wiring Ducts

Whenever possible, route I/O wiring through wiring ducts or raceways. Install mounting bracket so that it is easy to fish wire from the I/O Units through the duct. It is handy to have the duct at the same height as the Racks.



• Wiring Duct Example





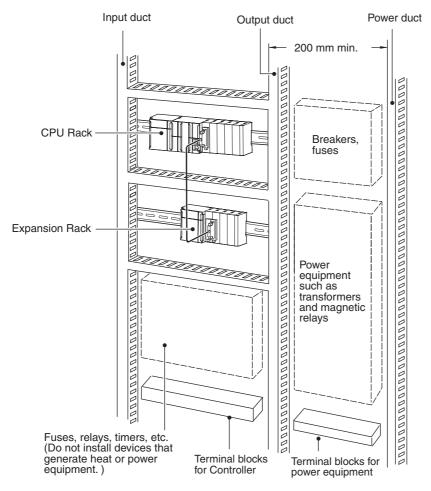
Tighten terminal block screws and cable screws to the following torques.

Terminal Screws M4: 1.2 N·m M3: 0.5 N·m

Cable Connector Screws M2.6: 0.2 N·m

• Routing Wiring Ducts

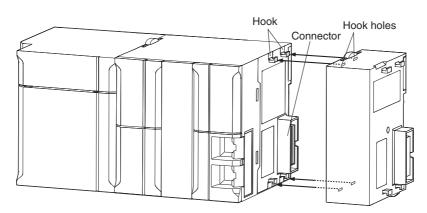
Install the wiring ducts at least 20 mm away from the tops of the Racks and any other objects (e.g., ceiling, wiring ducts, structural supports, devices, etc.) to provide enough space for air circulation and replacement of Units.



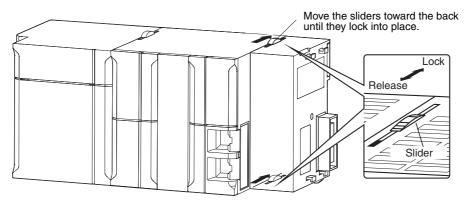
4-3-2 Connecting Controller Components

The Units that make up an NJ-series Controller can be connected simply by pressing the Units together and locking the sliders by moving them toward the back of the Units. The End Cover is connected in the same way to the Unit on the far right side of the Controller.

1 Join the Units so that the connectors fit exactly.

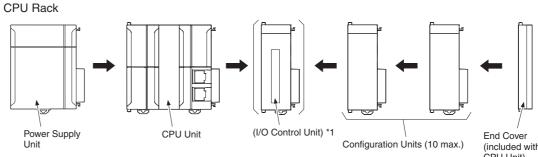


2 The yellow sliders at the top and bottom of each Unit lock the Units together. Move the sliders toward the back of the Units as shown below until they click into place.



Precautions for Correct Use

The sliders on the tops and bottoms of the Power Supply Unit, CPU Unit, I/O Units, Special I/O Units, and CPU Bus Units must be completely locked (until they click into place) after connecting the adjacent Unit connectors.

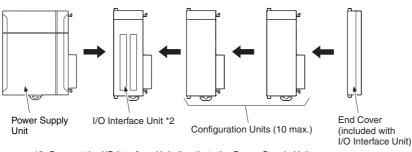


3 Attach the End Cover to the Unit on the far right side of the Rack.

> *1: Connect the I/O Control Unit directly to the CPU Unit to enable connecting Expansion Racks.



Expansion Rack



*2: Connect the I/O Interface Unit directly to the Power Supply Unit.

Additional Information

There is no Backplane for the NJ-series. The Controller is constructed by connecting Units together using the connectors on the sides.

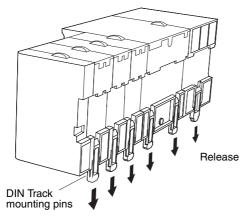
Precautions for Correct Use

- Always turn OFF the power supply before connecting Units to each other.
- · Always turn OFF the power supply to the entire system before replacing a Unit.
- A maximum of 10 Units can be connected in any one CPU Rack or Expansion Rack. If you connect more than that number, an Incorrect Unit/Expansion Rack Connection error (a major fault level Controller error) will occur, and the NJ-series CPU Unit will not operate.

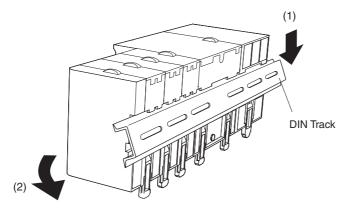
DIN Track Installation 4-3-3

Use the following procedure to install an NJ-series Controller on DIN Track.

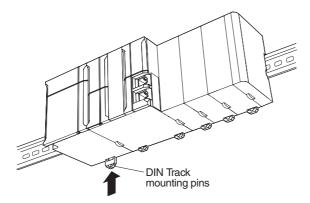
1 Release the pins on the backs of the NJ-series Units.



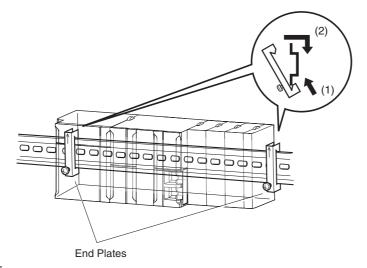
- 2 Fit the back of the Controller onto the DIN Track by inserting the top of the track and then pressing in at the bottom of the Controller, as shown below.



3 Lock the pins.



4 Install a DIN Track End Plate on each end of the Controller. To install an End Plate, hook the bottom on the bottom of the track, rotate the Plate to hook the top of the Plate on the top of the track, and then tighten the screw to lock the Plate in place.



Additional Information

To remove Units, perform the steps above in reverse order.

Precautions for Safe Use

Always turn OFF the power supply to the Controller before attempting any of the following.

- Mounting or removing I/O Units or CPU Units
- Assembling the Units.
- Setting DIP switches or rotary switches.
- · Connecting cables or wiring the system.
- · Connecting or disconnecting the connectors.

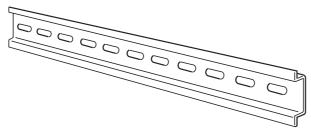
The Power Supply Unit continues to supply power to the Controller for up to several seconds after the power supply is turned OFF. The PWR indicator remains lit as long as power is supplied. Make sure that the PWR indicator is not lit before you perform any of the above operations.

DIN Track and Accessories

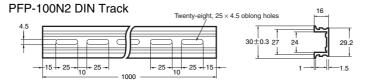
Use the DIN Track and DIN Track End Plates shown below. Secure each DIN Track inside a control panel with at least three screws.

• DIN Track

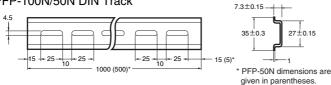
Model numbers: PFP-50N (50 cm), PFP-100N (100 cm), PFP-100N2 (100 cm)



Secure the DIN Track to the control panel using M4 screws separated by 210 mm (6 holes) or less and using at least 3 screws. The tightening torque is 1.2 N·m.



PFP-100N/50N DIN Track



• PFP-M DIN Track End Plates (2 required)



4-3-4 Connecting CJ-series Expansion Racks

CS/CJ-series I/O Connecting Cables are used to connect the NJ-series CPU Rack and CJ-series Expansion Racks.

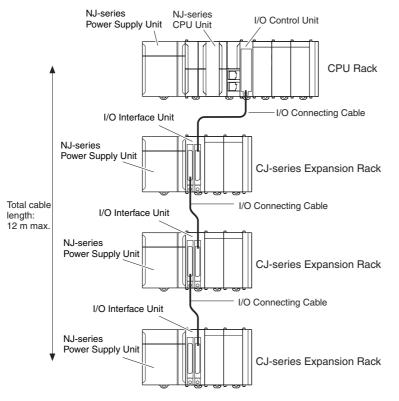
• CS/CJ-series I/O Connecting Cables

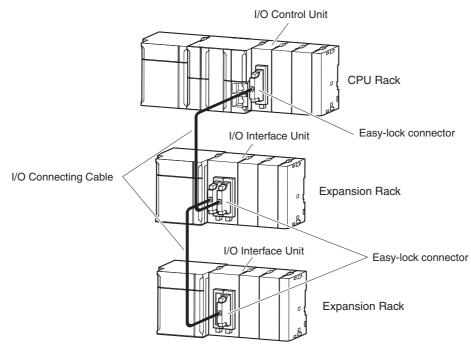


- These connectors are equipped with easy-lock connectors.
- Use them to connect the CPU Rack to an Expansion Rack or to connect two Expansion Racks.

Model number	Cable length
CS1W-CN313	0.3 m
CS1W-CN713	0.7 m
CS1W-CN223	2 m
CS1W-CN323	3 m
CS1W-CN523	5 m
CS1W-CN133	10 m
CS1W-CN133B2	12 m

- The CS/CJ-series I/O Connecting Cables are used to connect the I/O Control Unit on the NJseries CPU Rack to the I/O Interface Unit on a CJ-series Expansion Rack or to connect the I/O Interface Units on two CJ-series Expansion Racks.
- Install the Racks and select I/O Connecting Cables so that the total length of all I/O Connecting Cables does not exceed 12 m.
- The following diagram shows where each I/O Connecting Cable must be connected on each Rack. The Rack will not operate if the cables aren't connected properly.



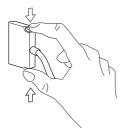


• The top and bottom of the connector are different. Be sure the connector is facing the correct direction before connecting it.

• Connecting the Easy-lock Connectors

Insert the connector until it locks in place. The Controller will not operate properly if the connector is not inserted completely.

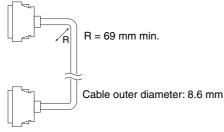
To remove the connector, press the tabs and pull on the connector.



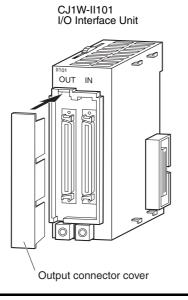


Precautions for Correct Use

- When using an I/O Connecting Cable with a locking connector, be sure that the connector is firmly locked in place before using it.
- Always turn OFF the power supply to the Controller before connecting a cable.
- An I/O bus check error will occur and the Controller will stop if an I/O Connecting Cable's connector is disconnected from the Rack. Be sure that the connectors are secure.
- A 63-mm hole will be required if the I/O Connecting Cable must pass through a hole when connecting an Expansion Rack.
- Do not bend the I/O Connecting cable past its natural bending radius or pull in it with excessive force.
- The cables can withstand a pulling force up to 49 N (11 lbs).
- The minimum bending radius is shown in the following diagram.

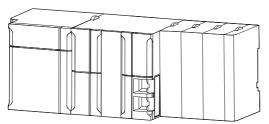


 Always attach the cover to the output connector (left side) on the last I/O Interface Unit on the last Expansion Rack to protect it from dust.



4-3-5 Assembled Appearance and Dimensions

The NJ-series Units, including the Power Supply Unit, the CPU Unit, and I/O Units, are connected to each other. An End Cover is connected to the right end.



Dimensions

Power Supply Unit

Model	Unit width (mm)
NJ-PA3001	70
NJ-PD3001	70

CPU Unit

Model	Unit width (mm)
NJ501-1500	90
NJ501-1400	
NJ501-1300	
NJ501-4500	
NJ501-4400	
NJ501-4300	
NJ501-4310	
NJ501-1520	
NJ501-1420	
NJ501-1320	
NJ501-4320	
NJ301-1200	
NJ301-1100	
NJ101-1000	
NJ101-9000	
NJ101-1020	
NJ101-9020	

End Cover

Model	Unit width (mm)
CJ1W-TER01	14.7

Other Units come into two widths: 20 mm and 31 mm.

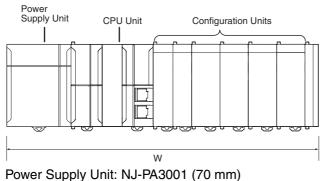
20-mm-wide Units

Name	Model	Unit width (mm)
I/O Control Unit	CJ1W-IC101	20
32-point Basic I/O Units	CJ1W-ID231/ID232/ID233	
	CJ1W-OD231/OD232/OD233/OD234	
B7A Interface Units	CJ1W-B7A22 CJ1W-B7A14 CJ1W-B7A04	

31-mm-wide Units

Name	Model	Unit width (mm)
I/O Interface Unit	CJ1W-II101	31
8-point and 16-point Basic I/O Units	CJ1W-ID201 CJ1W-ID211/212 CJ1W-IA111/201 CJ1W-OD20 CJ1W-OD211/212/213 CJ1W-OC201/211 CJ1W-OA201	
32-point Basic I/O Units	CJ1W-MD231/232/233	
64-point Basic I/O Units	CJ1W-ID261 CJ1W-OD261 CJ1W-MD261	•
	CJ1W-ID262 CJ1W-OD262/263 CJ1W-MD263/563	
Interrupt Input Unit	CJ1W-INT01	
Quick-response Input Unit	CJ1W-IDP01	
Analog I/O Units	CJ1W-ADDD-V1 CJ1W-AD042 CJ1W-DADD CJ1W-DA042V CJ1W-MAD42	
Process I/O Units	CJ1W-AD04U CJ1W-PH41U CJ1W-PDC15	
Temperature Control Units	CJ1W-TC 3/04	
High-speed Counter Unit	CJ1W-CT021	
ID Sensor Units	CJ1W-V680C11 CJ1W-V680C12	
Serial Communications Units	CJ1W-SCU22/32/42	
EtherNet/IP Unit	CJ1W-EIP21	
DeviceNet Unit	CJ1W-DRM21	
CompoNet Master Unit	CJ1W-CRM21	
PROFINET-IO Unit	CJ1W-PNT21	
PROFIBUS-DP Master Unit	CJ1W-PRM21	
PROFIBUS-DP Slave Unit	CJ1W-PRT21	

• Design Example for Width W

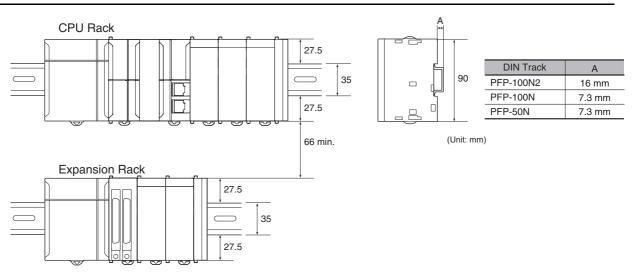


CPU Unit: NJ501-1500 (90 mm) Basic I/O Units: CJ1W-ID231 (20 mm) \times Special I/O Units: CJ1W-AD081-V1 (31 mm) \times CPU Bus Unit: CJ1W-EIP21 (31 mm) \times

 $W = 70 + 90 + 20 \times 2 + 31 \times 4 + 31 \times 1 + 14.7$ (End Cover) = 369.7 mm

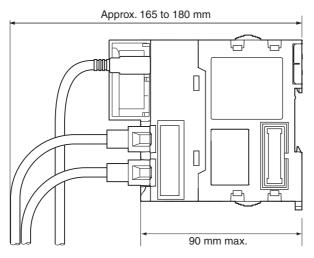
Refer to *Rack Current Consumption and Width Display* on page 3-18 for the procedure to check the width of each Rack from the Sysmac Studio.

Installation Dimensions



Installation Height

With a height of 90.0 mm, the CPU Unit is the highest component in an NJ-series CPU Rack. It is also higher than any Units on an Expansion Rack. When a cable is connected (such as a connecting cable to Support Software), however, even greater height is required. Allow sufficient depth in the control panel containing the Controller.



4-4 Wiring



 Do not input a voltage or current that exceeds the specified range into a Unit or slave. If a voltage or current that is outside the specified range is input, the Unit or slave may fail or a fire may occur.



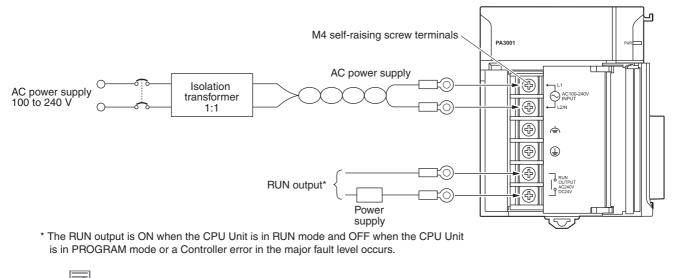
 Tighten terminal block screws and cable screws to the torques specified in this manual or in the reference manuals. Loose screws can cause fire or malfunction.

 Do not touch devices while power is supplied or immediately after the power supply is turned OFF. You may be burnt.

4-4-1 Power Supply Wiring

AC Power Supply Units

• NJ-PA3001 Power Supply Unit



Additional Information

The RUN output function is enabled only when mounted to a CPU Rack.

• AC Power Source

- Supply 100 to 240 VAC.
- Keep voltage fluctuations within the specified range:

Supply voltage	Allowable voltage fluctuations
100 to 240 VAC	85 to 264 VAC

• If one power supply phase of the equipment is grounded, connect the grounded phase side to the L2/N terminal.

Isolation Transformer

The Controller's internal noise isolation circuits are sufficient to control typical noise in power supply lines. Noise between the Controller and ground can be significantly reduced by connecting a 1- to-1 isolation transformer. Do not ground the secondary coil of the transformer.

• Power Supply Capacity

The power consumption will be 120 VA maximum. per Rack for the NJ-PA3001. When you select the power supply, consider that surge current will flow when the power is turned ON. Refer to *3-3-1 Models and Specifications* for information on surge current specifications.

RUN Output

This output is ON when the CPU Unit is operating; it is OFF when the CPU Unit is in PROGRAM mode or a Controller error in the major fault level occurs.

The RUN output can be used to control external systems, such as in an emergency stop circuit that turns OFF the power supply to external systems when the CPU Unit is not operating. (Refer to *4-2 Fail-safe Circuits* for more information.)

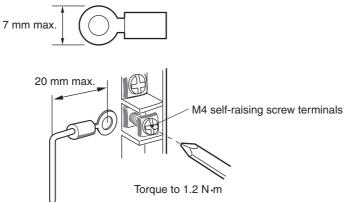
Item		NJ-PA3001
Contact form	SPST-NO	
Maximum switching	240 VAC:	2 A for resistive loads
capacity	120 VAC:	0.5 A for inductive loads
	24 VDC:	2 A for resistive loads

• Crimp Terminals

The terminals on the Power Supply Unit are M4, self-raising terminals with screws.

Precautions for Safe Use

- Use crimp terminals for wiring.
- · Do not connect bare stranded wires directly to terminals.
- Tighten the terminal block screws to a torque of 1.2 N·m.
- Use crimp terminals (M4) having the dimensions shown below.
 - Crimp Terminals for AC Power Supplies



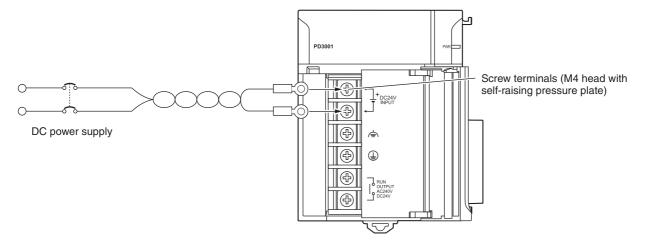
 Always remove any dustproof labels that are on the top of the Units when they are shipped before you turn ON the power supply. If the labels are not removed, heat will accumulate and malfunctions may occur.

Precautions for Correct Use

Do not allow wire clippings, shavings, or other foreign material to enter any Unit. Otherwise, Unit burning, failure, or malfunction may occur. Cover the Units or take other suitable countermeasures, especially during wiring work.

DC Power Supplies

NJ-PD3001 Power Supply Unit



DC Power Source

Supply 24 VDC. Keep voltage fluctuations within the specified range.

Model	Allowable voltage fluctuation range	
NJ-PD3001	19.2 to 28.8 VDC (24 VDC ±20%)	

Power Supply Capacity

The maximum power consumption is 50 W (NJ-PD3001) per Rack.

When you select the power supply, consider that surge current will flow when the power is turned ON.

Refer to 3-3-1 Models and Specifications for information on surge current specifications.

RUN Output

This output is ON when the CPU Unit is operating; it is OFF when the CPU Unit is in PROGRAM mode or a Controller error in the major fault level occurs.

The RUN output can be used to control external systems, such as in an emergency stop circuit that turns OFF the power supply to external systems when the CPU Unit is not operating. (Refer to *4-2 Fail-safe Circuits* for more information.)

Item	NJ-PD3001	
Contact form	SPST-NO	
Maximum switching	240 VAC:	2 A for resistive loads
capacity	120 VAC:	0.5 A for inductive loads
	24 VDC:	2 A for resistive loads

Crimp Terminals

The terminals on the Power Supply Unit are M4, self-raising terminals with screws.

Precautions for Safe Use

- Use crimp terminals for wiring.
- Do not connect bare stranded wires directly to terminals.
- Tighten the terminal block screws to the torque of 1.2 N·m.
- Use crimp terminals (M4) having the dimensions shown below. Crimp Terminals for DC Power Supplies

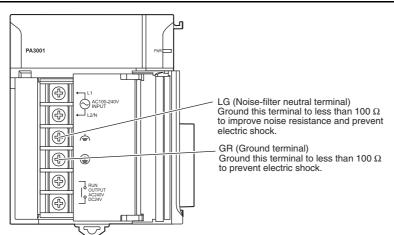


 Always remove any dustproof labels that are on the top of the Units when they are shipped before you turn ON the power supply. If the labels are not removed, heat will accumulate and malfunctions may occur.

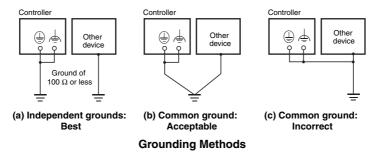
Precautions for Correct Use

Do not allow wire clippings, shavings, or other foreign material to enter any Unit. Otherwise, Unit burning, failure, or malfunction may occur. Cover the Units or take other suitable countermeasures, especially during wiring work.

Grounding



- The line ground terminal (LG: $rac{}$) is a noise-filtered neutral terminal. If noise is a significant source of errors or electrical shocks are a problem, connect the line ground terminal to the ground terminal and ground both with a ground resistance of less than 100 Ω .
- If the LG and GR terminals are connected, ground to a resistance of 100 Ω or less to prevent electric shock.
- The ground wire should not be more than 20 m long.
- The NJ-/CJ-series Controllers are designed to be mounted so that they are isolated (separated) from the mounting surface to protect them from the effects of noise in the installation environment (e.g., the control panel).
- Do not share the Controller's ground with other equipment or ground the Controller to the metal structure of a building. Doing so may worsen operation. Whenever possible, use an independent ground (with the ground pole separated by a minimum of 10 m from any other ground pole).
- Ground to 100 Ω or less, and if possible use a separate ground from those of other devices. (Refer to figure (a) in the diagram below.)
- If using an independent ground is not possible, then use a common ground as shown in figure (b). Connect to the ground pole of the other device.



Crimp Terminals

The terminals on the Power Supply Unit are M4, self-raising terminals with screws.

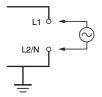
Precautions for Safe Use

- Use crimp terminals for wiring.
- · Do not connect bare stranded wires directly to terminals.
- Tighten the terminal block screws to the torque of 1.2 N·m.
- Use crimp terminals (M4) having the dimensions shown below.

• Crimp Terminals for DC Power Supply



• When wiring an AC Power Supply Unit, if one power supply phase of the equipment is grounded, always connect the grounded phase to the L2/N terminal.



4-4-2 Wiring the Built-in EtherCAT Port

For information on wiring the built-in EtherCAT port, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in Ether-CAT Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W505).

4-4-3 Wiring CJ-series Basic I/O Units with Terminal Blocks

Precautions for Wiring I/O Units

• I/O Unit Specifications

Double-check the specifications for the I/O Units. Be particularly careful of the following to prevent failure, damage, and fires.

- Make sure that voltages of the external power supplies are within the ratings of the I/O Units.
- Make sure that load currents are within the ratings of the Output Units.
- Make sure that power supply terminals with polarity are connected correctly.

• Electric Wires

• The following wire gauges are recommended.

Terminal Block Connector	Wire Size		
18-terminal	AWG 22 to 18 (0.32 to 0.82 mm ²)		

• The current capacity of electric wire depends on factors such as the ambient temperature and insulation thickness as well as the gauge of the conductor.

• Crimp Terminals

The terminals on the I/O Unit are M3, self-raising terminals with screws.



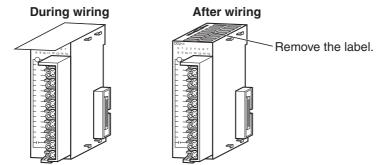
Precautions for Safe Use

- Use crimp terminals for wiring.
- Do not connect bare stranded wires directly to terminals.
- Tighten the terminal block screws to the torque of 0.5 N·m.
- Use crimp terminals (M3) having the dimensions shown below.

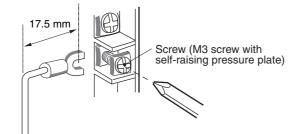
6.2 mm max.	6.2 mm max.]
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• Wiring

- · Make sure that all Units are connected properly.
- Do not allow wire clippings, shavings, or other foreign material to enter any Unit during wiring.
- To allow heat to dissipate, always remove any dustproof labels that are on the top of the Units before you turn ON the power supply.

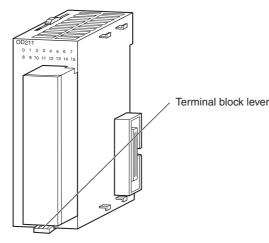


- Wire the Units so that they can be easily replaced.
- Make sure that the I/O indicators are not covered by the wiring.
- Do not place the wiring for I/O Units in the same duct or raceway as power lines. Inductive noise can cause errors in operation.
- Tighten the terminal screws to the torque of 0.5 N·m.



Terminal Blocks

- The I/O Units are equipped with removable terminal blocks. The lead wires do not have to be removed from the terminal block to remove it from an I/O Unit.
- After you complete wiring, check to see if the terminal block is securely locked.



CJ-series Basic I/O Unit

4-4-4 Wiring CJ-series Basic I/O Units with Connectors

This section describes wiring for CJ-series Basic I/O Units with connectors (32- and 64-point Units). Depending on the connector, the following methods are used to connect these Units to external I/O devices.

- Use an OMRON Connecting Cable (equipped with a special connector) to connect to a Terminal Block or Relay Terminal.
- Use a special connector and make your own cable.

Precautions for Safe Use

- Do not apply voltages that exceeds the input voltages for Input Units or the maximum ratings of Output Units.
- When the power supply has positive and negative terminals, be sure to wire them correctly.
- Use the power supply in SELV specifications for the DC power supplies connected to DC I/O Units when required by EU Directives (low voltage).
- When connecting the connector to the I/O Unit, tighten the connector screws to a torque of 0.2 $\text{N}{\cdot}\text{m}{\cdot}$
- Turn ON the power after checking the connector's wiring.
- Do not pull the cable. Doing so will damage the cable.
- Bending the cable too sharply can damage or break wiring in the cable.

Additional Information

CJ-series Basic I/O Units with 32 or 64 points and Fujitsu connectors have the same connector pin allocations as the C200H High-density I/O Units and CS-series I/O Units with connectors to make them compatible.

Connecting to a Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit or I/O Relay Terminal

For details on using OMRON Connecting Cables equipped with special connectors to connect Basic I/O Units with connectors to OMRON Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units or I/O Relay Terminals, refer to *A-2-4 Connecting Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units and I/O Relay Terminals*.

Using User-made Cables with Connector

• Available Connectors

Use the following connectors when assembling a connector and cable.

CJ-series 32- and 64-point Basic I/O Units with Fujitsu Connectors Applicable Units

Model	Specifications	Pins
CJ1W-ID231	Input Unit, 24 VDC, 32 inputs	40
CJ1W-ID261	Input Unit, 24 VDC, 64 inputs	
CJ1W-OD231	Transistor Output Unit with Sinking Outputs, 32 outputs	
CJ1W-OD261	Transistor Output Unit with Sinking Outputs, 64 outputs	
CJ1W-MD261	24-VDC Input/Transistor Output Units, 32 Inputs, 32 Outputs	
CJ1W-MD231	24-VDC Input/Transistor Output Units, 16 Inputs, 16 Outputs	24

Applicable Cable-side Connectors

Connection	Pins	OMRON set	Fujitsu parts
Solder-type			Socket: FCN-361J040-AU Connector cover: FCN-360C040-J2
	24	C500-CE241	Socket: FCN-361J024-AU Connector cover: FCN-360C024-J2
Crimped	40	C500-CE405	Socket: FCN-363J040 Connector cover: FCN-360C040-J2 Contacts: FCN-363J-AU
	24	C500-CE242	Socket: FCN-363J024 Connector cover: FCN-360C024-J2 Contacts: FCN-363J-AU
Pressure-welded	40	C500-CE403	FCN-367J040-AU/F
	24	C500-CE243	FCN-367J024-AU/F

Model	Specifications	Pins
CJ1W-ID232	Input Unit, 24 VDC, 32 inputs	40
CJ1W-ID233		
CJ1W-ID262	Input Unit, 24 VDC, 64 inputs	
CJ1W-OD232	Transistor Output Unit with sourcing outputs, 32 outputs	
CJ1W-OD262	Transistor Output Unit with sourcing outputs, 64 outputs	
CJ1W-OD233	Transistor Output Unit with sinking outputs, 32 outputs	
CJ1W-OD234		
CJ1W-OD263	Transistor Output Unit with sinking outputs, 64 outputs	
CJ1W-MD263	24-VDC Input/Transistor Output Units, 32 inputs, 32 outputs	
CJ1W-MD563	TTL Input/TTL Output Units, 32 inputs, 32 outputs	
CJ1W-MD232	24-VDC Input/Transistor Output Units, 16 inputs, 16 outputs	20
CJ1W-MD233	24-VDC Input/Transistor Output Units, 16 inputs, 16 outputs	

CJ-series 32- and 64-point Basic I/O Units with MIL Connectors Applicable Units

Applicable Cable-side Connectors

Connection	Pins	OMRON set DDK parts	
Pressure-welded	40	XG4M-4030-T	FRC5-A040-3TOS
	20	XG4M-2030-T	FRC5-A020-3TOS

• Wire Size

We recommend using cable with wire gauges of AWG 24 or AWG 28 (0.2 mm² to 0.08 mm²). Use cable with external wire diameters of 1.61 mm max.

Wiring Procedure

The following wiring procedure is an example for Fujitsu connectors.

1 Check that each Unit is installed securely.

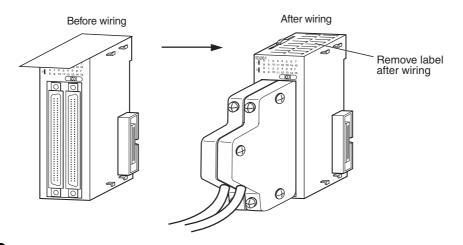


Precautions for Correct Use

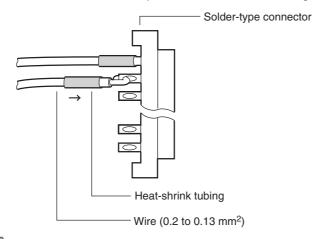
Do not force the cables.

2 Cover the Unit while wiring to prevent wire clippings from entering the Unit. If there is a dustproof label on the top of the Unit, do not remote it before you wire the Unit.

(Remove the label or other covering after wiring has been completed to allow air circulation needed for cooling.)



3 When solder-type connectors are being used, be sure not to accidentally short adjacent terminals. Cover the solder joint with heat-shrink tubing.



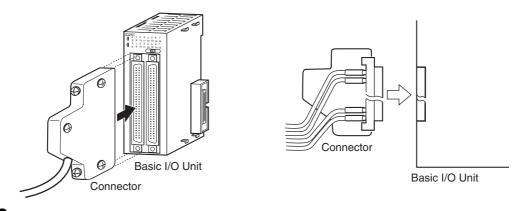


Precautions for Safe Use

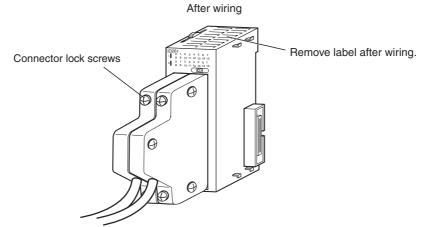
If the external power supply to an Output Unit has polarity, connect it with the correct polarity. If the polarity is reversed, current may flow in the reverse direction and damage the connected devices regardless of the operation of the Controller.

- Connector cover Small screws (3) Socket Socket Nuts (3) Socket So
- 4 Assemble the connector (purchased separately).

5 Insert the wired connector.



6 (Remove the label or other covering after wiring has been completed to allow air circulation needed for cooling.)

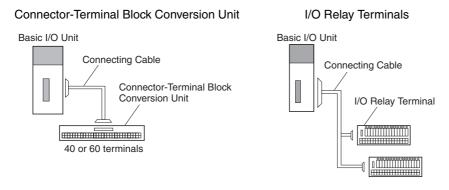


Tighten the connector lock screws to a torque of 0.2 N·m.

4-4-5 Connecting to Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units or I/O Relay Terminals

OMRON Connecting Cable can be used to connect Basic I/O Units with Connectors to OMRON Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units or to OMRON I/O Relay Terminals. For details, refer to A-2-4 Connecting Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units and I/O Relay Terminals.

• Connection Examples



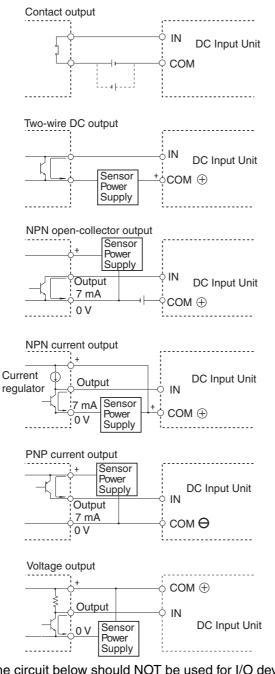
4-4-6 Connecting I/O Devices

Input Devices

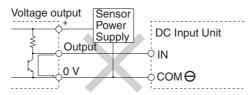
Use the following information for reference when selecting or connecting input devices.

DC Input Units

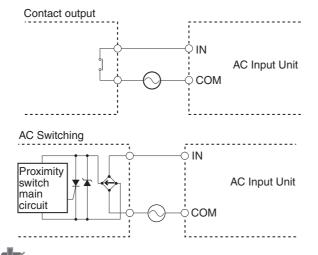
The following types of DC input devices can be connected.



• The circuit below should NOT be used for I/O devices having a voltage output.



AC Input Units



Precautions for Correct Use

When using a reed switch as the input contact for an AC Input Unit, use a switch with an allowable current of 1 A or greater. If reed switches with smaller allowable currents are used, the contacts may fuse due to surge currents.

Precautions when Connecting a Two-wire DC Sensor

When using a two-wire sensor with a 24-VDC input device, check that the following conditions have been met. Failure to meet these conditions may result in operating errors.

(1) Relation between voltage when the Controller is ON and the sensor residual voltage:

 $V\text{ON} \leq V\text{CC} - V\text{R}$

(2) Relation between voltage when the Controller is ON and sensor control output (load current):

$$\begin{split} & \text{IOUT (min)} \leq \text{ION} \leq \text{IOUT (max.)} \\ & \text{ION} = (\text{VCC} - \text{VR} - 1.5 \text{ [Controller internal residual voltage]})/\text{RIN} \end{split}$$

When ION is smaller than IOUT (min), connect a bleeder resistor R. The bleeder resistor constant can be calculated as follows: $R \le (VCC - VR)/(IOUT (min.) - ION)$ Power $W \ge (VCC - VR)^2/R \times 4$ [allowable margin] VCC: ON voltage to Input Unit VR: Sensor output residual current ION: Input Unit ON current IOUT: Sensor control current (load current) RIN: Input Unit input impedance

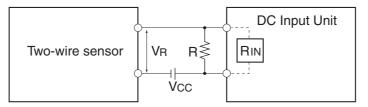
(3) Relation between current when the Controller is OFF and sensor leakage current:

 $IOFF \ge Ileak$

Connect a bleeder resistor if I_{leak} is greater than IOFF. Use the following equation to calculate the bleeder resistance constant.

 $R \leq (RIN \times VOFF)/(Ileak \times RIN - VOFF)$

Power W \geq (VCC - VR)²/R \times 4 [allowable margin]



R:

VCC: Power voltage

- VON: Controller ON voltage
- VOFF: Controller OFF voltage
- ION: Controller ON current
- IOFF: Controller OFF current
- RIN: Controller input impedance

(4) Precautions on Sensor Surge Current

An incorrect input may occur if a sensor is turned ON after the Controller has started up to the point where inputs are possible. Determine the time required for sensor operation to stabilize after the sensor is turned ON and take appropriate measures, such as inserting a timer delay into the user program after turning ON the sensor.

Ileak: Sensor leakage current

Bleeder resistance

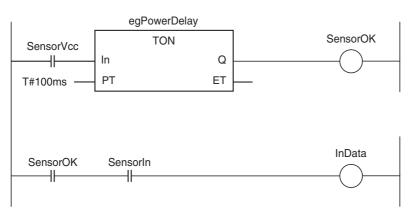
VR: Sensor output residual current

IOUT: Sensor control current (load current)

Programming Example

In this example, the sensor's power supply voltage is used as the input to *SensorVcc*. A timer delay (100 ms for an OMRON Proximity Sensor) is added to the user program to wait for sensor operation to stabilize. After the timer times out and then the *SensorOK* input changes to TRUE, a sensor input to the *SensorIn* input causes *InData* to change to TRUE.

Variable	Data type	Initial value	Address	Comment
SensorVcc	BOOL	FALSE	IOBus://rack#0/slot#0/Ch1_In/Ch1_In00	Sensor power supply volt- age
SensorIn	BOOL	FALSE	IOBus://rack#0/slot#0/Ch1_In/Ch1_In01	Input from sensor
SensorOK	BOOL	FALSE		Sensor stable operation flag
InData	BOOL	FALSE		Sensor input data valid flag
egPowerDelay	TON			Sensor input delay timer



Output Wiring Precautions

Output Short-circuit Protection

If a load connected to the output terminals is short-circuited, output components and the printed circuit boards may be damaged. To guard against this, incorporate a fuse in the external circuit. Use a fuse with a capacity of about twice the rated output.

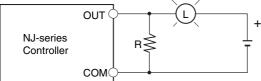
• Transistor Output Residual Voltage

A TTL circuit cannot be connected directly to a transistor output because of the transistor's residual voltage. It is necessary to connect a pull-up resistor and a CMOS IC between the two.

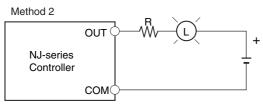
• Output Surge Current

When connecting a transistor or triac output to an output device having a high surge current (such as an incandescent lamp), steps must be taken to avoid damage to the transistor or triac. Use either of the following methods to reduce the surge current.

Method 1



Add a resistor that draws about 1/3 of the dark current consumed by the bulb.



Add a control resistor.

4-4-7 Wiring the Built-in EtherCAT Port

For information on wiring the built-in EtherCAT port, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in Ether-Net/IP Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W506).

4-4-8 Wiring B7A Interface Units

Terminal Arrangement

Terminal	Name	Function	Word	Appearance
1	Port 1 power supply: V1	Connect to the + terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 1 (only when using a common power supply).	n	Connector with clamps
2	Port 1 signal: SIG1	Connect to the SIG terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 1.		⊕ (1) V 1 sig Ξ ² (2) S I G 1
3	Port 1 ground: G1	Connect to the – terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 1.		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4	Port 2 power supply: V2	Connect to the + terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 2 (only when using a common power supply).	n+1	
5	Port 2 signal: SIG2	Connect to the SIG terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 2.		
6	Port 2 ground: G2	Connect to the – terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 2.		
7	Port 3 power supply: V3	Connect to the + terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 3 (only when using a common power supply).	n+2	
8	Port 3 signal: SIG3	Connect to the SIG terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 3.		
9	Port 3 ground: G3	Connect to the – terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 3.		
10	Port 4 power supply: V4	Connect to the + terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 4 (only when using a common power supply).	n+3	
11	Port 4 signal: SIG4	Connect to the SIG terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 4.		
12	Port 4 ground: G4	Connect to the – terminal of the B7A Link Terminal to be connected to port 4.		
13	+ power supply: V	Connect to the + terminal of the external power supply.		1
14	– power supply: G	Connect to the - terminal of the external power supply.]	

Note Terminals V1, V2, V3, V4, and V are connected internally in the Unit, and terminals G1, G2, G3, G4, and G are connected internally in the Unit.

Preparing and Connecting Cables

Use the following procedure to prepare and connect the cables.

Precautions for Correct Use

Always turn OFF the Unit's power supply and communications power supply before attaching or removing connectors.

1 Preparing the Covering

First, use the following procedure to prepare the cable.

(1) Strip approximately 10 mm of the sheath covering the signal lines to match the crimp terminals. Next, twist together the wires of each signal line firmly.

Approx. 10 mm

(2) Use vinyl tape or a heat-shrink tube to cover the end of the VCTF cable sheath, as shown in the following diagram.



2 Preparing Cable Signal Lines

Attach the crimp terminals to the cable's signal lines.

(1) Attaching Crimp Terminals Insert the end of the cable into the terminal and crimp.

Sleeve

Crimp terminal Signal line

Recommended Crimp Terminals for Cables

Model	Manufacturer
AI-series AI0.75-8GY	PHOENIX CONTACT
(Product code: 3200519)	
H0.75/14	Nihon Weidmuller Co., Ltd.
(Product code: 046290)	
TE-0.75	NICHIFU Co., Ltd.

(2) Insulate the stripped end of each signal line with vinyl tape or heat-shrink tubing.

Precautions for Correct Use

Always use the specified crimp tool to attach the crimp terminals. If a crimp tool is not used, the cable will not be crimped properly, which may cause the cable to become detached from the terminal.

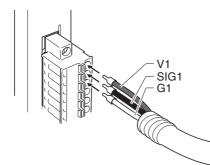
The following crimp tools are available.

Model	Manufacturer		
UD6 (Product code: 1204436)	PHOENIX CONTACT		
or ZA3 Series			
Crimper PZ1.5	Nihon Weidmuller Co., Ltd.		
(Product code: 900599)			
NH77	NICHIFU Co., Ltd.		

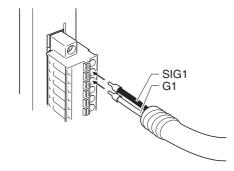
3 Connecting Cables

Use the following procedure to connect cables to the connection terminals.

- (1) Orient the connector properly, and then insert the signal lines fully into the back of each terminal hole in the connector, as shown in the following diagram. (The signal lines are secured in this way, without requiring the use of a tool.) If crimp terminals are not used on the signal lines, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to press down on the orange tab to insert the signal lines.
- Power Supply on One Side (Common Power Supply)



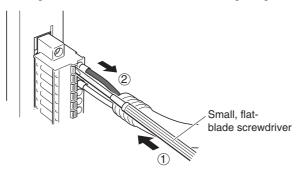
• Power Supply on Both Sides (Separate Power Supplies)





Additional Information

To remove the signal lines from the connector, press down on the orange tab while pulling out the signal line, as shown in the following diagram.





Precautions for Correct Use

To remove the connector from the Unit, fully unscrew the set screws from both sides of the connector, and then remove the connector. Forcibly pulling the connector while the set screws are still attached may damage the connector.

Connection Diagrams



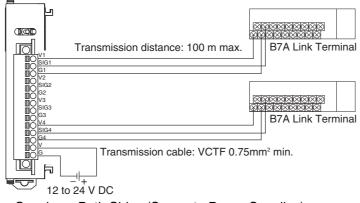
Precautions for Correct Use

- Confirm that terminals are connected correctly. If connections are incorrect, the internal components of the B7A Interface Unit and B7A Link Terminal may be damaged.
- Route the signal lines in separate ducts both inside and outside the control panel to isolate them from power lines.
- Connect cables at a distance that is within the range given in the specifications.
- Always turn OFF the power to the CPU Unit and all other Units before connecting the communications cables.
- Always lay communications cables within ducts.

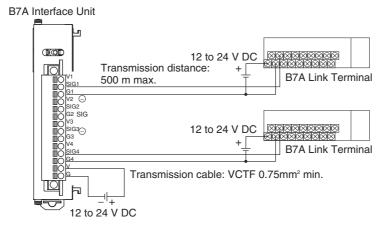
Standard Mode

• Power Supply on One Side (Common Power Supply)

B7A Interface Unit

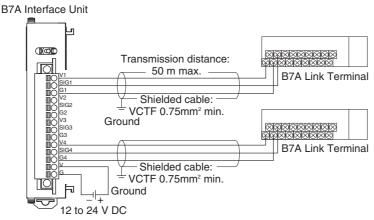


• Power Supply on Both Sides (Separate Power Supplies)

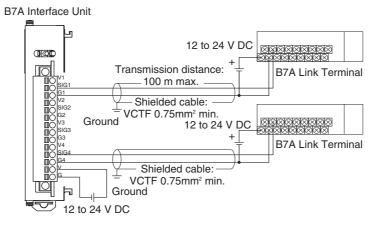


• High-speed Mode

- **Note** If shielded cable is not used, the maximum transmission distance is 10 m regardless of whether a common or separate power supplies are used. (Use VCTF cable of 0.75 mm² or higher.)
 - Power Supply on One Side (Common Power Supply)



• Power Supply on Both Sides (Separate Power Supplies)



4-5 Control Panel Installation

To ensure system reliability and safety, the system must be designed and configured according to the installation environment (temperature, humidity, vibration, shock, corrosive gases, overcurrent, noise, etc.).

4-5-1 Temperature

Panels have been reduced in size due to space-saving and miniaturization in devices and systems, and the temperature inside the panel may be at least 10 to 15° C higher than outside the panel. Implement the following measures against overheating at the installation site and in the panel, and allow a sufficient margin for the temperature.

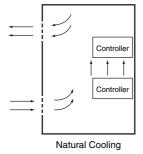
High Temperatures

Use the following cooling methods as required, taking into account the ambient temperature and the amount of heating inside the panel.

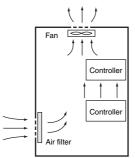
Natural Cooling

Natural cooling relies on natural ventilation through slits in the panel, rather than using cooling devices such as fans or coolers. When using this method, observe the following points.

- Do not install the Controller at the top of the panel, where hot air tends to stagnate.
- To provide ventilation space above and below the Controller, leave sufficient distance from other devices, wiring ducts, etc.
- Do not mount the Units in the wrong direction (e.g., vertically or upside down). Doing so may cause abnormal heating in the Controller.
- Do not install the Controller directly above any heat-generating equipment, such as heaters, transformers, and devices with high resistance.
- Do not install the Controller in a location exposed to direct sunlight.

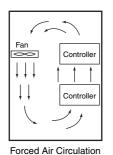


• Forced Ventilation (by Fan at Top of Panel)

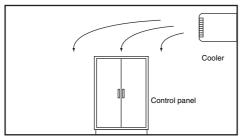


Forced Ventilation Method

• Forced Air Circulation (by Fan in Closed Panel)



• Room Cooling (Cooling the Entire Room Where the Control Panel Is Located)



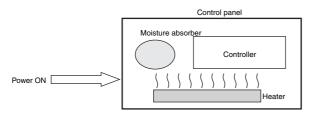
Room Cooling

Low Temperatures

The Controller may not start normally if the temperature is below 0°C when the power is turned ON. Maintain an air temperature of at least approximately 5°C inside the panel, by implementing measures such as installing a low-capacity space heater in the panel. Alternatively, leave the Controller power ON to keep the Controller warm.

4-5-2 Humidity

Rapid temperature changes can cause condensation to occur, resulting in malfunctioning due to shortcircuiting. When there is a possibility of this occurring, take measures against condensation, such as leaving the Controller power ON at night or installing a heater in the control panel to keep it warmer.



Examples of Measures against Condensation

4-5-3 Vibration and Shock

The Controller is tested for conformity with the sine wave vibration test method (IEC 60068-2-6) and the shock test method (IEC 60068-2-27) of the Environmental Testing for Electrotechnical Products. It is designed so that malfunctioning will not occur within the specifications for vibration and shock. If, however, the Controller is to be used in a location in which it will be directly subjected to regular vibration or shock, then implement the following countermeasures:

- Either separate the control panel from the source of the vibration or shock, or secure the Controller and the panel with rubber padding to prevent vibration.
- Make the building or the floor vibration-resistant.
- To prevent shock when other devices in the panel such as electromagnetic contactors operate, secure either the source of the shock or the Controller with rubber padding.

4-5-4 Atmosphere

Using the Controller in any of the following locations can cause defective contact with connectors and corrosion of components. Implement countermeasures such as purging the air as required.

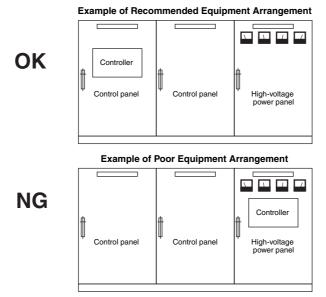
- In locations exposed to dust, dirt, salt, metal powder, soot, or organic solvents, use a panel with an airtight structure. Be careful of temperature increases inside the panel.
- In locations exposed to corrosive gas, purge the air inside the panel to clear the gas and then pressurize the inside of the panel to prevent gas from entering from outside.
- In locations where flammable gas is present, either use an explosion-protected construction or do not use the Controller.

4-5-5 Electrical Environment

When installing or wiring devices, make sure that there will be no danger to people and that noise will not interfere with electrical signals.

Controller Installation Location

Install the Controller as far away as possible from high-voltage (600 V or higher) and power devices to ensure safe operation and maintenance.

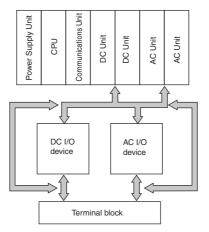


Examples of Equipment Arrangement in Panel with High-voltage Devices

Arrangement of Controller and Units

Observe the following points.

- Place a Unit that does not generate much noise next to the CPU Unit, such as an Input Unit or Communications Unit.
- The coils and contacts in electromagnetic contactors and relays in an external circuit are sources of noise. Do not install them close to the Controller. Locate them at least 100 mm away from the Controller.

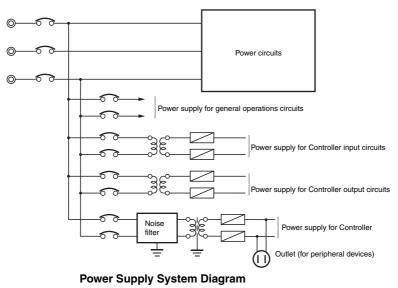


Example of Arrangement in Panel

Wire Layout for the Power Supply System

Observe the following points when wiring the power supply system.

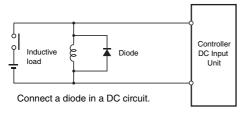
- Separate the Controller power supply from the I/O device power supply and install a noise filter near the Controller power supply feed section.
- Use an isolating transformer to significantly reduce noise between the Controller and the ground. Install the isolating transformer between the Controller power supply and the noise filter, and do not ground the secondary coil of the transformer.
- Keep the wiring between the transformer and the Controller as short as possible, twist the wires well, and keep the wiring separate from high-voltage and power lines.



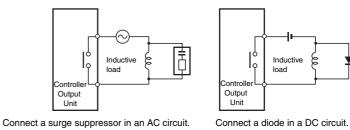
Wiring External I/O Signal Lines

Observe the following points when wiring external I/O signal lines.

To absorb reverse electromotive force when an inductive load is connected to an output signal, connect a surge suppressor near the inductive load in an AC circuit, or connect a diode near the inductive load in a DC circuit.

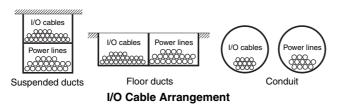


Input Signal Noise Countermeasures



Output Signal Noise Countermeasures

 Never bundle output signal lines with high-voltage or power lines, and do not route them in close proximity or parallel to such lines. If output signal lines must be routed in close proximity to such lines, place them in separate ducts or conduits and be sure to ground the ducts or conduits.



If the signal lines and power lines cannot be routed in separate ducts, use shielded cable. Connect the shield to the ground terminal at the Controller, and leave it unconnected at the input device.

- Wire the lines so that common impedance does not occur. Such wiring will increase the number of wires, so use common return circuits. Use thick wires with sufficient allowance for the return circuits, and bundle them with lines of the same signal level.
- For long I/O lines, wire the input and output signal lines separately.
- Use twisted-pair wires for pilot lamps (and particularly lamps with filaments).
- Use countermeasures, such as CR surge absorbers and diodes, for input device and output load device noise sources, as required.

External Wiring

Wiring, and noise countermeasures in particular, are based on experience, and it is necessary to closely manage wiring based on experience and information in the manuals.

• Wiring Routes

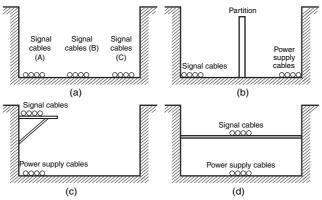
Each of the following combinations includes different signal types, properties, or levels. They will cause the signal-to-noise ratio to drop due to factors such as electrical induction. As a general rule when wiring, either use separate cables or separate wiring routes for these items. Future maintenance operations and changes to the system will also be made easier by carefully organizing the wiring from the start.

- · Power lines and signal lines
- Input signals and output signals
- · Analog signals and digital signals
- · High-level signals and low-level signals
- · Communications lines and power lines
- DC signals and AC signals
- · High-frequency devices (such as Inverters) and signal lines (communications)

• Wiring Methods

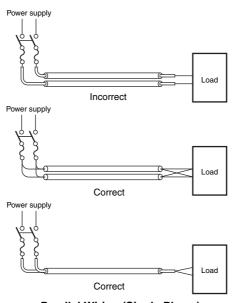
Observe the following points when wiring power supply and signal cables.

- When routing signal cables with differing characteristics through the same duct, always keep them separated.
- As much as possible, avoid routing multiple power supply lines through the same duct. If it cannot be avoided, then construct a partition between them in the duct and ground the partition.



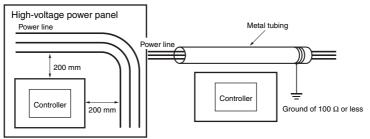
Partitioning Methods for Signal and Power Supply Cables

• To avoid overheating the conduits when using conduits for wiring, do not place wires for a single circuit in separate conduits.



Parallel Wiring (Single Phase)

- Power cables and signal cables adversely affect each other. Do not wire them in parallel.
- Noise induction may occur if the Controller is installed in a panel that includes high-voltage devices. Wire and install them as far apart as possible. (Refer to *Controller Installation Location* on page 4-52.)
- Either install the Controller a minimum of 200 mm away from high-voltage lines or power lines, or place the high-voltage lines or power lines in metal tubing and completely ground the metal tubing to 100 Ω or less.



Example: Separating Controller from Power Lines

Other Precautions

• Basic I/O Units have both plus and minus commons, so pay attention to the polarity when wiring.

4-5-6 Grounding

This section describes the earthing methods and precautions.

Considerations for Earthing Methods

Local potential fluctuations due to lightning or noise occurred by power devices will cause potential fluctuations between ground terminals of devices. This potential fluctuation may result in device malfunction or damage. To prevent this, it is necessary to suppress the occurrence of a difference in electrical potential between ground terminals of devices. You need to consider the earthing methods to achieve this objective.

The recommended earthing methods for each usage condition are given in the following table.

	Earthing methods			
		Star ea		
Specification of communications cables for EtherCAT and EtherNet/IP	Equipoten- tial bonding system	Connecting devices and noise sources to separate earth elec- trodes	Connecting devices and noise sources to a common earth electrode	Daisy chain
The cable shield connected to the connector hood at both ends of the communications cable ^{*1}	Recom- mended	Recommended	Not recom- mended	Not recom- mended
The cable shield connected to the connector hood at only one end of the communications cable ^{*2}	Recom- mended	Recommended	Not recom- mended	Not recom- mended
Neither EtherCAT nor EtherNet/IP used	Recom- mended	Recommended	Not recom- mended	Not recom- mended

*1 Use this cable when using EtherCAT or when using EtherNet/IP with 1000BASE-T.

*2 You can use either of cables when not using EtherCAT or when using EtherNet/IP with 100BASE-TX or 10BASE-T.



Additional Information

- In a country or region where the earthing method is regulated, you must comply with the regulations. Refer to the applicable local and national ordinances of the place where you install the system, or other international laws and regulations.
- For details on wiring EtherCAT or EtherNet/IP, refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual (Cat. No. W505) or the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual (Cat. No. W506).
- Ethernet switches are used with the EtherNet/IP. For information on the environmental resistance of the Ethernet switch to use, the grounding between Ethernet switches, or the specifications of cables, ask the Ethernet switch manufacturer.

Each of these earthing methods is given below.

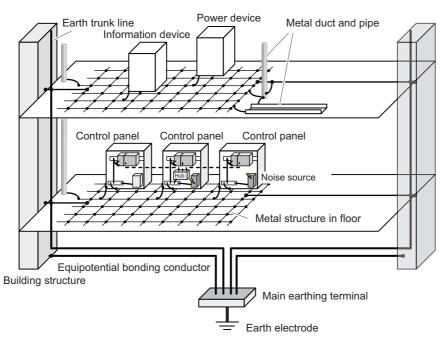
• Equipotential Bonding System

Equipotential bonding is an earthing method in which steel frames and building structures, metal ducts and pipes, and metal structures in floors are connected together and make connections to the earth trunk line to achieve a uniform potential everywhere across the entire building. We recommend this earthing method.

The following figure shows an example of an equipotential bonding system.

Connect the main earthing terminal and building structures together with equipotential bonding conductors and embed the mesh ground line in each floor.

Connect the ground line of each control panel to the equipotential bonding system.



Star Earthing

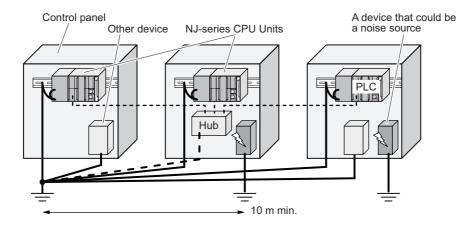
If the earthing method used for the building is not equipotential bonding or the earthing system is unknown, choose a) from among the earthing methods given below.

a) Connecting devices and noise sources to separate earth electrodes

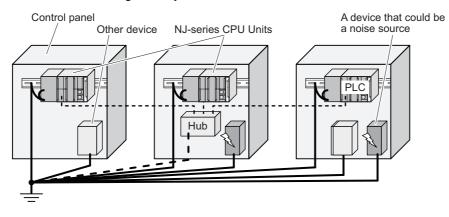
This is an earthing method to separately ground an earth electrode of the device that is connected with a communications cable or other devices and an earth electrode of a high-power device that could be a noise source, such as a motor or inverter.

Each earth electrode must be ground to 100 Ω or less.

Connect the ground lines of the device that is connected with a communications cable and other devices as a bundle to a single earth electrode. Be sure that the earth electrode is separated by a minimum of 10 m from any other earth electrode of a device that could be a noise source.



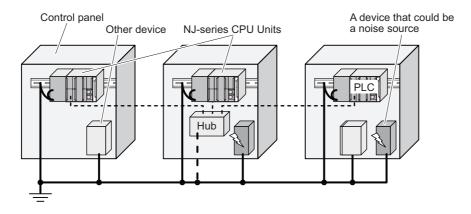
b) Connecting devices and noise sources to a common earth electrode
 This is an earthing method to connect the device that is connected with a communications cable, other devices, and a device that could be a noise source, to a common earth electrode.
 This earthing method is not recommended because the device that could be a noise source may interfere electromagnetically with other devices.



• Daisy Chain

This is an earthing method to connect the device that is connected with a communications cable, other devices, and a device that could be a noise source using a daisy-chain topology to a common earth electrode.

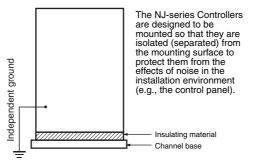
This earthing method is not recommended because the device that could be a noise source may interfere electromagnetically with other devices.



Precautions for Grounding

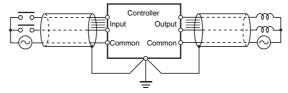
General Precautions

- To prevent electrical shock, do not connect devices to ground poles (or steel frames) with nonequalized potential to which multiple devices are connected.
- Use a ground pole as close to the Controller as possible and keep the ground line as short as possible.
- If the same ground is used for both the signal lines and the enclosure, isolate the channel base (a grounded metal plate inside a control panel) with an insulating material



Example: Insulating and Grounding an Enclosure

- If high-frequency equipment is present, then ground not only the high-frequency equipment but also the panel itself in which the Controller is housed.
- As shown in the following diagram, when using shielded cable for I/O wiring, connect the shield near the Controller to the enclosure ground terminal. Follow the instructions in the Communications Unit manual for preparing shielded communications cable.



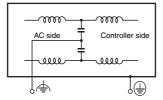
Shielded Cable Ground

• Controller Ground Terminals

The Controller has the following two ground terminals.

- $_{\text{}}$ Protective ground terminal: Always connected to the Controller chassis to prevent electrical shock.
- Functional ground terminal: Connected to a neutral point in the noise filter to provide a ground when power supply noise causes malfunctioning.

When the functional ground terminal is correctly grounded, it is generally effective in suppressing power supply common noise. Occasionally, however, grounding this terminal will result in picking up more noise, so be careful when using it.



Controller Ground Terminals

Grounding for AC Power Supply Units

When wiring to an AC Power Supply Unit, if one power supply phase of the equipment is grounded, always connect the grounded phase to the L2/N terminal.

Troubleshooting

This section describes the confirmation methods and corrections for errors that occur in the NJ-series Controller and describes hardware-related errors that can occur in the PLC Function Module.

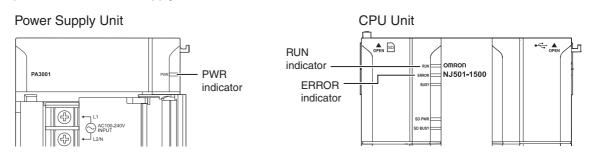
5-1	Operation after an Error			
	5-1-1	Overview of NJ-series Status	5-2	
	5-1-2	Fatal Errors in the CPU Unit	5-3	
	5-1-3	Non-fatal error in CPU Unit	5-4	
5-2	Troubleshooting			
	5-2-1	Checking to See If the CPU Unit Is Operating	5-11	
	5-2-2	Troubleshooting Flowchart for Non-fatal Errors	5-12	
	5-2-3	Error Table	5-13	
	5-2-4	Error Descriptions	5-28	
	5-2-5	Troubleshooting Errors That Are Not in the CPU Unit	5-89	

5-1 Operation after an Error

This section describes the error status of the NJ-series Controller and the operation that occurs after an error is detected. Refer to *5-2 Troubleshooting* for details on corrections for specific errors. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for all of the errors that may occur in an NJ-series Controller.

5-1-1 Overview of NJ-series Status

You can check the operating status of the CPU Unit with the PWR, RUN, and ERROR indicators on the front panels of the Power Supply Unit and CPU Unit.



The following table shows the status of front-panel indicators, the status of user program execution, and the ability to connect communications to the Sysmac Studio or an HMI during startup, during normal operation, and when errors occur.

CPU Unit operating status		Power Supply Unit	CPU Unit		User pro- gram execu-	Communications with Sysmac Stu-
		PWR (green)	RUN (green)	ERROR (red)	tion status	dio or an HMI
Startup		Lit	Flashing (1-s intervals)	Not lit	Stopped.	Not possible.
Normal opera-	RUN mode	Lit	Lit	Not lit	Continues.	Possible.
tion	PROGRAM mode	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Stopped.	
	Power Supply Error ^{*1}	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Stopped.	Not possible.
	CPU Unit Reset ^{*1}	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Stopped.	
Fatal error in CPU Unit	Incorrect Power Supply Unit Con- nected ^{*1}	Lit	Flashing (3-s intervals)	Lit	Stopped.	
	CPU Unit Watch- dog Timer Error ^{*1}	Lit	Not lit	Lit	Stopped.	
	Major fault ^{*2}	Lit	Not lit	Lit	Stopped.	Possible. (Commu- nications can be connected from an HMI if EtherNet/IP is operating nor- mally.)
Non-fatal error in CPU Unit	Partial fault ^{*2}	Lit	Lit	Flashing (1-s intervals)	Continues.*3	
	Minor fault ^{*2}	Lit	Lit	Flashing (1-s intervals)	Continues.	
	Observation ^{*2}	Lit	Lit	Not lit	Continues.	

*1 Refer to 5-1-2 Fatal Errors in the CPU Unit for information on individual errors.

*2 Refer to 5-1-3 Non-fatal error in CPU Unit for information on individual errors.

*3 The function module where the error occurred stops.

5-1-2 Fatal Errors in the CPU Unit

Types of Fatal Errors

Some errors are fatal and prevent the CPU Unit from operating. This section describes the errors that cause the operation of the CPU Unit to stop. Communications with the Sysmac Studio or an HMI are not possible if there is a fatal error in the Controller.

• Power Supply Error

Power is not supplied, the voltage is outside of the allowed range, or the Power Supply Unit is faulty.

CPU Unit Reset

The CPU Unit stopped operation because of a hardware error. Other than hardware failures, this error also occurs at the following times.

- · The power supply to an Expansion Rack is OFF.
- The I/O Connecting Cable is incorrectly installed.
 - The IN and OUT connectors are reversed.
 - The connectors are not mated properly.
- There is more than one I/O Control Unit on the CPU Rack or there is an I/O Control Unit on an Expansion Rack.

Incorrect Power Supply Unit Connected

There is a CJ-series Power Supply Unit connected to the CPU Unit. The operation of the Controller is stopped.

CPU Unit Watchdog Timer Error

This error occurs in the CPU Unit. This error occurs when the watchdog timer times out because of a hardware failure or when temporary data corruption causes the CPU Unit to hang.

Checking for Fatal Errors

You can identify fatal errors based on the status of the PWR indicator on the Power Supply Unit and the RUN and ERROR indicators on the CPU Unit, as well as by the ability to connect communications to the Sysmac Studio.

	Indicator		Communications	CPU Unit operating
PWR (green)	RUN (green)	ERROR (red)	with Sysmac Studio	status
Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not possible.*	Power Supply Error
Lit	Not lit	Not lit		CPU Unit Reset
Lit	Flashing (3-s intervals)	Lit		Incorrect Power Sup- ply Unit Connected
Lit	Not lit	Lit		CPU Unit Watchdog Timer Error

* An online connection to the Sysmac Studio is necessary to differentiate between CPU Unit Resets, CPU Unit Watchdog Timer Errors, and non-fatal errors in the CPU Unit. Power Supply Errors and Incorrect Power Supply Unit Connected errors can be differentiated with the indicators. There is no need to see if you can go online with the Sysmac Studio.

5-1-3 Non-fatal error in CPU Unit

Event Levels

Non-fatal errors that occur are managed as Controller events in the NJ-series Controller. Controller events are classified into levels according to the degree of the effect that the events have on control. When an event occurs, the Sysmac Studio or HMI will display the level. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for details on Controller events.

Major Fault Level

These errors prevent control operations for the entire Controller. If a major fault level error is detected, user program execution is stopped immediately and the loads for all slaves (including remote I/O) are turned OFF. With EtherCAT slaves, some NX Units, and some CJ-series Special Units, you can set the slave settings or Unit settings to select whether outputs will go OFF or retain their previous status. You cannot reset major fault level errors from the user program, the Sysmac Studio or an HMI. To recover from a major fault level error, remove the cause of the error, and either cycle the power supply to the Controller or reset the Controller from the Sysmac Studio.

Partial Fault Level

These errors prevent control operations in a certain function module in the Controller. The NJ-series CPU Unit continues to execute the user program even after a partial fault level error occurs. You can include error processing in the user program to safely stop any devices in operation. After you remove the cause of the error, execute one of the following to return to normal status.

- · Reset the error from the user program, the Sysmac Studio, or an HMI.
- Cycle the power supply.
- · Reset the Controller from the Sysmac Studio.
- Minor Fault Level

These errors prevent part of the control operations in a certain function module in the Controller. The troubleshooting for minor fault level errors is the same as the processing for partial fault level errors.

Observations

These errors do not affect the control operations of the Controller. Observations serve as warnings to the user so that the error does not develop into an error at a higher level.

Information

Events that are classified as information do not indicate errors.

You can change the event level for some events. Refer to *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) for information on changing event levels. Refer to *5-2 Troubleshooting* in this manual to see the events for which you can change the event level.

• Operation for Each Level

The operation that is performed when an error occurs depends on the error level of the Controller event.

			Event level		
Item		Controlle	er errors		Controller infor- mation
	Major fault level	Partial fault level	Minor fault level	Observation	Information
Definition	These errors are serious errors that prevent con- trol operations for the entire Controller.	These errors pre- vent all of the control in a func- tion module other than PLC Func- tion Module.	Errors that pre- vent a portion of control in one of the function modules.	Errors that do not affect control.	Information level events are not errors, but infor- mation provided to the user in the event log.

				Event level		
lte	em		Controlle	er errors		Controller infor- mation
		Major fault level	Partial fault level	Minor fault level	Observation	Information
Event example few example vided here. Refer to the series Trout Manual (Cat for a comple errors.)	es are pro- <i>NJ/NX-</i> bleshooting . No. W503)	 Non-volatile Memory Data Corrupted (PLC Func- tion) 	 Motion Control Period Exceeded (Motion Con- trol Function Module) Communica- tions Controller Error (Ether- CAT Master Function Mod- ule) 	 Positive Limit Input Detected (Motion Con- trol Function Module) Low Battery Voltage (PLC Function Mod- ule) 	Packet Dis- carded Due to Full Receive Buffer (Ether- Net/IP Func- tion Module)	 Power Turned ON Power Inter- rupted Memory All Cleared
Front-	PWR (green)	Lit.	Lit.	Lit.	Lit.	Lit.
panel indi- cators ^{*1}	RUN (green)	Not lit.	Lit.	Lit.	Lit.	Lit.
outoro	ERROR (red)	Lit.	Flashes at 1-s intervals.	Flashes at 1-s intervals.	Not lit.	Not lit.
	RUN out- put on Power Supply Unit	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
Operation of NJ-	User pro- gram exe- cution status	Stops.	Continues. ^{*2}	Continues.	Continues.	Continues.
series CPU Unit	Outputs turned OFF	Yes	No	No	No	No
	Error reset	Not possible.	Depends on the nature of the error.	Depends on the nature of the error.		
	Event logs	Recorded. (Some errors are not recorded.)	Recorded.	Recorded.	Recorded.	Recorded.
Outputs fror slaves and E put Units		Refer to the I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.	 Errors in Ether- CAT Master Function Mod- ule: Depends on settings in the slave. Errors in other function mod- ules: Depends on user pro- gram. 	Depends on the user program.	Depends on the user program.	Depends on the user program.
Sysmac Stu (while online			re automatically disp formation in the Trou			ot displayed in the e Controller Status

*1 If multiple Controller errors have occurred, the indicators show the error with the highest error level.

*2 Operation stops in the function module (Motion Control Function Module, EtherCAT Master Function Module, or Ether-Net/IP Function Module) in which the error occurred.

Function module		Even	t level	
Function module	Major fault level	Partial fault level	Minor fault level	Observation
PLC Function Module	User program execu- tion stops.		Operation continues.	
Motion Control Function Module		All axes stop. (The stop method depends on the error.)	 The affected axis/axes group stops. (The stop method depends on the settings.) The motion control instructions that are related to axis opera- tion are not executed. 	 Axis operation continues. The motion control instructions that are not related to axis operation are not executed.
EtherCAT Master Function Module		EtherCAT communica- tions stop. (The slaves operate according to the settings in the slaves.)	I/O refreshing for Ether- CAT communications stops or continues according to the fail- soft operation settings in the master. (If I/O refreshing stops, the slaves operate accord- ing to the settings in the slaves.)	I/O refreshing for Ether- CAT communications continues.
EtherNet/IP Function Module		EtherNet/IP communi- cations stop. (A soft- ware connection from the Sysmac Studio or an HMI is not possible.)	Part of EtherNet/IP communications stop. (A software connection from the Sysmac Studio or an HMI is possible if the communications connection is not the cause of the error.)	EtherNet/IP communi- cations continue.

• Operation in the Function Module Where an Error Event Occurred

• I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors

The following table gives the operation of the CPU Unit and the I/O devices for the following errors.

- Unsupported Unit Detected
- I/O Bus Check Error
- End Cover Missing
- Incorrect Unit/Expansion Rack Connection
- Duplicate Unit Number
- Too Many I/O Points
- I/O Setting Check Error

Unit	CPU Unit operation	Unit or slave operation
EtherCAT Slave Terminal	The EtherCAT Slave Terminal moves to Safe-Operational state.	Depends on the NX Unit settings.
EtherCAT slave *1	The slave is placed in the Safe- Operational state.	Depends on the slave settings. *2
Servo Drive or NX Unit assigned to an axis	Updating the command values is stopped.	All axes stop immediately.

Unit	CPU Unit operation	Unit or slave operation
CJ-series Basic I/O Unit	Refreshing is stopped.	All outputs are turned OFF.
		 All inputs are turned OFF.
CJ-series Special Unit	Refreshing is stopped.	Depends on the Unit operating specifications (the ERH indicator lights).
Devices connected with EtherNet/IP	 For the originators of tag data links, the variables and I/O mem- ory addresses for input (con- sume) tags are not refreshed. For the targets of tag data links, operation depends on the set- tings of the tags sets for the out- put (produce) tags. *3 	Depends on the specifications of the connected devices.

*1 Excluding Servo Drives assigned to an axis.

*2 Settings and setting methods depend on the slave. Refer to the manual for the slave. For a Servo Drive, operation depends on the setting of object 605E hex (Fault Reaction Option Code).

*3 You can set whether to clear output or maintain the data from before the error occurred. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W506) for details.

The following table gives the operation of the CPU Unit and the I/O devices for the errors that are not listed above.

Unit	CPU Unit operation	Unit or slave operation
NX-series Slave Terminal	The NX-series Slave Terminal moves to Safe-Operational state.	Depends on the NX Unit settings.
EtherCAT slave *1	The slave is placed in the Safe- Operational state.	Depends on the slave settings. *2
Servo Drive or NX Unit assigned to an axis	Updating the command values is stopped.	All axes stop immediately.
CJ-series Basic I/O Unit	The values of all outputs are cleared to zero.Input refreshing continues.	All outputs are turned OFF.External inputs are refreshed.
CJ-series Special Unit	Refreshing continues.	Depends on the Unit operating specifications.
Devices connected with EtherNet/IP	 For the originators of tag data links, the variables and I/O mem- ory addresses for input (con- sume) tags are not refreshed. For the targets of tag data links, operation depends on the set- tings of the tags sets for the out- put (produce) tags. *3 	Depends on the specifications of the connected devices.

*1 Excluding Servo Drives assigned to an axis.

- *2 Settings and setting methods depend on the slave. Refer to the manual for the slave. For a Servo Drive, operation depends on the setting of object 605E hex (Fault Reaction Option Code).
- *3 You can set whether to clear output or maintain the data from before the error occurred. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual* (Cat. No. W506) for details.

Checking for Non-fatal Errors

Checking method	What you can check
Checking the indicators	You can use the indicators to confirm the Controller error level, the error status of the EtherCAT Master Function Module, and the error status of the Ether-Net/IP Function Module.
Checking with the trouble- shooting function of Sysmac Studio	You can check for current Controller errors, a log of past Controller errors, error sources, error causes, and corrections. You can also check error logs from CJ-series Special Units.*1
Checking with the Trouble- shooter of an HMI*2	You can check for current Controller errors, a log of past Controller errors, error sources, error causes, and corrections.
Checking with instructions that read function module error status	You can check the highest-level status and highest-level event code in the current Controller errors.
Checking with system-defined variables	You can check the current Controller error status for each function module.

Use the following methods to check for non-fatal errors.

*1 Detailed information, such as error causes and corrections, is not displayed.

*2 To perform troubleshooting from an HMI, connect the HMI to the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the CPU Unit. Refer to the appendices of the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

This section describes the above checking methods.

Checking the Indicators

• Checking the Level of a Controller Error

You can use the PWR indicator on the Power Supply Unit and the RUN and ERROR indicators on the CPU Unit to determine the event level for an error. The following table shows the relationship between the Controller's indicators and the event level.

		Indicator		Event level
	PWR (green)	RUN (green)	ERROR (red)	
Lit		Not lit	Lit	Major fault level
Lit		Lit	Flashing (1-s intervals)	Partial fault level
				Minor fault level
Lit		Lit	Not lit	Observation

• Checking the Status of EtherCAT and EtherNet/IP Ports

For the EtherCAT and EtherNet/IP ports, use the EtherCAT and EtherNet/IP NET ERR indicators to determine whether an error that affects process data communications has occurred and whether a minor fault level error or higher-level error has occurred. The indicator lets you check the status given in the following table.

Indicator	Indicated status
EtherCAT NET ERR	EtherCAT Port Status
	 Lit: An error for which normal status cannot be recovered through user actions (i.e., errors for which you must replace the CPU Unit or contact your OMRON representative) has occurred.
	 Flashing: An error for which normal status can be recovered through user actions has occurred.
	Not lit: An error that affects process data communications has not occurred.
EtherNet/IP NET ERR	EtherNet/IP Port Status
	 Lit: An error for which normal status cannot be recovered through user actions (i.e., errors for which you must replace the CPU Unit or contact your OMRON representative) has occurred.
	 Flashing: An error for which normal status can be recovered through user actions has occurred.
	Not lit: There is no minor fault level or higher-level error.

Checking with the Troubleshooting Function of Sysmac Studio

When an error occurs, you can connect the Sysmac Studio online to the Controller to check current Controller errors and the log of past Controller errors.

Current Errors

Open the Sysmac Studio's Controller Error Tab Page to check the current error's level, source, source details, event name, event code, details, attached information 1 to 4, cause, and correction. Errors are not displayed for observations.

• Log of Past Errors

Open the Sysmac Studio's Controller Log Tab Page to check the time of occurrence, level, source, source details, event name, event code, details, attached information 1 to 4, and corrections for past errors.

Error logs from CJ-series Special Units are displayed on the Controller Event Log Tab Page. Detailed information is not displayed. To check detailed information, use the event codes that are displayed and refer to the error codes that are given in the manual for the relevant Unit. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the relationship between error codes and event codes.

Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504) for details on trouble-shooting with the Sysmac Studio.

Checking with the Troubleshooter of an HMI

If you can connect communications between an HMI and the Controller when an error occurs, you can check for current Controller errors and the log of past Controller errors.

To perform troubleshooting from an HMI, connect the HMI to the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the CPU Unit.

Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the appendices of the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

Current Errors

You can check the current error's event name, event code, level, source, source details, details, and attached information 1 to 4. Observations are not displayed as errors.

Log of Past Errors

You can check the time of occurrence, level, source, source details, event name, event code, details, attached information 1 to 4 for past errors.

Refer to the relevant HMI manual for information on the HMI Troubleshooter.

Checking with Instructions That Read Function Module Error Status

Instructions are provided that allow you to read the error status of each function module from the user program. These instructions get the status and the event code of the error with the highest level.

Applicable function module	Instruction name	Instruction
PLC Function Module	Get PLC Controller Error Status	GetPLCError
	Get I/O Bus Error Status	GetCJBError
Motion Control Function Module	Get Motion Control Error Status	GetMCError
EtherCAT Function Module	Get EtherCAT Error Status	GetECError
EtherNet/IP Function Module	Get EtherNet/IP Error Status	GetEIPError

For details on the instructions that get error status, refer to the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502).

Checking with System-defined Variables

You can check the error status variables in the system-defined variables to determine the status of errors in a Controller. You can read the error status variables from an external device by using communications. Refer to *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) for the system-defined variables.

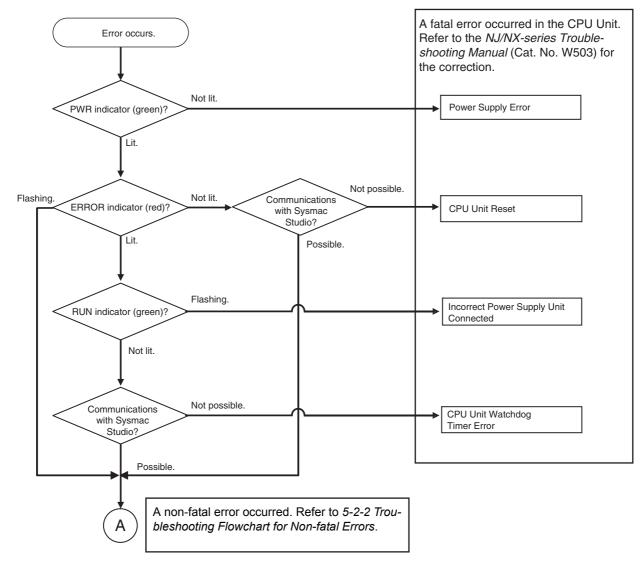
5-2 Troubleshooting

This section provides basic error identification and troubleshooting flowcharts. Use them when an error occurs in the NJ-series Controller. This section also describes the hardware errors that are related to the PLC Function Module and corrections for those errors.

5-2-1 Checking to See If the CPU Unit Is Operating

When an error occurs in the NJ-series Controller, use the following flowchart to determine whether the error is a fatal error or a non-fatal error.

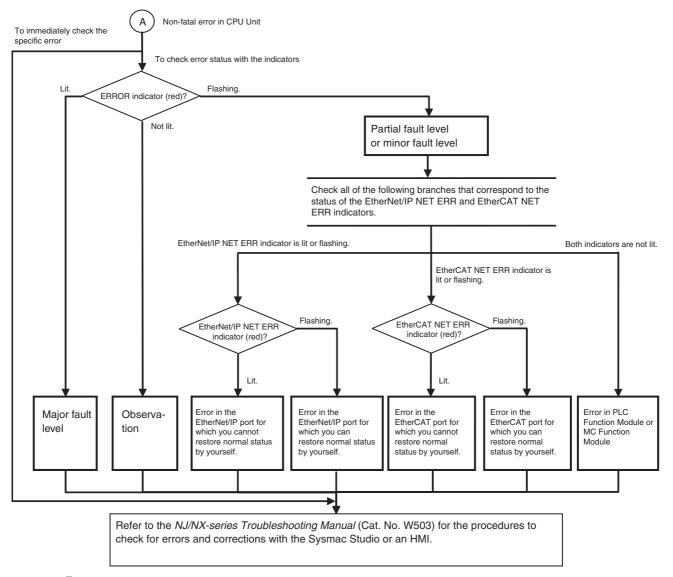
Whenever possible, set the Sysmac Studio's communications connection in the flowchart to a direct USB connection. If you use Ethernet, there are many reasons that prevent a communications connection for the Sysmac Studio, so time is required to determine if a fatal or non-fatal error has occurred. If a communications connection from the Sysmac Studio is not possible, perform the troubleshooting procedure that is provided in the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) before you assume that the error is a fatal error.



5-2-2 Troubleshooting Flowchart for Non-fatal Errors

For a non-fatal error, use the Sysmac Studio or an HMI to troubleshoot the error with the following flowchart. You can use the indicators to check the following:

- Level
- · Whether the error is in the EtherNet/IP port or the EtherCAT port
- If the sources of the error is the EtherNet/IP port or the EtherCAT port, whether you can restore normal status yourself



Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the appendices of the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

5-2-3 Error Table

The hardware errors (i.e., events) and the Controller operation errors (i.e., events) that involve hardware that can occur in the PLC Function Module are given on the following pages. The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the event level column.

Abbreviation	Name	
Maj	Major fault level	-
Prt	Partial fault level	-
Min	Minor fault level	-
Obs	Observation	-
Info	Information	-
		_
Symbol	Meaning	
S	Event levels that are defined by the	system.
U	Event levels that can be changed by	y the user.*

* This symbol appears only for events for which the user can change the event level.

A version in parentheses in the *Event code* column is the unit version of the CPU Unit when the event occurs for only specific unit versions of the CPU Unit.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for all NJ-series event codes.

Errors for Self Diagnosis

Event ood-	Event nerve	Meening	Accumed course			Leve	1		Deference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
00090000 hex	DIP Switch Setting Error	An error was detected in the DIP switch setting.	 There is an error in the DIP switch setting. 	S					page 5-29
000D0000 hex	Internal Bus Check Error	A fatal error was detected on the internal bus.	 Conductive material has gotten inside. Noise The CPU Unit has failed. 	S					page 5-29
000E0000 hex	Non-volatile Memory Life Exceeded	The specified num- ber of deletions for non-volatile mem- ory was exceeded. Or, the number of bad blocks in mem- ory exceeded the specified value.	 Non-volatile memory life expired. 	S					page 5-30
10010000 hex	Non-volatile Memory Restored or Formatted	An error was detected in the non- volatile memory check and file sys- tem recovery or for- matting was executed. Previous files may have been deleted.	 The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the BUSY indicator was lit. The power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted momen- tarily while the BUSY indicator was lit. 	S					page 5-30
10020000 hex	Non-volatile Memory Data Corrupted	A file that must be in non-volatile memory is missing or corrupted.	 The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the BUSY indicator was lit. The power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted momen- tarily while the BUSY indicator was lit. The CPU Unit has failed. 	S					page 5-31

Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause			Leve	I		Reference
Event code	Event name	wearing	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10080000 hex	Main Memory Check Error	An error was detected in the memory check of the main memory in the CPU Unit.	 Conductive material has gotten inside. Noise There is a software error. The CPU Unit has failed. 	S					page 5-32
100A0000 hex (Ver. 1.10 or later)	Data Not Saved to Bat- tery-backup Memory	An error occurred in the software and data could not be saved in battery- backup memory during power-OFF processing.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.	S					page 5-33
100B0000 hex	Non-volatile Memory Data Corrupted	A file that must be in non-volatile memory is missing or corrupted.	 The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the BUSY indicator was lit. The power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted momen- tarily while the BUSY indicator was lit. The CPU Unit has failed. 	S					page 5-34
100C0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Event Level Setting Error	The settings in the event level setting file are not correct.	 The event level settings are not correct because the power sup- ply to the Controller was inter- rupted or communications with the Sysmac Studio were dis- connected during a download of the event level settings. The event level settings are not correct because the power sup- ply to the Controller was inter- rupted during a Clear All Memory operation. 	S					page 5-35
			Non-volatile memory failed.						
40010000 hex	PLC System Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.	S					page 5-35
40020000 hex	PLC System Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.	S					page 5-36
40030000 hex	PLC System Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.	S					page 5-36
00070000 hex	Real-Time Clock Stopped	The oscillation of the real-time clock stopped. The real- time clock is set to an illegal time.	 The battery voltage is low. The battery connector has come loose. The Battery is missing. 			S	U		page 5-37
00080000 hex	Real-Time Clock Failed	The real-time clock in the CPU Unit failed.	The CPU Unit clock has failed.			S			page 5-37
000B0000 hex	Low Battery Voltage	The voltage of the Battery has dropped.	 The battery voltage is low. The battery connector has come loose. The Battery is missing. 			S	U		page 5-38
000C0000 hex	CPU Unit Overheat	The temperature inside the CPU Unit exceeded the spec- ified value.	 The ambient operating tem- perature is too high. 			S			page 5-38

Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause			Leve			Reference
Event code	Lvent name	meaning		Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Kererence
10090000 hex	Battery- backup Mem- ory Check Error	An error was detected in the memory check of the battery-backup memory in the CPU Unit.	 The battery voltage is low. The battery connector has come loose. The Battery is missing. 			S	U		page 5-39
000F0000 hex	SD Memory Card Invalid Type	The current SD Memory Card is not supported.	 An SD Memory Card that is not supported was inserted into the CPU Unit. 				S		page 5-39
00100000 hex	SD Memory Card Life Exceeded	The specified num- ber of deletions for the SD Memory Card was exceeded. Or, the number of bad blocks exceeded the specified value.	 The service life of the SD Mem- ory Card was exceeded. 			U	S		page 5-40
10030000 hex	SD Memory Card Invalid Format	The file format of the SD Memory Card is not FAT16 or FAT32.	 The file format of the SD Mem- ory Card inserted in the CPU Unit is not FAT16 or FAT32. 				S		page 5-40
10040000 hex	SD Memory Card Restored or Formatted	An error was detected during the file system check and the file system was restored. Files may have been deleted.	 The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the SD BUSY indicator was lit. The power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted momen- tarily while the SD BUSY indicator was lit. The SD Memory Card was removed while the SD PWR indicator was lit. The SD Memory Card is dam- aged. 			U	S		page 5-41
10060000 hex	SD Memory Card Data Corrupted	A file that must be in the SD Memory Card is missing or corrupted.	 The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the SD BUSY indicator was lit. The power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted momen- tarily while the SD BUSY indicator was lit. The SD Memory Card was removed while the SD PWR indicator was lit. The SD Memory Card is dam- aged. 			U	S		page 5-42
10070000 hex	SD Memory Card Access Power OFF Error	The power supply to the Controller was interrupted during access to the SD Memory Card.	 The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the SD BUSY indicator was lit. The power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted momen- tarily while the SD BUSY indicator was lit. 				S		page 5-43
10310000 hex (Ver. 1.02 or later)	Incorrect SD Memory Card Removal	SD Memory Card removal process- ing failed.	 The SD Memory Card was removed while the SD PWR indicator was lit. 				S		page 5-43

Errors Related to CJ-series Unit Configuration

Event or de	Executive and	Magniture	A			Leve			Reference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
04010000 hex	I/O Bus Check Error	An error occurred in a bus line transmis- sion between the CPU Unit and the Units in the rack slots. Or, detection of all Special I/O Units and CPU Bus Units was not com- pleted when the power supply to the Controller was turned ON.	 The I/O Connecting Cable is disconnected or wires inside it are broken. Conductive material has gotten inside. The connector contact is faulty due to foreign material in the connector. Noise A Unit has failed. 	S					page 5-44
24010000 hex	Unsupported Unit Detected	An unsupported CJ-series Unit or Power Supply Unit is mounted.	 An unsupported CJ-series Unit or Power Supply Unit was detected. 	S					page 5-45
24020000 hex	Too Many I/O Points	The total number of I/O points in the connected CJ- series Units exceeds the maxi- mum specified value of the CPU Unit.	The total number of I/O points in the connected CJ-series Basic I/O Units exceeds 2,560.	S					page 5-45
24030000 hex	End Cover Missing	The End Cover is not connected to right end of the CPU Rack or an Expansion Rack.	 The End Cover is not connected to right end of the CPU Rack or an Expansion Rack. The End Cover is not connected properly. 	S					page 5-46
24040000 hex	Incorrect Unit/Expan- sion Rack Connection	The number of Units or Expansion Racks exceeds the maximum value specified for the CPU Unit. Or, an Interrupt Input Unit was mounted to a unsupported slot or to an Expansion Rack.	 More than 10 Units are connected to one Rack. More than three Expansion Racks are connected. More than two Interrupt Input Units are mounted. An Interrupt Input Unit was mounted to a unsupported slot or to an Expansion Rack. 	S					page 5-46
24050000 hex	Duplicate Unit Number	The same unit num- ber is set for more than one Special I/O Unit or more than one CPU Bus Unit.	 The same unit number is set for more than one Special I/O Unit or more than one CPU Bus Unit. The same unit number is assigned to a Special I/O Unit that uses more than one unit number and another Special I/O Unit. 	S					page 5-47
34010000 hex	I/O Setting Check Error	There is an incon- sistency between a Unit model in the Unit Configuration in the CPU Unit and the Unit model that is mounted in the Controller.	• A Unit model or Special Unit unit number in the Unit Configu- ration in the CPU Unit is differ- ent from the Unit model or the Special Unit unit number of the Unit that is mounted in the Con- troller.	S					page 5-48
44400000 hex	PLC Function Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.	S					page 5-48

Event code	Event name	Moaning				Leve	I		Reference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
64010000 hex	Impossible to Access Spe- cial Unit	An error occurred in data exchange between the CPU Unit and a Special Unit.	 The setting of the rotary switches or a DIP switch pin on a Special Unit is not correct. An error occurred in the Special Unit. The Unit connection is faulty. Noise A Unit has failed. 			S			page 5-49
102D0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	CJ-series Unit Backup Failed	The backup opera- tion for a CJ-series Unit ended in an error.	 An error occurred in the Unit Configuration. An error occurred for a Special Unit. A restart is in progress for the Special Unit. A Unit model or Special Unit unit number in the Unit Configu- ration in the CPU Unit is differ- ent from the Unit model or the Special Unit unit number of the Unit that is mounted in the Con- troller. The CPU Unit or CJ-series Unit has failed. 				S		page 5-50
102E0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	CJ-series Unit Restore Operation Failed	The restore opera- tion for a CJ-series Unit ended in an error.	 An error occurred in the Unit Configuration. An error occurred for a Special Unit. The Unit Configuration in the backup file does not agree with the physical Unit configuration. A restart is in progress for the Special Unit. The restore conditions that are required by the Special Unit are not met. The backup files are corrupted. The CPU Unit or CJ-series Unit has failed. 				S		page 5-51
30200000 hex (Ver. 1.02 or later)	Unsupported Unit Setting	A setting in the Special Unit is not supported.	A setting in the Special Unit is not supported by the CPU Unit.				S		page 5-52
80010000 hex	Illegal Packet Discarded	An illegal packet was received during message communications. The illegal packet was discarded.	Noise				S		page 5-52
04020000 hex	PLC System Information	This event pro- vides internal infor- mation from the PLC Function Mod- ule.	This event provides internal information from the PLC Func- tion Module. It is recorded to provide additional information for another event.					S	page 5-53
44410000 hex	PLC System Information	This event pro- vides internal infor- mation from the PLC Function Mod- ule.	• This event provides internal information from the PLC Func- tion Module. It is recorded to provide additional information for another event.					S	page 5-53

5-2 Troubleshooting

Errors Related to Controller Operation

		. .				Leve	I		- <i>(</i>
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10200000 hex	User Pro- gram/Con- troller Configura- tions and Setup Trans- fer Error	The user program or Controller Con- figurations and Setup were not transferred cor- rectly.	 The user program or Controller Configurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Controller was interrupted during a download of the user program or the Con- troller Configurations and Setup. The user program or Controller Configurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Controller was interrupted during online edit- ing. The user program or Controller Configurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Controller was interrupted during online edit- ing. The user program or Controller Configurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Controller was interrupted during a Clear All Memory operation. The user program or Controller Configurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Controller was interrupted during a restore operation. Non-volatile memory failed. 	S					page 5-54
10210000 hex	Illegal User Program Execution ID	The user program execution IDs set in the user program and in the CPU Unit do not match.	 The user program execution IDs set in the user program and in the CPU Unit do not match. A user program execution ID is set in the CPU Unit but not in the user program. 	S					page 5-55
10240000 hex	Illegal User Program	The user program is not correct.	The limit to the number of nest- ing levels for functions or func- tion blocks was exceeded.	S					page 5-55
10250000 hex	Illegal User Pro- gram/Con- troller Configura- tions and Setup	The upper limit of the usable memory was exceeded or the user program or Controller Configu- rations and Setup is corrupted.	 The upper limit of the data size was exceeded. The main memory capacity was exceeded. Non-volatile memory is deteriorating or has failed. 	S					page 5-56

Event code	Event name	Moaning	Assumed cause			Leve	I		Reference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10270000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or	Error in Start- ing Automatic	An error was detected in pre-	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. 	S					page 5-57
later)	Transfer	execution checks for automatic trans- fer.	 The SD Memory Card type is not correct. 						
			The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct.						
			There is no autoload folder on the SD Memory Card.						
			 There are no backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card. 						
			• Either the backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card are corrupted or required data is not in the backup files on the SD Memory Card.						
			 The unit version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the unit ver- sion of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. 						
			• The model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.						
			 Recovery was executed for the SD Memory Card. 						
			 The CPU Unit is write-pro- tected. 						
			 The settings in the automatic transfer command file (Auto- loadCommand.ini) are not cor- rect. 						
			 Reading the data for automatic transfer failed because the SD Memory Card is faulty or not formatted correctly. 						
			The SD Memory Card is dam- aged.						
			The database connection ser- vice version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the database con- nection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory						
			Card. The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the						
			files is older than the robot ver- sion of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.						

Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Level				Reference	
Event code	Event name	Weating	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10280000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Error in Exe- cuting Auto- matic Transfer	The automatic transfer ended in an error.	 It was not possible to read the data for automatic transfer. The SD Memory Card was removed during an automatic transfer. There are no backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card. The backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card are corrupted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. 	S					page 5-59

Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause			Leve	I		Reference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10330000 hex (Ver. 1.11 or later)	SD Memory Card Pro- gram Trans- fer Pre- execution Check Error	An error was detected in pre- execution checks for transferring SD Memory Card pro- grams.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card type is not correct. The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct. There is no such folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the _Card1PrgTransfer- Cmd.DirName system-defined variable. There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Mem- ory Card as specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.Dir- Name system-defined variable. 	Maj S	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	page 5-60
			 Either the backup files in the folder specified by theCard1PrgTransferCmd.Dir-Name system-defined variable on the SD Memory Card are corrupted or required data is not in the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The unit version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the unit version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. 						
			 The model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The CPU Unit is write-pro- tected. Required files are not set to transfer in the setting of the _Card1PrgTransferCmd sys- 						
			 tem-defined variable. Reading the data for the SD Memory Card program transfer failed because the SD Memory Card is faulty or not formatted correctly. The SD Memory Card is dam- aged. 						
			 The database connection service version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the database connection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the robot version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. 						

Event and	Event were	Meening	A			Leve	I		Reference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10340000 hex (Ver. 1.11 or later)	Error in Exe- cuting SD Memory Card Program Transfer	The SD Memory Card program transfer ended in an error.	 It was not possible to read the data for SD Memory Card program transfers. The SD Memory Card was removed during a SD Memory Card program transfer. There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.Dir</i>. Name system-defined variable. The backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.Dir</i>. Name system-defined variable. The backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable are corrupted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. 	S					page 5-63
40110000 hex	PLC Function Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.	S					page 5-64
40160000 hex (Ver. 1.02 or earlier)	Safe Mode	The Controller started in Safe Mode.	The power supply was turned ON to the Controller when Safe Mode was set on the DIP switch on the CPU Unit.	S					page 5-64
44420000 hex (Ver. 1.05 or later)	PLC Function Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.	S					page 5-65
40120000 hex	PLC Function Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.	 An error occurred in the soft- ware. 		S				page 5-65
40130000 hex	PLC Function Processing Error	A fatal error was detected in part of the PLC Function Module.	An error occurred in the soft- ware.			S			page 5-66
10230000 hex	Event Log Save Error	Saving the event log failed.	 A low battery voltage prevented retention of memory during a power interruption. (NJ/NX- series) A forced shutdown was per- formed. (NY-series) Data in the event log area are invalid. (NY-series) Data in the NX Unit event log area are invalid. (NX1P2 CPU Unit) 				S		page 5-66
10260000 hex	Trace Set- ting Transfer Failure	The power supply was interrupted while transferring the trace settings.	 The power supply was inter- rupted while transferring the trace settings. 				S		page 5-67

Event eede	Event nome	Maaning	Account			Leve	I		Deference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10290000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Backup Failed to Start	An error was detected in pre- execution checks for a backup opera- tion.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card type is not correct. The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct. The SD Memory Card is write protected. The Prohibiting backing up data to the SD Memory Card param- eter is set to prohibit backing up data to an SD Memory Card. Another backup operation is in progress. Synchronization, online edit- ing, or the Clear All Memory operation is in progress. The backup was canceled by the user. The online connection with the Sysmac Studio was discon- nected. The SD Memory Card is dam- aged. 				S		page 5-67
102A0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Backup Failed	The backup opera- tion ended in an error.	 The capacity of the SD Memory Card is insufficient. It was not possible to save the data that was specified for backup. The SD Memory Card was removed during a backup oper- ation. Failed to back up Unit or slave. The backup was canceled by the user. Execution of the Save Cam Table instruction or changing the CPU Unit name is in prog- ress. The online connection with the Sysmac Studio was discon- nected. It was not possible to save the data that was specified for backup to the computer. The SD Memory Card is dam- aged. 				S		page 5-69

Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause				Reference		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
l02B 0000 hex Ver. 1.03 or ater)	Restore Operation Failed to Start	An error was detected in pre- execution checks for a restore opera- tion.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card type is not correct. The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct. There are no backup files on the SD Memory Card. Either the backup files on the SD Memory Card are corrupted or required data is not in the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The unit version of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is older than the unit version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The model of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. Recovery was executed for the SD Memory Card. The CPU Unit is write-pro- tected. The settings in the restore com- mand file (RestoreCom- mand file (RestoreCom- mand file (RestoreCom- mand ini) are not correct. A backup operation is in prog- ress. Synchronization, online edit- ing, or the Clear All Memory operation is in progress. The online connection with the Sysmac Studio was discon- nected. Reading the data for restoration failed because the SD Memory Card is faulty or not formatted correctly. The SD Memory Card is dam- aged. The database connection ser- vice version of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is older than the database con- nection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is older than the database con- nection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is older than the database con- nection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. 				S		page 5-71
102C0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or ater)	Restore Operation Failed	The restore opera- tion ended in an error.	 It was not possible to read the data to restore. The SD Memory Card was removed during a restore operation. Failed to restore Unit or slave. The SD Memory Card is dam- 				S		page 5-73

- / .		. .				Leve	I		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
10320000 hex (Ver. 1.11 or later)	SD Memory Grad Pro- gram Trans- fer Failed to Start	An error was detected in pre-start checks for transfer- ring SD Memory Card programs.	 The SD Memory Card program transfer is set to disable. The password that was set on the Sysmac Studio to execute the SD Memory Card program transfer does not agree with the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.Password</i> system-defined variable. The DIP switch on the CPU Unit is not set to allow starting the SD Memory Card program transfer. An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card type is not correct. The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct. There is no such folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable. There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable. Either the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable. Either the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable. Either the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable. The unit version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the unit version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card. The model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the SD Memory Card. The CPU Unit is write-protected. Another backup operation is in progress. Synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Memory operation is in progress. Required files are not set to transfer in the setting of the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd</i> system-defined variable. The SD Memory Card is damaged. The Adabase connection service version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the f				S		page 5-74

Eventeede	Event nome	Moaning	Assumed cause			Level			Reference
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
40140000 hex	PLC System Information	This event pro- vides internal infor- mation from the PLC Function Mod- ule.	 This event provides internal information from the PLC Func- tion Module. It is recorded to provide additional information for another event. 				S		page 5-77
40170000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or ater)	Safe Mode	The Controller started in Safe Mode.	The Controller started in Safe Mode.				S		page 5-77
80230000 hex (Ver. 1.05 or later)	NX Message Communica- tions Error	An error has occurred in mes- sage communica- tions.	 The communications cable is broken. The communications cable con- nector is disconnected. The NX message communica- tions load is high. 				S		page 5-78
40150000 hex	PLC System Information	This event pro- vides internal infor- mation from the PLC Function Mod- ule.	 This event provides internal information from the PLC Func- tion Module. It is recorded to provide additional information for another event. 					S	page 5-78
44430000 hex (Ver. 1.05 or later)	PLC System Information	This event pro- vides internal infor- mation from the PLC Function Mod- ule.	 This event provides internal information from the PLC Func- tion Module. It is recorded to provide additional information for another event. 					S	page 5-79
90010000 hex	Clock Changed	The clock time was changed.	The clock time was changed.					S	page 5-79
90020000 hex	Time Zone Changed	The time zone was changed.	The time zone was changed.					S	page 5-79
90050000 hex (Ver. 1.10 or later)	User Pro- gram/Con- troller Configura- tions and Setup Down- load	The user program and the Controller configurations and setup were down- loaded.	The user program and the Controller configurations and setup were downloaded.					S	page 5-80
90070000 hex (Ver. 1.10 or later)	Online Edits Transferred	The user program was edited online.	The user program was edited online and the edits were trans- ferred to the Controller.					S	page 5-80
90080000 hex	Variable Changed to TRUE with Forced Refreshing	Changing a vari- able to TRUE with forced refreshing was specified.	 Changing a variable to TRUE with forced refreshing was specified by the user. 					S	page 5-81
90090000 hex	Variable Changed to FALSE with Forced Refreshing	Changing a vari- able to FALSE with forced refreshing was specified.	 Changing a variable to FALSE with forced refreshing was specified by the user. 					S	page 5-81
900A0000 hex	All Forced Refreshing Cleared	Clearing all forced refreshing values was specified.	 Clearing all forced refreshing values was specified by the user. 					S	page 5-81
900B0000 hex	Memory All Cleared	All memory was cleared.	 A user with Administrator rights cleared all of the memory. 					S	page 5-82
900C0000 hex	Event Log Cleared	The event log was cleared.	 The event log was cleared by the user. 					S	page 5-82
900F0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or ater)	Automatic Transfer Completed	The automatic transfer was com- pleted.	The automatic transfer was completed.					S	page 5-82
90110000 hex	Power Turned ON	The power supply was turned ON.	 The power supply was turned ON. 					S	page 5-83

Event code	Event name	Moaning	Assumed cause			Leve	I		Reference
Event code	Eventhame	Meaning	Assumeu cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
90120000 hex	Power Inter- rupted	The power supply was interrupted.	 The power supply was inter- rupted. 					S	page 5-83
90130000 hex	Operation Started	Operation was started.	 A command to start operation was received. 					S	page 5-83
90140000 hex	Operation Stopped	Operation was stopped.	A command to stop operation was received.					S	page 5-84
90150000 hex	Reset Exe- cuted	A reset was exe- cuted.	 A reset command was received. 					S	page 5-84
90160000 hex	User Pro- gram Execu- tion ID Write	The user program execution ID was set or changed in the CPU Unit.	 A user with Administrator rights changed the user program exe- cution ID that is set in the CPU Unit. 					S	page 5-84
90180000 hex	All Controller Errors Cleared	All current errors were cleared.	 All current errors were changed by the user. 					S	page 5-85
90190000 hex	Forced Refreshing Cleared	Clearing a forced refreshing value was specified.	 Clearing a forced refreshing value was specified by the user. 					S	page 5-85
901A0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Backup Started	A backup operation was started.	 A backup operation was started. 					S	page 5-85
901B0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Backup Com- pleted	The backup opera- tion ended nor- mally.	The backup operation ended normally.					S	page 5-86
901C 0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Restore Operation Started	A restore operation started.	A restore operation started.					S	page 5-86
901D0000 hex (Ver. 1.03 or later)	Restore Operation Completed	The restore opera- tion ended nor- mally.	The restore operation ended normally.					S	page 5-87
90200000 hex (Ver. 1.11 or later)	SD Memory Card Pro- gram Trans- fer Started	Transferring the SD Memory Card pro- grams was started.	 Transferring the SD Memory Card programs was started. 					S	page 5-87
90210000 hex (Ver. 1.11 or later)	SD Memory Card Pro- gram Trans- fer Completed	Transferring the SD Memory Card pro- grams was com- pleted.	Transferring the SD Memory Card programs was completed.					S	page 5-88

5-2-4 Error Descriptions

This section describes the information that is given for individual errors.

Controller Error Descriptions

The items that are used to describe individual errors (events) are described in the following copy of an error table.

Event name	Gives the name of	f the error.		Event code	Gives the code of	the error.		
Meaning	Gives a short des	cription of the error.						
Source	Gives the source of the error. Source details			Gives details on the source of the error.	Detection timing	Tells when the error is detected.		
Error attributes	Level	Tells the level of influence on con- trol.*1	Recovery	Gives the recov- ery method.*2	Log category Tells which log the error is sav in.*3			
Effects	User program	Tells what will hap- pen to execution of the user pro- gram.*4	Operation	Provides special ir from the error.	formation on the o	peration that results		
Indicators		f the built-in EtherNe CAT Master Functior	•	•		us is given only for		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables		names, data types, a fected by the error, o				ct error notification,		
Cause and cor-	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
rection	Lists the possible	causes, corrections,	and preventive mea	asures for the error.				
Attached information	This is the attache	This is the attached information that is displayed by the Sysmac Studio or an HMI.*5						
Precautions/ Remarks		ons, restrictions, and e recovery method, o						

*1 One of the following:

Major fault: Major fault level Partial fault: Partial fault level Minor fault: Minor fault level Observation Information

*2 One of the following:

Automatic recovery: Normal status is restored automatically when the cause of the error is removed.

Error reset: Normal status is restored when the error is reset after the cause of the error is removed.

Cycle the power supply: Normal status is restored when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF and then back ON after the cause of the error is removed.

Controller reset: Normal status is restored when the Controller is reset after the cause of the error is removed.

Depends on cause: The recovery method depends on the cause of the error.

- *3 One of the following: System: System event log Access: Access event log
- *4 One of the following: Continues: Execution of the user program will continue. Stops: Execution of the user program stops. Starts: Execution of the user program starts.
- *5 Refer to the appendices of the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

Errors for Self Diagnosis

Event name	DIP Switch Setting	g Error		Event code	00090000 hex			
Meaning	An error was dete	cted in the DIP swite	ch setting.		•			
Source	PLC Function Mod	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset		
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*	· · · ·			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type				
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention		
correction	There is an error i setting.	n the DIP switch	Turn OFF all pins	on the DIP switch.	Make sure that the DIP switch set- tings are correct.			
Attached information	Attached informat	ion 1: DIP switch rea	PIP switch readout value (00000000 hex to 0000000F hex)					
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

* For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	Internal Bus Cheo	k Error		Event code	000D0000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was	detected on the intern	al bus.				
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.* A connect possible.	ion to the Sysmac S	tudio may not be	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Conductive mater inside.	ial has gotten	If there is conduct blow out the CPL	tive material nearby, I Unit with air.	Do not do any metal working in the vicinity of the control panel. Also, make sure that the operating enviro ment is free of dirt and dust. Close t control panel.		
	 Noise There is data corruption in bus signals. There is malfunctioning in bus interface circuits. 		If the error occurs even after making the above correction, check the FG, and power supply lines, and other noise entry paths, and implement noise countermeasures as required.		Implement noise countermeasures		
	The CPU Unit has failed. • The internal bus is disconnected.		If this error persists even after you make the above two corrections, replace the CPU Unit.		None		
Attached information	Attached informat	ion 1: System inform	ation				
Precautions/ Remarks	troller clears the e	ccurs, the CPU Unit s rror, you will be able possible depending c	to see whether this	error occurred by ch			

* For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	Non-volatile Memo	ry Life Exceeded		Event code	000E0000 hex				
Meaning		The specified number of deletions for non-volatile memory was exceeded. Or, the number of bad blocks in memory exceeded the specified value.							
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details None		Detection timing	Continuously			
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*					
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type					
variables	None	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Non-volatile memo	ry life expired.	Replace the CPU	Unit.					
Attached information	None	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None								

Event name	Non-volatile Memo	ory Restored or Form	natted	Event code	10010000 hex		
Meaning	An error was deter files may have bee	cted in the non-volati en deleted.	le memory check an	d file system recover	ry or formatting was	executed. Previous	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details None		Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction			Correction Compare the project with the project on the Sysmac Studio. If they match, cycle the power supply to the Control- ler or reset the Controller to see if that clears the error. If the error is cleared, check that the device operates cor- rectly. If the comparison shows a mismatch, if the error is not cleared, or if the device does not operate correctly, clear all of memory and then down- load the project from the Sysmac Stu- dio again. If cycling the power supply to the Controller or resetting the Con- troller does not clear the error, the memory is corrupted. Replace the CPU Unit. Unexpected operation may occur and can be very dangerous if the power to the Controller is cycled or the Control- ler is reset before you download the		Prevention Do not turn OFF the power supply while the BUSY indicator is lit. Take appropriate measures to ensu that the specified power with the rate voltage and frequency is supplied in places where the power supply is unstable		
Attached information	Attached informati ted)	on 1: Recovered cor	ntent (00000000 hex	:: File system recove	ry successful, 0000	00001 hex: Format-	
Precautions/ Remarks		e projects match and roller or reset the Co					

Event name	Non-volatile Memo	ory Data Corrupted		Event code	10020000 hex		
Meaning	A file that must be	in non-volatile mem	ory is missing or co	prrupted.	•		
Source	PLC Function Mod	lule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*		•	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the BUSY indicator was lit.		Clear all of memory and then down- load the project from the Sysmac Stu- dio.		Do not turn OFF the power supply while the BUSY indicator is lit.		
	The power supply was interrupted mo BUSY indicator wa	omentarily while the			Take appropriate measures to ensure that the specified power with the rate voltage and frequency is supplied in places where the power supply is unstable.		
	The CPU Unit has	failed.	If this error remains even after making the above corrections, replace the CPU Unit.		None		
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Main Memory Che	eck Error		Event code	10080000 hex		
Meaning	An error was dete	cted in the memory o	check of the main me	emory in the CPU U	nit.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Conductive material has gotten		If there is conduction blow out the CPU	ctive material nearby, U Unit with air. Do not do any metal wor vicinity of the control par control panel only when		rol panel. Use the	
	Microcomputer	 Noise Data corruption in memory Microcomputer malfunctioning Memory write circuit malfunctioning 		If the error did not result from the above causes, cycle the power to the Controller and see if that clears the error. If the error occurs frequently, check the FG, power supply lines, and other noise entry paths, and implement noise countermeasures as required.		ountermeasures.	
	There is a software error.If the error did not result from the above causes, and cycling the power to the Controller or resetting the Con- troller does not clear the error, replace the CPU Unit.The CPU Unit has failed.If the error did not result from the above causes, and cycling the power to the Controller or resetting the Con- troller does not clear the error, replace the CPU Unit.Memory element failureMemory peripheral circuit failure		above causes, and cycling the power to the Controller or resetting the Con-		None		
			Perform regular inspections.				
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Data Not Saved	to Battery-backup Me	emory	Event code	100A0000 hex*1			
Meaning	An error occurred ing.	d in the software and	data could not be s	aved in battery-backu	ip memory during p	oower-OFF process-		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset		
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops. ^{*2} The variables with a Retain attribute and memory for C series Units in the DM, EM, and Holding Areas do not of tain the values from just before the power supply was turned OFF. Unless suitable processing countermeasure are implemented, normal user program execution or nor mal Unit operation may not be possible when the power turned ON next time.				
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	An error occurred in the software.		ables and the r memory used f and change the ues.If the system u with an absolut the power supp	es of retained vari- retained areas in the for CJ-series Units ern to the correct val- ses a Servomotor re encoder, turn ON oly, and then turn ON check the actual cur-	None			
Attached information	None	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	ON. Retained varial Retained areas 	If this error occurs, the values of the following will be the values from the previous time the power supply was turned ON. • Retained variables (variables with a Retain attribute or variables in retained areas with AT specifications) • Retained areas in the memory used for CJ-series Units • Absolute encoder home offset data						

*1 This event code occurs for unit version 1.10 or later of the CPU Unit.

*2 For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	Non-volatile Mem	ory Data Corrupted		Event code	100B0000 hex		
Meaning	A file that must be	e in non-volatile mem	ory is missing or co	prrupted.			
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	The Controller po turned OFF while was lit.	wer supply was the BUSY indicator	Clear all of memory and then down- load the project from the Sysmac Stu- dio.		Do not turn OFF the power supply while the BUSY indicator is lit.		
	The power supply was interrupted m BUSY indicator w	omentarily while the			that the specified	measures to ensure bower with the rated ency is supplied in power supply is	
	The CPU Unit has	s failed.		f this error remains even after making he above corrections, replace the CPU Unit.			
Attached information	None				_1		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Event Level Settin	g Error		Event code	100C0000 hex*1	
Meaning	The settings in the	e event level setting f	file are not correct.			
Source	PLC Function Mod	lule	Source details	Source details None		At power ON or Controller reset
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*2		•
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The event level settings are not cor- rect because the power supply to the Controller was interrupted or commu- nications with the Sysmac Studio were disconnected during a download of the event level settings.		Perform a Memory All Clear operation and then transfer the event level set- ting file again.		Do not interrupt the power supply to the Controller or disconnect commu nications with the Sysmac Studio during a download of the event leve settings.	
	The event level settings are not cor- rect because the power supply to the Controller was interrupted during a Clear All Memory operation.				Do not interrupt the power supply to the Controller during a Clear All Mer ory operation.	
	Non-volatile memory failed.		If the error persists even after you make the above correction, replace the CPU Unit.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

*1 This event code occurs for unit version 1.03 or later of the CPU Unit.

*2 For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	PLC System Processing Error			Event code	40010000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.* A connection to the Sysmac Studio is not possib			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An error occurred in the software.		Contact your OMRON representative.		None		
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	PLC System Processing Error			Event code	40020000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An error occurred in the software.		Contact your OMRON representative.		None		
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	PLC System Processing Error			Event code	40030000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.						
Source	PLC Function Mo			Detection timing	Continuously		
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*	Stops.*		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An error occurred	in the software.	Contact your OMRON representative.		None		
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Real-Time Clock S	Stopped		Event code	00070000 hex		
Meaning	The oscillation of	he real-time clock	stopped. The real-time	e clock is set to an ill	egal time.		
Source	PLC Function Module Source details None		None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset		
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	· · ·	The System Time is not defined. The clock informat ecorded by CJ-series Units is also not defined.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	_CurrentTime		DATE_AND_TIME	DATE_AND_TIME		System Time	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	The battery voltage is low.			Replace the Battery. Then adjust the real-time clock time.		the Battery.	
	The battery connector has come loose.		sure it is mated co	Reconnect the connector and make sure it is mated correctly. Then adjust the real-time clock time.		Check for vibration and shock.	
	The Battery is missing.		Install a Battery. Then adjust the real- time clock time.		Install a Battery.		
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	This error is checked only when the power is turned ON. You can change the event level to the observation level. If you change the level to the observation level, recovery procedures are not required.						

Event name	Real-Time Clock Failed			Event code	00080000 hex		
Meaning	The real-time clock in the CPU Unit failed.						
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	Source details None		At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The System Time is not defined. The clock information recorded by CJ-series Units is also not defined.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	_CurrentTime		DATE_AND_TIM	DATE_AND_TIME		System Time	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The CPU Unit clock has failed.		Replace the CPU	Replace the CPU Unit.		None	
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Low Battery Voltage			Event code	000B0000 hex			
Meaning	The voltage of the	The voltage of the Battery has dropped.						
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	Source details None		Continuously		
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	No affected	affected			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
variables	_SelfTest_LowBattery		BOOL	BOOL		Low Battery Flag		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The battery voltage is low.		Replace the Batt	Replace the Battery.		Regularly replace the Battery.		
	The battery connector has come loose.			Reconnect the connector and make sure it is mated correctly.		Check for vibration and shock.		
	The Battery is missing.		Install a Battery.		Install a Battery.			
Attached information	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	You may loose the user data the next time that the power supply is interrupted. You can change the event level to the observation level. If you change the level to the observation level, recovery procedures are not required.							

Event name	CPU Unit Overhea	at		Event code	000C0000 hex	
Meaning	The temperature i	nside the CPU Unit e	exceeded the speci	fied value.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule			Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault*	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	_SelfTest_HighTemperature		BOOL		CPU Unit High Temperature Flag	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Assumed cause The ambient operating temperature is too high.		 temperature stays 55°C. Provide enough flow. Do not install the equipment that amount of heat transformers, or resistors. If the ambient termination of the termination of termination of termination of the termination of terminat	at the ambient operating stays between 0 and Make sure that the ambient ture stays between 0 and bugh space for good air all the Controller above that generates a large neat, such as heaters, rs, or high-capacity ent temperature exceeds II a cooling fan or air acooling fan or air		
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

* The level was changed from the observation level to the minor fault level for unit version 1.03.

Event name	Battery-backup M	emory Check Error		Event code	10090000 hex		
Meaning	An error was dete	cted in the memory of	check of the battery-	neck of the battery-backup memory in the CPU Unit.			
Source	PLC Function Module or Motion Con- trol Function Module		Source details	PLC Function Module: None Motion Control Function Mod- ule: MC Common	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	tion The variables with a Retain attribute and memor series Units in the DM, EM, and Holding Areas w rupted. Normal user program execution or norma operation may not be possible.		ig Areas were cor-	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	_RetainFail		BOOL		Retention Failure Flag		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The battery voltage	je is low.	Replace the Battery.		Regularly replace the Battery.		
	The battery conne loose.	ector has come	Reconnect the connector and make sure it is mated correctly.		Check for vibration and shock.		
	The Battery is mis	ssing.	Install a Battery.		Install a Battery.		
Attached information	None		•		•		
Precautions/ Remarks	memory for CJ-se	After you implement the above countermeasures, set the correct data for the variables with a Retain attribute and memory for CJ-series Units in the DM, EM, and Holding Areas. You can change the event level to the observation level. If you change the level to the observation level, recovery procedures are not required.					

Event name	SD Memory Card	nvalid Type		Event code	000F0000 hex		
Meaning	The current SD Me	emory Card is not su	ipported.		- -		
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when SD Memory Card is inserted	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	SD PWR indicator Card is stopped.	R indicator is not lit. Power supply to SD Memory stopped.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	_Card1Ready		BOOL		SD Memory Card Ready Flag		
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An SD Memory Card that is not sup- ported was inserted into the CPU Unit.		Replace the SD Memory Card with an SD/SDHC card with a capacity of 32 GB or less.		Use an SD/SDHC card with a capac- ity of 32 GB or less for the SD Mem- ory Card.		
Attached information	None		•		·		
Precautions/ Remarks	None	None					

Event name	SD Memory Card	Life Exceeded		Event code	00100000 hex		
Meaning	The specified num specified value.	ber of deletions for	the SD Memory Ca	d was exceeded. C	Dr, the number of bad	blocks exceeded the	
Source	PLC Function Module Source details None		Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or periodically			
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	_Card1Deteriorated		BOOL	BOOL		d Life Warning Flag	
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The service life of the SD Memory Card was exceeded.		•	Back up necessary files in the SD Memory Card. Or replace the SD Memory Card.		Regularly replace the SD Memory Card.	
Attached information	None	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	Normal user prog	The data on the SD Memory Card may be corrupted. Normal user program operation may not be possible. You can change the event level to the minor fault level. If you change the level to the minor fault level, the Recovery column above will be changed to "Error reset."					

Event name	SD Memory Card	Invalid Format		Event code	10030000 hex		
Meaning	The file format of	the SD Memory Card	is not FAT16 or FAT32.				
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when SD Memory Card is inserted	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation SD PWR indicator ory Card from the S		is not lit. You can format the SD Mem- Sysmac Studio.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type			
variables	_Card1Ready		BOOL		SD Memory Card	Ready Flag	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The file format of the SD Memory Card inserted in the CPU Unit is not FAT16 or FAT32.		ory Card is inserted If an incorrect SD inserted, replace i one. If the correct	Make sure that the correct SD Mem- ory Card is inserted in the CPU Unit. If an incorrect SD Memory Card is inserted, replace it with the correct one. If the correct SD Memory Card is inserted, format it correctly before you use it.		D Memory Card. SD Memory Card	
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SD Memory Card	Restored or Formatt	ed	Event code	10040000 hex		
Meaning	An error was deter	cted during the file s	ystem check and the	file system was res	tored. Files may hav	ve been deleted.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	If the file is deleted not be possible.	l, normal user progr	am operation may	
System-defined	efined Variable Data type		Data type		Name		
variables							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
-	The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the SD BUSY indi- cator was lit.		Check that the correct file is on the SD Memory Card, or that the device operates correctly. If the correct file is not on the SD Memory Card, or if the device does not operate correctly, download the correct file to the SD Memory Card. Cycle the power sup- ply to the Controller or reset the Con-		Do not turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.		
	The power supply to the Controller was interrupted momentarily while the SD BUSY indicator was lit.				Take appropriate measures to ensure that the specified power with the rated voltage and frequency is supplied in places where the power supply is unstable.		
		The SD Memory Card was removed while the SD PWR indicator was lit.		troller and confirm that the system operates correctly.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card while the SD PWR indicator is lit.	
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.		If this error occurs even though the above problem does not exist, replace the SD Memory Card and download the correct files to it.		None		
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	The error is detected at power ON or at a Controller reset only when SD Memory Card diagnosis You can change the event level to the minor fault level. If you change the level to the minor fault column above will be changed to "Error reset."						

Event name	SD Memory Card	Data Corrupted		Event code	10060000 hex	
Meaning	A file that must be	in the SD Memory 0	Card is missing or c	orrupted.	•	
Source	PLC Function Mod	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.			is not lit. You can fo Sysmac Studio. Nor be possible.	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	_Card1Ready		BOOL	BOOL		Ready Flag
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		
correction .	The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the SD BUSY indi- cator was lit.		Format the SD Memory Card and download the correct file.		Do not turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.	
	was interrupted me	The power supply to the Controller was interrupted momentarily while the SD BUSY indicator was lit.			Take appropriate r that the specified p voltage and freque places where the p unstable.	oower with the rate ency is supplied in
	The SD Memory Card was removed while the SD PWR indicator was lit.				Do not remove the while the SD PWR	
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.		If the error cannot be cleared with the above corrections, replace the SD Memory Card with one that operates normally.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	The error is detected at power ON or at a Controller reset only when SD Memory Card diagnosis at startu You can change the event level to the minor fault level. If you change the level to the minor fault level, the column above will be changed to "Error reset."					

Event name	SD Memory Card	Access Power OFF	Error	Event code	10070000 hex		
Meaning	The power supply	to the Controller was	s interrupted during	access to the SD Me	emory Card.	mory Card.	
Source	PLC Function Mod	lule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Operation is control is corrupted.		olled by the user pro	gram when the file	
System-defined	Variable _Card1PowerFail		Data type		Name		
variables			BOOL		SD Memory Card Flag	Power Interruption	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	The Controller power supply was turned OFF while the SD BUSY indi- cator was lit.		Check that the correct file is on the SD Memory Card, or that the device operates correctly. If the correct file is not on the SD Memory Card, or if the device does not operate correctly, download the correct file to the SD Memory Card. Cycle the power supply to the Controller or reset the Controller and confirm that the system operates correctly. When you have finished the corrections, change the <i>_Card1PowerFail</i> (SD Memory Card Power Interruption Flag) system-defined variable to FALSE.		Do not turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.		
	The power supply to the Controller was interrupted momentarily while the SD BUSY indicator was lit.						
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	When the measure	e is completed, chan	ge the SD Memory (Card Access Power	Interruption Flag to	FALSE.	

Event name	Incorrect SD Memo	ory Card Removal		Event code	10310000 hex*	
Meaning	SD Memory Card r	emoval processing	failed.			
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At SD Memory Card removal
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The SD Memory Card was removed while the SD PWR indicator was lit.		Check the files on the SD Memory Card to see if they are correct. If the files on the SD Memory Card are not correct, download the correct files to the SD Memory Card.		Press the SD Memory Card power supply switch and confirm that the SD PWR indicator goes out before you remove the SD Memory Card.	
Attached information	None				•	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Errors Related to CJ-series Unit Configuration

Event name	I/O Bus Check E	rror		Event code	04010000 hex		
Meaning		l in a bus line transmi and CPU Bus Units v					
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery Cycle the power supply.		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The I/O Connecting Cable is discon- nected or wires inside it are broken.		tor is mated prop nect the connect	Make sure that the I/O cable connec- tor is mated properly and then recon- nect the connector. If the I/O cable is broken, replace it.		able is mated prop- tion. Check for vibra	
	Conductive material has gotten inside.		If there is conductive material nearby, blow out the Units with air.		Do not do any metal working in the vicinity of the control panel. Use the control panel only when it is closed.		
	The connector contact is faulty due to foreign material in the connector.		If foreign material is stuck to the con- nector, take off the connector and remove the foreign material.		Make sure that the operating environ ment is free of dirt and dust.		
	 Noise There is data corruption in bus signals. There is malfunctioning in bus interface circuits. 		above causes, c Controller and se error. If the error check the FG, pc Connecting Cabl entry paths, and	If the error did not result from the above causes, cycle the power to the Controller and see if that clears the error. If the error occurs frequently, check the FG, power supply lines, I/O Connecting Cables, and other noise entry paths, and implement noise countermeasures as required.		Implement noise countermeasures.	
	 CPU Unit Special I/O Uni CPU Bus Unit 	Special I/O Unit		If the error did not result from the above causes, and cycling the power to the Controller or resetting the Con- troller does not clear the error, replace the attached Unit or the CPU Unit.		nspections.	
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Unsupported Unit	Detected		Event code	24010000 hex			
Meaning	An unsupported C	J-series Unit or Pow	er Supply Unit is m	ounted.	·			
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset		
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Operation Stops.*		•		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	An unsupported CJ-series Unit or Power Supply Unit was detected.		CPU Unit or Pow	Remove the unsupported CJ-series CPU Unit or Power Supply Unit and replace it with a supported one.		Use a Unit that is supported by this CPU Unit.		
Attached	Attached informat	ion 1: Rack number	where error was de	tected, 0 to 3	·			
information	Attached informat	Attached information 2: Slot number where error was detected, 0 to 9						
	Attached informat	Attached information 3: Profile code that gives the Unit type						
Precautions/ Remarks				its that are mounted re supported before ι	•	. Make sure that the		

Event name	Too Many I/O Po	ints		Event code	24020000 hex		
Meaning	The total number of I/O points in the connected CJ-serie			Units exceeds the maximum specified value of the CPU Unit.			
Source	PLC Function Module S		Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*	Stops.*		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction		of I/O points in the ries Basic I/O Units	Set the total number of I/O points in the CJ-series Basic I/O Units to 2,560 or less.		Set the total number of I/O points in the CJ-series Basic I/O Units to 2,560 or less.		
Attached information	Attached information 1: Total number of I/O points in the CJ-series Basic I/O Units						
Precautions/ Remarks	None	None					

* For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	End Cover Missing			Event code	24030000 hex			
Meaning	The End Cover is	not connected to rig	ght end of the CPU	end of the CPU Rack or an Expansion Rack.				
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	Source details I/O bus master		Continuously		
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Operation Stops.*				
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction				
correction	The End Cover is not connected to right end of the CPU Rack or an Expansion Rack.		connected and fi	Check that the End Cover is correctly connected and firmly attached. If it is not, connect it properly.		Design a unit configuration that includes the End Cover.		
	The End Cover is not connected properly.					Confirm that End Cover is connected correctly when you assemble the Controller.		
Attached information	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None	None						

Event name	Incorrect Unit/Expa	ansion Rack Connec	tion	Event code	24040000 hex			
Meaning		The number of Units or Expansion Racks exceeds the maximum value specified for the CPU Unit. Or, an Interrupt Input Unit was mounted to a unsupported slot or to an Expansion Rack.						
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset		
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery Cycle the power supply.		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*		•		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	More than 10 Units are connected to one Rack.		Reduce the number of Units con- nected to the Rack to 10 or fewer.		Check the maximum number of con- nections allowed and design a config uration that fits within those ranges.			
	More than three Expansion Racks are connected.		Reduce the number of Expansion Racks to three or fewer.					
	More than two Interrupt Input Units are mounted.		Reduce the number of Interrupt Input Units to two or fewer.					
	An Interrupt Input Unit was mounted to a unsupported slot or to an Expan- sion Rack.		Mount the Interrupt Input Units to slots 0 to 4 on the CPU Rack (i.e., as one of the five Units to the right of the CPU Unit).					
Attached information	None				1			
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Duplicate Unit Nur	nber		Event code	24050000 hex	
Meaning	The same unit nur	nber is set for more	than one Special I/O	Unit or more than o	one CPU Bus Unit.	
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery Cycle the power supply.		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*		
System-defined	Variable		Data type	•	Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The same unit number is set for more than one Special I/O Unit or more than one CPU Bus Unit.		Check that the same unit number is not used for more than one Special I/O Unit or CPU Bus Unit by checking the rotary switches. If the same unit number is used more than once for the same Unit configuration, change the unit number.		Make sure that the same unit number is not used for more than one Special I/O Unit. Also, make sure that the same unit number is not used for more than one CPU Bus Unit.	
	The same unit number is assigned to a Special I/O Unit that uses more than one unit number and another Special I/O Unit.		Check whether a Special I/O Unit or CPU Bus Unit that uses more than one unit number is included in the configuration. If there is, check to see if one of the unit numbers assigned to it is used by another Special I/O Unit or CPU Bus Unit. If it is, change the unit number.			
Attached	Attached informati	on 1: Rack number	where error was dete	ected, 0 to 3		
information	Attached informati	on 2: Slot number w	here error was deteo	cted, 0 to 9		
	Attached informati		it: Duplicated unit nu Duplicated unit num			
Precautions/ Remarks	Check the model of	of the Special I/O Un	it. Some Special I/O	Units use up to four	unit numbers.	

Event name	I/O Setting Check	Error		Event code	34010000 hex		
Meaning	There is an incons mounted in the Co		Init model in the Un	it Configuration in the	CPU Unit and the	Unit model that is	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	At power ON, Controller reset, or Unit Configura- tion and Setup transfer	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A Unit model or Special Unit unit num- ber in the Unit Configuration in the CPU Unit is different from the Unit model or the Special Unit unit number of the Unit that is mounted in the Con- troller.		Correct the Unit Configuration in the CPU Unit or the physical Unit configu- ration so that there are no inconsis- tencies.		Make sure that the Unit Configuration in the CPU Unit and the physical Unit configuration are consistent.		
Attached information	Attached information 1: The lowest slot number where an error was detected on the CPU Rack: 0 to 9, When the CPU Rack is normal: 10						
	Attached information		t number where an ck 1 is normal: 10	error was detected o	n Expansion Rack	1: 0 to 9, When	
	Attached information		t number where an ck 2 is normal: 10	error was detected o	n Expansion Rack	2: 0 to 9, When	
	Attached information 4: The lowest slot number where an error was detected on Expansion Rack 3: 0 to 9, When Expansion Rack 3 is normal: 10						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	PLC Function Processing Error			Event code	44400000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was	detected in the PLC	Function Module.				
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Source details I/O bus master		Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name		
	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An error occurred in the software.		Contact your OM	Contact your OMRON representative.		None	
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: System inforr	nation				
information	Attached informa	tion 2: System inforr	nation				
	Attached informa	tion 3: System inforr	nation				
	Attached information 4: System information						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Impossible to Acce	Impossible to Access Special Unit			64010000 hex	
Meaning	An error occurred i	n data exchange be	tween the CPU Unit	and a Special Unit.		
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	CJ-series Unit	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Reset error, cycle power supply, or reset Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Special Unit s	tops.	
System-defined	efined Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	DIP switch pin on a correct.The node address	 The node address is not correct. The communications mode is not correct. 		Correct the setting of the rotary switches or DIP switch pin on the Special Unit. You can check the set- ting error on the seven-segment dis- play on the Special Unit.		ches and DIP Special Units cor-
	An error occurred in the Special Unit.		Refer to the relevant manual to troubleshoot the error.		Refer to the Unit manual and use th Unit correctly.	
	The Unit connectio	n is faulty.	Connect the Unit so that the connec- tors mate correctly and slide the yel- low sliders on the top and on the bottom toward the back to lock them into place.		Make sure that the Units are con- nected correctly. Check for vibration and shock.	
	Noise There is data corruption in bus signals. 		If the error did not result from the above causes, cycle the power to the Controller and see if that clears the error. If the error occurs frequently, check the FG, power supply lines, and other noise entry paths, and imple- ment noise countermeasures as required.		Implement noise countermeasures.	
	A Unit has failed.		If the error did not result from the above causes, and cycling the power to the Controller or resetting the Con- troller does not clear the error, replace the Special Unit.		Perform regular inspections.	
Attached information		CPU But Unit:	it: Error unit number Error unit number +			
Precautions/ Remarks	None	on 2: System inform	aliuli			

Event name	CJ-series Unit Bac	kup Failed		Event code	102D0000 hex*			
Meaning	The backup operat	ion for a CJ-series l	Jnit ended in an erro	or.	- -			
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	During backup operation		
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		•		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	An error occurred i ration. (when 4 is g information 1 (Erro	jiven for attached	Eliminate the error uration.	r in the Unit Config-	Back up the data errors in the Unit	when there are no Configuration.		
	An error occurred for a Special Unit. (when 2 is given for attached informa- tion 1 (Error Details))		Eliminate the error Unit.	r for the Special	Back up the data errors for the Spe	when there are no ecial Unit.		
	A restart is in progress for the Special Unit. (when 2 is given for attached information 1 (Error Details))		Back up the data when there is no restart command for the Special Unit.		Do not restart the Special Unit when a backup operation is in progress. Do not attempt to back up data during a restart.			
	A Unit model or Special Unit unit num- ber in the Unit Configuration in the CPU Unit is different from the Unit model or the Special Unit unit number of the Unit that is mounted in the Con- troller (when 5 is given for attached information 1 (Error Details)).		CPU Unit or the pl	Correct the Unit Configuration in the CPU Unit or the physical Unit configu- ration so that there are no inconsis- tencies.		Make sure that the Unit Configuration in the CPU Unit and the physical Unit configuration are consistent when you back up the data.		
	The CPU Unit or C failed. (when 1 is g information 1 (Erro	iven for attached	If none of the above causes applies, replace the CPU Unit or the CJ-series Unit.		None			
Attached	Attached Information 1: Error Details							
information	1: It was not po	ossible to create the	backup file.					
	2: Communica	tions with a Special	Unit failed.					
	4: The CJ-serie	es Unit could not be	detected.					
		0	. ,	sical Unit configuration				
				ected, 0 to 3 (when 2	-			
				cted, 0 to 9 (when 2	is given for Error D	etails)		
	Attached information	on 4: System Inform	ation (when 2 is give	en for Error Details)				
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	CJ-series Unit Res	tore Operation Faile	d	Event code	102E0000 hex*			
Meaning	The restore operat	ion for a CJ-series L	Jnit ended in an erro	ır.				
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	During restore operation		
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program		Operation	Not affected.				
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	ration. (when 4 is g	An error occurred in the Unit Configu- ration. (when 4 is given for attached information 1 (Error Details))		in the Unit Config-	Restore the data v errors in the Unit C			
	An error occurred t (when 2 is given for tion 1 (Error Detail	r attached informa-	Eliminate the error Unit.	for the Special	Restore the data v errors for the Spec			
	The Unit Configuration in the backup file does not agree with the physical Unit configuration. (when 5 is given for attached information 1 (Error Details))		Make sure that the in the backup file a physical Unit confi	•	Make sure that the Unit Configuration in the backup file agrees with the physical Unit configuration before you attempt to restore the data.			
	A restart is in progress for the Special Unit. (when 2 is given for attached information 1 (Error Details))		Restore the data when there is no restart command for the Special Unit.		Do not restart the Special Unit when a restore operation is in progress. Do not attempt to restore data during a restart.			
	required by the Sp met. (when 3 is given	The restore conditions that are required by the Special Unit are not met. (when 3 is given for attached information 1 (Error Details))		Check the restore conditions in the manual for the Special Unit and make sure that they are met.		Check the restore conditions in the manual for the Special Unit and make sure that they are met.		
	The backup files ar 3 is given for attac (Error Details))	e corrupted. (when hed information 1		Format the SD Memory Card with the Sysmac Studio and then place the backup file on it.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.		
	The CPU Unit or C failed. (when 1 is g information 1 (Erro	iven for attached	If none of the above causes applies, replace the CPU Unit or the CJ-series Unit.		None			
Attached	Attached Informati	on 1: Error Details	•		•			
information	1: It was not po	ossible to read the b	ackup file.					
	2: Communica	tions with a Special	Unit failed.					
	3: The restore	operation for a Spec	cial Unit failed.					
	4: The CJ-serie	es Unit could not be	detected.					
	5: The Unit Co	nfiguration in the ba	ckup file does not a	gree with the physica	al Unit configuration.			
	Attached information	on 2: Rack number v	where error was dete	ected, 0 to 3 (when 2	2 or 3 is given for Err	ror Details)		
	Attached information	on 3: Slot number w	here error was deteo	cted, 0 to 9 (when 2	or 3 is given for Erro	or Details)		
	Attached information	Attached information 4: System Information (when 2 is given for Error Details)						
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Unsupported Unit	Setting		Event code	30200000 hex*		
Meaning	A setting in the Sp	A setting in the Special Unit is not supported.					
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation Not affected.			
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name		
	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	A setting in the Special Unit is not supported by the CPU Unit.		where the error of	Change the setting of the Special Unit where the error occurred so that all Special Unit settings are supported by the CPU Unit.		Refer to the manual for the CPU Unit and use only Special Unit settings that are supported.	
Attached information	None	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Illegal Packet Disc	arded		Event code	80010000 hex		
Meaning	An illegal packet w	An illegal packet was received during message communications. The illegal packet was discarded.					
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Not affected.			•	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Noise • There is data con nals.	There is data corruption in bus sig- nals. See if thi occurs fr power sig- entry participation		Cycle the power to the Controller and see if this clears the error. If the error occurs frequently, check the FG, oower supply lines, and other noise entry paths, and implement noise countermeasures as required.		countermeasures.	
Attached information	None	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None	None					

Event name	PLC System Information			Event code	04020000 hex	
Meaning	This event provide	s internal information	n from the PLC Fur	ction Module.	•	
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not a	ffected.	·
System-defined	n-defined Variable		Data type	-	Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	tion from the PLC I is recorded to prov	This event provides internal informa- tion from the PLC Function Module. It is recorded to provide additional infor- mation for another event.				
Attached	Attached information	on 1: System informa	ation			
information	Attached information	on 2: System informa	ation			
	Attached information	on 3: System informa	ation			
	Attached information	on 4: System inform	ation			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	PLC System Inform	nation		Event code	44410000 hex			
Meaning	This event provide	s internal information	n from the PLC Fur	ction Module.	·			
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	I/O bus master	Detection timing	Continuously		
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not a	ffected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
	This event provides internal informa- tion from the PLC Function Module. It is recorded to provide additional infor- mation for another event.							
Attached information		on 1: System information 2: System information			•			
	Attached information	Attached information 3: System information						
	Attached information	on 4: System informa	ormation					
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Errors Related to Controller Operation

Event name	User Program/Co fer Error	ntroller Configuration	s and Setup Trans-	Event code	10200000 hex		
Meaning	The user program	or Controller Config	urations and Setup	were not transferred	correctly.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	None or I/O bus master	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The user program or Controller Con- figurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted during a down- load of the user program or the Controller Configurations and Setup.		Clear all of memory and then down- load the project from the Sysmac Stu- dio. If attached information is registered, cycle the power supply to the Controller and then implement the above correction.		Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller during a download of the user program or the Controller Configurations and Setup.		
	The user program or Controller Con- figurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted during online editing.		If you cannot perform a Clear All Memory operation from the Sysmac Studio, transfer the project to the Controller with a restore operation from an SD Memory Card.		Do not interrupt the power supply to the Controller during online editing.		
	The user program or Controller Con- figurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted during a Clear All Memory operation.				Do not interrupt th the Controller duri ory operation.	e power supply to ng a Clear All Mem	
	figurations and Se because the powe	The user program or Controller Con- figurations and Setup are not correct because the power supply to the Con- troller was interrupted during a				Do not interrupt the power supply to the Controller during a restore opera- tion.	
	Non-volatile mem	Non-volatile memory failed.		ts even after you None correction, replace			
Attached	Attached Informat	ion 1: Cause Details	•				
information	None: Power was	interrupted during a	download, during or	nline editing, or durin	g restoration.		
	Downloading/Pred preparations) is g	downloading: For oth iven.	er causes, the timing	g of error occurrence	e (during download o	or during download	
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Illegal User Progr	am Execution ID	Event code 10210000 hex			0000 hex	
Meaning	The user progran	n execution IDs set in	IDs set in the user program and in the CPU Unit do not match.				
Source	PLC Function Mc	dule			Detection timing	At user program download, power ON, or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	The user program execution IDs set in the user program and in the CPU Unit do not match.			Set the same user program execution ID in the user program and CPU Unit.		Set the same user program execution ID in the user program and CPU Unit. Keep a record of the user program	
		xecution ID is set in not in the user pro-	in the user progra	ecution ID is not set im, clear the user n ID set in the CPU Il memory in the	ar the user and in the CPU Uni et in the CPU played.	in the user program nit. They are not dis-	
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Illegal User Program			Event code	10240000 hex	
Meaning	The user program is not correct.					
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule			Detection timing	At download, power ON, or Controller reset
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The limit to the nu els for functions o was exceeded.	mber of nesting lev- r function blocks	that exceeds the li of nesting levels for tion blocks and rea	br functions or func- duce the number of ithin the limit. Then,	exceeded. Use the the Sysmac Studio	-
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

* For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	Illegal User Program/Controller Configurations and Setup Event code				10250000 hex	
Meaning	The upper limit of the usable memory was exceeded or the user program or Controller Configurations and Setup is or rupted.					
Source	PLC Function Module				Detection timing	At download, power ON, or Controller reset
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
	The upper limit of the data size was exceeded.		ber of items used occurred at the same time as this event, correct the user program and settings so that the number of items used is not exceeded and then download the data again.		None	
	The main memor exceeded.	y capacity was	ber of items used same time as this Clear All Memory power supply, and this event was cle cleared, reduce th ect, e.g., by sharir	ared. If it was e size of the proj-		
	Non-volatile memory is deteriorating or has failed.		If this error persist implement the aboreplace the CPU L	ove two corrections,		
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Error in Starting A	utomatic Transfer		Event code	10270000 hex*1		
Meaning	An error was dete	cted in pre-executior					
Source	PLC Function Mod	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power Log category supply or reset the Controller.		System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*2			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An SD Memory Ca	ard is not inserted.	Insert an SD Mem	ory Card.	Insert an SD Mem	ory Card.	
	The SD Memory C rect.	The SD Memory Card type is not cor- rect.		Replace the SD Memory Card with an SD or SDHC card.		Use an SD or SDHC card.	
	The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct.		Format the SD Memory Card with the Sysmac Studio and then create an autoload folder and place the backup files in it.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card, create an autoload folder on the SD Memory Card, and place the backup files in it. Also, do not remove the SD		
	There is no autoload folder on the SD Memory Card.			Create an autoload folder on the SD Memory Card and place the backup files in it.		Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator i lit.	
		up files in the auto- SD Memory Card.	Place the backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card.				
	Either the backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card are corrupted or required data is not in the backup files on the SD Memory Card.		Replace the backup files in the auto- load folder on the SD Memory Card. If this error occurs again even after replacing the files, create the backup files again and place them in the auto- load folder.				
	The unit version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the unit version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.		Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has a unit version that is the same as or newer than the unit ver- sion of the CPU that was used to cre- ate the backup files. Or, place the backup files with the correct unit ver- sion for the CPU Unit in the autoload folder.		Make sure that the CPU Unit and the backup files are co		

Cause and correction	The model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same model as the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, place the backup files with the same model of CPU Unit in the autoload folder.	Make sure that the model of the CPU Unit is the same as the model of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.					
	Recovery was executed for the SD Memory Card.	If there are no backup files or no auto- matic transfer command file in the autoload folder, place the files in the folder again.	None					
	The CPU Unit is write-protected.	If you use automatic transfers, select the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write</i> <i>protection at startup</i> setting of the CPU Unit.	If you use automatic transfers, select the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write</i> <i>protection at startup</i> setting of the CPU Unit.					
	The settings in the automatic transfer command file (AutoloadCommand.ini) are not correct.	Make sure that the required files are set to "Yes" in the automatic transfer command file.	Make sure that the required files are set to "Yes" in the automatic transfer command file.					
	Reading the data for automatic trans- fer failed because the SD Memory Card is faulty or not formatted cor- rectly.	Perform the same corrective mea- sures as for when the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct or the SD Memory Card is damaged.	Perform the same preventive mea- sures as for the following events: SD Memory Card Invalid Format or Faulty SD Memory Card.					
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.	If none of the above causes applies, replace the SD Memory Card.	Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodi- cally according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.					
	The database connection service ver- sion of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the database connection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has a database connection service version that is the same as or newer than the database connection service version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, place the backup files with the correct database connection service version for the CPU Unit in the auto- load folder.	Make sure that the database connec- tion service version of the CPU Unit and the database connection service version of the backup files are com- patible.					
	The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the robot version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has a robot version that is the same as or newer than the robot version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, place the backup files with the correct robot version for the CPU Unit in the auto- load folder.	Make sure that the robot version of the CPU Unit and the robot version of the backup files are compatible.					
Attached	Attached Information 1: Error Details	1	1					
information	0001 hex: An SD Memory Card is not inserted. 0002 hex: The SD Memory Card is faulty, the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct, or the SD Memory Card is not the correct type of card.							
		0004 hex: Recovery was executed for the SD Memory Card.						
		0101 hex: There is no autoload folder on the SD Memory Card.						
		0102 hex: There are no backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card. 0103 hex: The backup files are corrupted.						
		0104 hex: The contents of the automatic transfer command file are not correct.						
		0105 hex: The required transfer data is not in the backup file. 0201 hex: The unit version of the CPU Unit is old.						
	0201 nex: The unit version of the 0202 hex: The model numbers of							
	0203 hex: The CPU Unit is write-p							
		n service or robot version of the CPU Ur						
Precautions/	ů	natic transfer failed or the SD Memory Ca	ard is faulty.					
	None							

Event name	Error in Executing	Automatic Transfer		Event code	10280000 hex*1	
Meaning	The automatic tran	sfer ended in an err	or.		•	
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*2		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	It was not possible automatic transfer.	to read the data for	Sysmac Studio an	mory Card with the d then create an d place the backup	or turn OFF the p	
	The SD Memory Card was removed during an automatic transfer.		Insert an SD Memory Card that con- tains the backup files in an autoload folder, and then cycle the power sup- ply to execute the automatic transfer again.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card during the automatic transfer.	
	There are no backup files in the auto- load folder on the SD Memory Card.		Create an autoload folder in the SD Memory Card and store the backup files in it.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card, create an autoload folder in the SD Memory Card, and store the backup files in the folder. Do not turn OFF the power supply or remove the SD Mem- ory Card while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.	
	The backup files in the autoload folder on the SD Memory Card are corrupted.		Store the backup files in the autoload folder again. If this error occurs again even after replacing the files, create the backup files again and place them in the autoload folder.			
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.		If none of the above replace the SD Me		or turn OFF the p	
Attached	Attached Information	on 1: Error Details	•		•	
information	0001 hex: The	SD Memory Card w	vas removed.			
	0102 hex: The	re are no backup file	es in the autoload fol	lder on the SD Mem	ory Card.	
		backup files are cor				
		ding data for autom	atic transfer failed or	r the SD Memory Ca	rd is damaged.	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	SD Memory Card I Error	Program Transfer Pr	e-execution Check	Event code	10330000 hex *1		
Meaning	An error was detec	cted in pre-execution	d programs.				
Source	PLC Function Mod	PLC Function Module		Source details None I		Before SD Mem- ory Card pro- grams are transferred after a Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	covery Cycle the power- supply or reset the Controller.		System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*2			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An SD Memory Ca	ard is not inserted.	Insert an SD Memo	ory Card.	Insert an SD Mem	ory Card.	
	The SD Memory C rect.	ard type is not cor-	Replace the SD Me SD or SDHC card.	emory Card with an	Use an SD or SDF	IC card.	
	The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct.		Format the SD Memory Card with the Sysmac Studio, create a folder speci- fied by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable on the card, and store the backup files in the folder.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card, create a folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable on the card, and store the backup files in the folder.		
	There is no such folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName system-defined variable.		Create a folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName system-defined variable on the SD Memory Card and store the backup		Also, do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.		
	There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined vari- able. Either the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined vari- able on the SD Memory Card are corrupted or required data is not in the backup files on the SD Memory Card.		files in the folder.	Replace the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined vari- able. If this error occurs again even after replacing the files, create the backup files again and place them in the			
			specified by the _C Cmd.DirName syst able. If this error occurs replacing the files, files again and place				
			folder specified by the _Card1Prg- TransferCmd.DirName system- defined variable.				
	which to transfer th the unit version of	The unit version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the unit version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.		than Unit that has a unit version that is the CP		e unit version of the unit version of the ompatible.	
			Or, place the back correct unit versior in the folder specif <i>_Card1PrgTransfe</i> system-defined va	for the CPU Unit, ied by the <i>rCmd.DirName</i>			

Cause and	Assumed cause	Correction	Prevention
correction	The model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same model as the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.	Make sure that the model of the CPU Unit is the same as the model of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.
		Or, place the backup files with the correct model for the used CPU Unit, in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable.	
	The CPU Unit is write-protected.	If you transfer SD Memory Card pro- grams, select the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write protection at startup</i> set- ting of the CPU Unit.	If you transfer SD Memory Card pro- grams, select the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write protection at startup</i> set- ting of the CPU Unit.
	Required files are not set to transfer in the setting of the _ <i>Card1PrgTrans-</i> <i>ferCmd</i> system-defined variable.	Make sure that TRUE is set in the _Card1PrgTransferCmd system- defined variable to transfer required files.	Make sure that TRUE is set in the _Card1PrgTransferCmd system- defined variable to transfer required files.
	Reading the data for the SD Memory Card program transfer failed because the SD Memory Card is faulty or not formatted correctly.	Perform the same corrective mea- sures as for when the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct or the SD Memory Card is damaged.	Perform the same preventive mea- sures as for the following events: SD Memory Card Invalid Format or Faulty SD Memory Card.
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.	If none of the above causes applies, replace the SD Memory Card.	Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodi- cally according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.
	The database connection service ver- sion of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the database connection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same or a newer database connection service version than the database connection service version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, place the backup files with the correct data- base connection service version for the CPU Unit, in the folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.Dir- Name system-defined variable.	Make sure that the database connec- tion service version of the CPU Unit and the database connection service version of the backup files are com- patible.
	The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the robot version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same or a newer robot version than the robot version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, place the backup files with the correct robot version for the CPU Unit, in the folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.Dir- Name system-defined variable.	Make sure that the robot version of the CPU Unit and the robot version of the backup files are compatible.

Attached	Attached Information 1: Error Details
information	0001 hex: An SD Memory Card is not inserted.
	0002 hex: The SD Memory Card is faulty, the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct, or the SD Memory Card is not the correct type of card.
	0004 hex: Recovery was executed for the SD Memory Card.
	0101 hex: There is no such folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable.
	0102 hex: There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the _Card1PrgTrans ferCmd.DirName system-defined variable.
	0103 hex: The backup files are corrupted.
	0104 hex: Required files are not set to transfer in the setting of the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd</i> system-defined variable.
	0105 hex: The required transfer data is not in the backup file.
	0201 hex: The unit version of the CPU Unit is old.
	0202 hex: The model numbers of the CPU Unit are not the same.
	0203 hex: The CPU Unit is write-protected.
	0211 hex: The database connection service or robot version of the CPU Unit is old.
	0212 hex: The SD Memory Card program transfer is set to disable.
	0213 hex: The password that was set on the Sysmac Studio to execute the SD Memory Card program transfer does not agree with the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.Password system-defined variable.
	0214 hex: The DIP switch on the CPU Unit is not set to allow starting the SD Memory Card program transfer.
	0301 hex: Reading data for transferring the programs failed or the SD Memory Card is faulty.
Precautions/ Remarks	None

Event name	Error in Executing	SD Memory Card Pr				
Meaning	The SD Memory C	ard program transfe	r ended in an error.			
Source	PLC Function Moc	lule	Source details	None	Detection timing	During SD Mem- ory Card program transfers
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power- supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*2		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	It was not possible SD Memory Card	to read the data for program transfers.		tem-defined d, and store the	or turn OFF the p the SD BUSY ind replace the SD M	icator is lit. Or, emory Card periodi- the write life of the
	The SD Memory Card was removed during a SD Memory Card program transfer.		Insert an SD Memory Card that con- tains the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined vari- able, and then cycle the power supply to execute the SD Memory Card pro- gram transfer again.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card during the SD Memory Card program transfer.	
	There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the _Card1PrgTransfer-Cmd.DirName system-defined variable.		Create a folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName system-defined variable on the SD Memory Card and store the backup files in the folder.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card, create a folder specified by the _ <i>Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable on the card, and store the backup files in the	
	The backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable are cor- rupted.		Replace the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable. If this error occurs again even after replacing the files, create the backup files again and place them in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1Prg-TransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable.		folder. Also, do not remo Card or turn OFF while the SD BUS	
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.		If none of the abov replace the SD Me		or turn OFF the p the SD BUSY ind replace the SD M	icator is lit. Or, emory Card periodi- the write life of the
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Details 0001 hex: The SD Memory Card was removed. 0102 hex: There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the _Card1P ferCmd.DirName system-defined variable. 0103 hex: The backup files are corrupted. 0301 hex: Reading data for transferring the SD Memory Card programs failed or the SD Memory Card is					he _Card1PrgTrans-
Precautions/ Remarks	None					e. y early to faulty.

Event name	PLC Function Pro	cessing Error		Event code	40110000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.						
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	None Detection Cont timing		Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An error occurred	in the software.	Contact your OM	RON representative.	None		
Attached information	Attached Information	ion 1: System inform ion 2: System inform ion 3: System inform ion 4: System inform	nation nation	tion tion tion			
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Safe Mode			Event code	40160000 hex*1		
Meaning	The Controller star	The Controller started in Safe Mode.					
Source	PLC Function Mod	lule	Source details			At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*2			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The power supply the Controller whe set on the DIP swi Unit.	n Safe Mode was					
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	If the Controller is mode is set to RU		PU Unit is in Safe M	ode, the user progra	m is not executed e	ven if the startup	

*1 This event code occurs for unit version 1.02 or earlier of the CPU Unit.

Event name	PLC Function Pro	cessing Error		Event code	44420000 hex*1		
Meaning	A fatal error was d	etected in the PLC F	unction Module.		•		
Source	PLC Function Mod	lule			Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*2			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An error occurred	An error occurred in the software. Contact your OMRON representative. None					
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information Attached Information 2: System information Attached information 3: System information Attached information 4: System information						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

*2 For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	PLC Function Processing Error			Event code	40120000 hex	
Meaning	A fatal error was	A fatal error was detected in the PLC Function Module.				
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details	Source details None I		Continuously
Error attributes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Stops.*	· · · · · ·	
System-defined	stem-defined Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An error occurred in the software. Contact your OMRON representative. None					
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information Attached Information 2: System information Attached information 3: System information Attached information 4: System information					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

* Operation is the same as for a major fault level error. For details, refer to I/O Operation for Major Fault Level Controller Errors on page 5-6.

Event name	PLC Function Processing Error			Event code	40130000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was detected in part of the PLC Function Module.						
Source	PLC Function Mod	lule			Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Operation is not aff		fected.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An error occurred in the software. Contact your OMRON representative. None						
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information Attached Information 2: System information Attached information 3: System information Attached information 4: System information						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Event Log Save E	rror		Event code	10230000 hex	
Meaning	Saving the event l	og failed.			-	
Source	PLC Function Mod	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program Starts.		Operation	Not affected. Howe cannot be read.	ever, part or all of the	e past event log
System-defined			Data type		Name	
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A low battery voltage prevented retention of memory during a power interruption. (NJ/NX-series)		Replace the Battery.		Replace the battery periodically.	
	A forced shutdown was performed. (NY-series)		None		Perform a shutdown with other method than the forced shutdown.	
	Data in the event log area are invalid. (NY-series)		If the error persists even after you cycle the power to the Industrial PC, a hardware failure may occur in the event log area. Replace the Industrial PC if you use the event logs in the Industrial PC.		None	
	Data in the NX Unit event log area are invalid. (NX1P2 CPU Unit)		If this error persists even after you cycle the power supply to the CPU Unit, a hardware failure may occur in the event log area. Replace the CPU Unit if you use the event logs in the CPU Unit.		None	
Attached information	1: Failure to 2: Failure to		save all categories save system event save access event l to save user-defined	log, log,	1	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Trace Setting Tra	nsfer Failure		Event code	10260000 hex	
Meaning	The power supply	was interrupted whil	e transferring the tr	ace settings.	•	
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details			At power ON or Controller reset
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.	lot affected.	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The power supply while transferring	was interrupted the trace settings.	Transfer the trace settings again. Do not interrupt the power supp while transferring the trace setting			
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	All trace settings a	are initialized when th	nis error occurs.			

Event name	Backup Failed to S	Start		Event code	10290000 hex*		
Meaning	An error was deter	cted in pre-execution	h checks for a backu	p operation.			
Source	PLC Function Mod	lule			Detection timing	When backup is specified by the user	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		•	
System-defined Variable			Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An SD Memory Ca	ard is not inserted.	Insert an SD Mem	ory Card.	Insert an SD Merr	ory Card.	
	The SD Memory C rect.	The SD Memory Card type is not cor- rect.		Replace the SD Memory Card with an SD or SDHC card.		HC card.	
	The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct.		Format the SD Memory Card with the Sysmac Studio.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card. Also, do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.		
	The SD Memory Card is write pro- tected.		Remove write protection from the SD Memory Card.		Make sure that the SD Memory Card is not write protected.		
	The <i>Prohibiting backing up data to the</i> <i>SD Memory Card</i> parameter is set to prohibit backing up data to an SD Memory Card.		backing up data to Card parameter to	Change the setting of the <i>Prohibiting</i> backing up data to the SD Memory Card parameter to enable backing up data to an SD Memory Card.		Set the <i>Prohibiting backing up data to</i> <i>the SD Memory Card</i> parameter to enable backing up data to an SD Memory Card.	
	Another backup operation is in prog- ress.		Wait for the other backup operation to end and then perform the backup operation again.		Do not attempt to perform other backup operation during a backup operation.		
		Synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Memory operation is in progress.		Wait for the synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Memory oper- ation to end and then perform the backup operation again.		Do not attempt to perform a backup operation during a synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Mem- ory operation.	
	The backup was c user.	anceled by the	None	None			
	The online connec mac Studio was di		Check the cable connections. Go offline and then go back online and execute the backup again.		Check the cable to see if it is discon- nected or broken. Make sure the cable is connected properly.		

Cause and correction	The SD Memory Card is damaged.	If none of the above causes applies, replace the SD Memory Card.	Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.				
Attached	Attached information 1: Operation type	• •					
information	0101 hex: Controller to SD Memory	y Card for switch operation on front of C	PU Unit				
	0102 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for system variable operation						
	0103 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for Sysmac Studio operation						
	0104 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for instruction operation						
	0201 hex: Controller to computer						
	Attached Information 2: Error Details						
	0001 hex: An SD Memory Card is not inserted.						
	0002 hex: The SD Memory Card is faulty, the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct, or the SD Memory Card is not the correct type of card.						
	0003 hex: The SD Memory Card is	write protected.					
	0204 hex: SD Memory Card backup is prohibited.						
	0205 hex: Another backup operation	0205 hex: Another backup operation is in progress.					
	0206 hex: Synchronization, online	editing, or the Clear All Memory operati	on is in progress.				
	0207 hex: A prohibited character is	s used in the directory name that is spec	ified in the system-defined variable.				
	0401 hex: The backup was canceled	ed by the user.					
	0501 hex: The online connection w	ith the Sysmac Studio was disconnecte	d.				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Backup Failed			Event code	102A0000 hex*			
Meaning	The backup opera	tion ended in an erro	or.					
Source	PLC Function Mod	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	During backup operation		
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.				
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	The capacity of th is insufficient.	e SD Memory Card	Replace the SD M with sufficient ava	emory Card for one ilable space.	Use an SD Mem sufficient availab	nory Card that has ble space.		
	It was not possible to save the data that was specified for backup.		Perform the backu when no data write CPU Unit is in pro		Do not write to the backup operation	he CPU Unit when a n is in progress.		
	The SD Memory C during a backup o		Insert an SD Mem	ory Card.	Insert an SD Me	mory Card.		
	Failed to back up	Unit or slave.	ing events: CJ-ser Failed (102D0000		the following eve	•		
	The backup was ouser.	anceled by the	None		None			
	Execution of the Save Cam Table instruction or changing the CPU Unit name is in progress.		Perform the operation after execution of the Save Cam Table instruction or changing the CPU Unit name is com- pleted.		Do not perform a backup during execution of the Save Cam Table instru- tion or while changing the CPU Unit name.			
	The online connect mac Studio was d		Check the cable c offline and then go execute the backu	back online and		to see if it is discon n. Make sure the ed properly.		
	It was not possible that was specified computer.		Increase the avail hard disk on the c	•		is sufficient space hard disk before yo p.		
	The SD Memory Card is damaged. If none of the above causes applies, replace the SD Memory Card. Do not remove the SD or turn OFF the power the SD BUSY indicato the SD Memory Card according to the write Memory Card.				power supply while dicator is lit. Replac Card periodically			
Attached	Attached informat	on 1: Operation type	1		,			
information	Attached information 1: Operation type 0101 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for switch operation on front of CPU Unit							
	0102 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for system variable operation							
	0103 hex: Cor	0103 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for System variable operation						
	0104 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for instruction operation							
	0201 hex: Controller to computer							
	Attached Information 2: Error Details							
	0001 hex: The SD Memory Card was removed.							
	0001 hex: The	e SD Memory Card w	0005 hex: There is not sufficient space available on the SD Memory Card.					
		•	ace available on th	e SD Memory Card.				
	0005 hex: The	•		e SD Memory Card.				
	0005 hex: The 0006 hex: Too	ere is not sufficient sp	ories.	·	PU Unit name is in	progress.		
	0005 hex: The 0006 hex: Too 0206 hex: Exe	ere is not sufficient sp many files or directo	ories. cam Table instruction	n or changing the CF		progress.		
	0005 hex: The 0006 hex: Too 0206 hex: Exe 0210 hex: A fi	ere is not sufficient sp many files or directo ecution of the Save C	pries. am Table instruction the same name as	n or changing the CF one of the specified		progress.		
	0005 hex: The 0006 hex: Too 0206 hex: Exe 0210 hex: A fi 0302 hex: Sav	ere is not sufficient sp many files or directo ecution of the Save C le already exists with	ories. am Table instruction the same name as failed or the SD Me	n or changing the CF one of the specified		progress.		
	0005 hex: The 0006 hex: Too 0206 hex: Exe 0210 hex: A fi 0302 hex: Sav 0304 hex: The	ere is not sufficient sp many files or directo ecution of the Save C le already exists with ring the backup data	ories. am Table instruction the same name as failed or the SD Me not be backed up.	n or changing the CF one of the specified		progress.		
	0005 hex: The 0006 hex: Too 0206 hex: Exe 0210 hex: A fi 0302 hex: Sav 0304 hex: The 0401 hex: The	ere is not sufficient sp many files or directo ecution of the Save C le already exists with ring the backup data e Unit or slave could	ories. cam Table instruction the same name as failed or the SD Me not be backed up. ed by the user.	n or changing the CF one of the specified mory Card is faulty.	directory.	progress.		
	0005 hex: The 0006 hex: Too 0206 hex: Exe 0210 hex: A fi 0302 hex: Sav 0304 hex: The 0401 hex: The 0501 hex: The	ere is not sufficient sp many files or directo ecution of the Save C le already exists with ring the backup data e Unit or slave could backup was cancel	ories. am Table instruction the same name as failed or the SD Me not be backed up. ed by the user. vith the Sysmac Stud	n or changing the CF one of the specified mory Card is faulty. dio was disconnected	directory. d.			

Event name	Restore Operation			Event code	102B0000 hex*		
Meaning	An error was detec	ted in pre-execution	checks for a restore	operation.			
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	None	Detection timing	When restoring data is specified by the user	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program		Operation	Not affected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An SD Memory Ca	rd is not inserted.	Insert an SD Memo	ory Card.	Insert an SD Merr	nory Card.	
	The SD Memory C rect.	ard type is not cor-	Replace the SD Me SD or SDHC card.	emory Card with an	Use an SD or SD	HC card.	
	The format of the S not correct.	D Memory Card is	Format the SD Mer Sysmac Studio and backup files on it.		do not remove the	kup files on it. Also SD Memory Card	
	There are no back Memory Card.	up files on the SD	Place the backup fi folder on the SD M		or turn OFF the po the SD BUSY indi		
	Either the backup f Memory Card are of required data is not on the SD Memory	corrupted or in the backup files	Create the backup	files again.			
	The unit version of which to restore the the unit version of the SD Memory Ca	e files is older than the backup files on	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has a unit version that is the same as or newer than the unit ver- sion of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, specify backup files with the correct unit ver- sion for the CPU Unit.		Make sure that the unit version of the CPU Unit and the unit version of the backup files are compatible.		
	The model of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.		Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same model as the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, specify backup files with the correct model for the CPU Unit.		Make sure that the model of the CPU Unit is the same as the model of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.		
	Recovery was exe Memory Card.	cuted for the SD	If there are no backup files or no restore command file in the specified folder on the SD Memory Card, place the files in the folder again.		None		
	The CPU Unit is write-protected.		If you use the restore function, select the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write</i> <i>protection at startup</i> setting of the CPU Unit.		If you use the restore function, selec the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write</i> <i>protection at startup</i> setting of the CPU Unit.		
	-	The settings in the restore command file (RestoreCommand.ini) are not correct.		Make sure that the required files are set to "Yes" in the restore command file.		Make sure that the required files are set to "Yes" in the restore command file.	
	A backup operation	n is in progress.	Wait for the backup and then perform the tion again.	•	Do not attempt to operation during a	perform a restore a backup operation	
	Synchronization, or Clear All Memory or ress.	nline editing, or the operation is in prog-	Wait for the synchr editing, or the Clea ation to end and th restore operation a	r All Memory oper- en perform the	Do not attempt to operation during a online editing, or t ory operation.		
	The online connect mac Studio was dis		offline and then go	Check the cable connections. Go offline and then go back online and execute the backup again.		Check the cable to see if it is discon- nected or broken. Make sure the cable is connected properly.	
	Reading the data for because the SD M faulty or not format	emory Card is	Perform the same corrective mea- sures as for when the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct or the SD Memory Card is damaged.		Perform the same preventive mea- sures as for the following events: SD Memory Card Invalid Format or Faulty SD Memory Card.		

Cause and correction	The SD Memory Card is damaged.	If none of the above causes applies, replace the SD Memory Card.	Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.					
	The database connection service ver- sion of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is older than the data- base connection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has a database connection service version that is the same as or newer than the database connection service version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, specify backup files with the cor- rect database connection service ver- sion for the CPU Unit.	Make sure that the database connec- tion service version of the CPU Unit and the database connection service version of the backup files are com- patible.					
	The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to restore the files is older than the robot version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has a robot version that is the same as or newer than the robot version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files. Or, specify backup files with the correct robot version for the CPU Unit.	Make sure that the robot version of the CPU Unit and the robot version of the backup files are compatible.					
Attached information	Attached information 1: Operation type							
information	0101 hex: SD Memory Card to Controller for switch operation on front of CPU Unit							
	0201 hex: Computer to Controller							
	Attached Information 2: Error Details 0001 hex: An SD Memory Card is not inserted.							
	0002 hex: The SD Memory Card is faulty, the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct, or the SD Memory Card is not the correct type of card.							
	0004 hex: Recovery was executed for the SD Memory Card.							
	0102 hex: There are no backup files.							
	0103 hex: The backup files are corrupted.							
	0104 hex: The contents of the restore command file are not correct.							
	0105 hex: The required transfer da	0105 hex: The required transfer data is not in the backup file.						
	0201 hex: The unit version of the C	0201 hex: The unit version of the CPU Unit is old.						
	0202 hex: The model numbers of the	0202 hex: The model numbers of the CPU Unit are not the same.						
		0203 hex: The CPU Unit is write-protected.						
	0205 hex: Another backup operatio							
	-	editing, or the Clear All Memory operation						
		n service or robot version of the CPU Ur						
		tion failed or the SD Memory Card is fau	•					
-		ith the Sysmac Studio was disconnected	J.					
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Restore Operatio	n Failed		Event code	102C0000 hex*			
Meaning	The restore operation	ation ended in an erro	or.		•			
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	None	Detection timing	During restore operation		
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program		Operation	Not affected.		·		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	It was not possibl restore.	e to read the data to	Format the SD Me Sysmac Studio an backup files on it.	emory Card with the d then place the	or turn OFF the the SD BUSY in the SD Memory	the SD Memory Car power supply while dicator is lit. Replac Card periodically write life of the SD		
	The SD Memory Card was removed during a restore operation.		Insert an SD Memory Card that con- tains the backup files, and then exe- cute the restore operation again.		Do not remove the SD Memory Caro during the restore operation.			
	Failed to restore Unit or slave.		Refer to the corrections for the follow- ing events: CJ-series Unit Restore Operation Failed (102E0000 hex) or EtherCAT Slave Restore Operation Failed (10300000 hex).		Refer to the prevention information for the following events: CJ-series Unit Restore Operation Failed (102E0000 hex) or EtherCAT Slave Restore Operation Failed (10300000 hex).			
	The SD Memory	Card is damaged.	If none of the abov replace the SD Me	11 /	or turn OFF the the SD BUSY in the SD Memory	the SD Memory Car power supply while dicator is lit. Replac Card periodically write life of the SD		
Attached	Attached information 1: Operation type							
nformation	0101 hex: SD Memory Card to Controller for switch operation on front of CPU Unit							
	0201 hex: Computer to Controller							
	Attached Informa	Attached Information 2: Error Details						
	0001 hex: The SD Memory Card was removed.							
		ere are no backup file						
		e backup files are cor	•					
		ading data for restora		D Memory Card is fau	ılty.			
	0303 hex: Th	e Unit or slave could	not be restored.					
Precautions/								

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5-2 Troubleshooting

Event name	SD Memory Card F	Program Transfer Fa	iled to Start	Event code	10320000 hex *1	
Meaning	An error was detec	ted in pre-start chec	ks for transferring S	D Memory Card pro	grams.	
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	None	Detection timing	When transfer- ring SD Memory Card programs is started
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program		Operation Not affected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The SD Memory C fer is set to disable		Enable the SD Me transfer.	mory Card program	Enable the SD Me transfer.	emory Card program
	The password that Sysmac Studio to e Memory Card prog not agree with the ferCmd.Password variable.	execute the SD ram transfer does _Card1PrgTrans-	to set on the Sysn cute the SD Memo transfer, to the _C	ory Card program	to set on the Sysicute the SD Mem transfer, to the _C	sword that was used nac Studio to exe- ory Card program Card 1 Prg Transfer- ystem-defined vari-
	The DIP switch on set to allow starting Card program trans		Turn OFF all pins on the DIP switch of the CPU Unit, and then start the SD Memory Card program transfer.		Turn OFF all pins on the DIP switch of the CPU Unit, and then start the SD Memory Card program transfer.	
	An SD Memory Ca	rd is not inserted.	Insert an SD Mem	ory Card.	Insert an SD Men	nory Card.
	The SD Memory C rect.	ard type is not cor-	Replace the SD M SD or SDHC card	emory Card with an	Use an SD or SD	HC card.
	The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct.		Format the SD Memory Card with the Sysmac Studio, create a folder speci- fied by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable on the card, and store the backup files in the folder.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card, create a folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable on the card, and store the backup files in the folder.	
	There is no such folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the _ <i>Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> sys- tem-defined variable.		Create a folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName system-defined variable on the SD Memory Card and store the backup		Also, do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.	
	folder on the SD M specified by the _C	There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable.		files in the folder.		
	Either the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined vari- able on the SD Memory Card are corrupted or required data is not in the backup files on the SD Memory Card.		Replace the backup files in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-</i> <i>Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined vari- able. If this error occurs again even after replacing the files, create the backup files again and place them in the			
	backup files on the SD Memory Card.					

Cause and	Assumed cause	Correction	Prevention
correction	The unit version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the unit version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has a unit version that is the same as or newer than the unit ver- sion of the CPU that was used to cre- ate the backup files.	Make sure that the unit version of the CPU Unit and the unit version of the backup files are compatible.
		Or, place the backup files with the correct unit version for the CPU Unit, in the folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName system-defined variable.	
	The model of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is not the same as the model of the CPU Unit of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same model as the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.	Make sure that the model of the CPU Unit is the same as the model of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.
		Or, place the backup files with the correct model for the used CPU Unit, in the folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName system-defined variable.	
	The CPU Unit is write-protected.	If you transfer SD Memory Card pro- grams, select the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write protection at startup</i> set- ting of the CPU Unit.	If you transfer SD Memory Card pro- grams, select the <i>Do not use</i> Option for the <i>Write protection at startup</i> set- ting of the CPU Unit.
	Another backup operation is in prog- ress.	Wait for the other backup operation to end and then perform the backup operation again.	Do not attempt to perform other backup operation during a backup operation.
	Synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Memory operation is in progress.	Wait for the synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Memory oper- ation to end and then perform the backup operation again.	Do not attempt to perform a backup operation during a synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Mem- ory operation.
	Required files are not set to transfer in the setting of the _Card1PrgTransfer- Cmd system-defined variable.	Make sure that TRUE is set in the _Card1PrgTransferCmd system- defined variable to transfer required files.	Make sure that TRUE is set in the _ <i>Card1PrgTransferCmd</i> system- defined variable to transfer required files.
	Reading the data for the SD Memory Card program transfer failed because the SD Memory Card is faulty or not formatted correctly.	Perform the same corrective mea- sures as for when the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct or the SD Memory Card is damaged.	Perform the same preventive mea- sures as for the following events: SD Memory Card Invalid Format or Faulty SD Memory Card.
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.	If none of the above causes applies, replace the SD Memory Card.	Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodi- cally according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.
	The database connection service ver- sion of the CPU Unit to which to trans- fer the files is older than the database connection service version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same or a newer database connection service version than the database connection service version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.	Make sure that the database connec- tion service version of the CPU Unit and the database connection service version of the backup files are com- patible.
		Or, place the backup files with the correct database connection service version for the CPU Unit, in the folder specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransfer-Cmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable.	
	The robot version of the CPU Unit to which to transfer the files is older than the robot version of the backup files on the SD Memory Card.	Replace the CPU Unit with a CPU Unit that has the same or a newer robot version than the robot version of the CPU Unit that was used to create the backup files.	Make sure that the robot version of the CPU Unit and the robot version of the backup files are compatible.
		Or, place the backup files with the correct robot version for the CPU Unit, in the folder specified by the _Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName system-defined variable.	

Attached	Attached Information 1: Error Details
information	0001 hex: An SD Memory Card is not inserted.
	0002 hex: The SD Memory Card is faulty, the format of the SD Memory Card is not correct, or the SD Memory Card is not the correct type of card.
	0004 hex: Recovery was executed for the SD Memory Card.
	0101 hex: There is no such folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.DirName</i> system-defined variable.
	0102 hex: There are no backup files in such a folder on the SD Memory Card as specified by the _Card1PrgTrans ferCmd.DirName system-defined variable.
	0103 hex: The backup files are corrupted.
	0104 hex: Required files are not set to transfer in the setting of the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd</i> system-defined variable.
	0105 hex: The required transfer data is not in the backup file.
	0201 hex: The unit version of the CPU Unit is old.
	0202 hex: The model numbers of the CPU Unit are not the same.
	0203 hex: The CPU Unit is write-protected.
	0205 hex: Another backup operation is in progress.
	0206 hex: Synchronization, online editing, or the Clear All Memory operation is in progress.
	0211 hex: The database connection service or robot version of the CPU Unit is old.
	0212 hex: The SD Memory Card program transfer is set to disable.
	0213 hex: The password that was set on the Sysmac Studio to execute the SD Memory Card program transfer does not agree with the <i>_Card1PrgTransferCmd.Password</i> system-defined variable.
	0214 hex: The DIP switch on the CPU Unit is not set to allow starting the SD Memory Card program transfer.
	0301 hex: Reading data for transferring the programs failed or the SD Memory Card is faulty.
Precautions/ Remarks	None

Event name	PLC System Information			Event code	40140000 hex		
Meaning	This event provide	n from the PLC Fur	nction Module.				
Source	PLC Function Module Source details		Source details	None	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not a	iffected.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction		Function Module. It ide additional infor-					
Attached information	Attached Information	on 1: System information 2: System information 2: System information 3: System information 4: System 4	ation ation				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Safe Mode			Event code	40170000 hex*		
Meaning	The Controller star	ted in Safe Mode.			-		
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON or Controller reset	
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation			•	
System-defined	Variable	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The Controller star	ted in Safe Mode.					
Attached information	None	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	If the Controller is startup mode is se		20 Unit is in Safe Mo	de, the CPU Unit wi	Il start in PROGRAM	I mode even if the	

Event name	NX Message Com	munications Error		Event code	80230000 hex*		
Meaning	An error has occur	red in message corr	munications.				
Source	PLC Function Module Source details None EtherCAT Master Function Module EtherNet/IP Function Module EtherNet/IP Function Module		None	Detection timing	During NX mes- sage communi- cations		
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation				
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The communications cable is broken.		Check the communications cable and replace it if it is broken.		Check the communications cable to see if it is operating properly.		
	The communications cable connec- tor is disconnected.		Reconnect the connector and make sure it is mated correctly.		Make sure the communications cable is connected properly.		
	The NX message load is high.	communications	Reduce the numbi instructions are us messages. Or, inc the <i>TimeOut</i> input instruction. If more the Sysmac Studio reduce the frequer operations.	rease the value of variable to the than one copy of	Reduce the numbi instructions are us messages. Or, inc the <i>TimeOut</i> input instruction. If more the Sysmac Studio reduce the frequer operations.	ed to send NX rease the value of variable to the than one copy of	
Attached	Attached informati	on 1: System inform	ation				
information	Attached Informati	on 2: Type of comm	unications				
		0: NX bus					
		1: EtherCAT					
		65,535: Unit	Init internal communications (routing)				
Precautions/ Remarks	None	None					

Event name	PLC System Information			Event code	40150000 hex		
Meaning	This event provides internal information from the PLC Fu			ction Module.			
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details	None	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not	affected.	•	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	Prevention	
correction		Function Module. It ide additional infor-					
Attached information	Attached Information	Inched information 1: System information Inched Information 2: System information Inched information 3: System information Inched information 4: System information					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	PLC System Inform	nation		Event code	44430000 hex*	
Meaning	This event provide	s internal information	n from the PLC Fun	ction Module.	-	
Source	PLC Function Module Source details		None	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not at	fected.	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction		Function Module. It vide additional infor-				
Attached information	Attached Informati Attached informati	on 1: System informa on 2: System inform on 3: System informa on 4: System informa	ation ation			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Clock Changed			Event code	90010000 hex		
Meaning	The clock time wa	s changed.	·				
Source	PLC Function Module Source details		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery	Log category Access			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation Not affected.			
System-defined	ed Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	_CurrentTime		DATE_AND_TIME		System Time		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The clock time wa	s changed.					
Attached information	Attached informat	Attached information 1: Time before change					
Precautions/	Clock changes by	the Set Time instruc	tion (SetTime) are n	ot recorded in the e	vent log.		
Remarks	The time stamp for	r this event will be fo	or the time after the o	change.			

Event name	Time Zone Changed			Event code	90020000 hex		
Meaning	The time zone wa	The time zone was changed.					
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	When download- ing	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	_CurrentTime		DATE_AND_TIM	DATE_AND_TIME		System Time	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The time zone wa	s changed.					
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	User Program/Controller Configurations and Setup Down- loaded			Event code	90050000 hex*	
Meaning	The user program	and the Controller c	onfigurations and se	tup were downloade	ed.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	During user pro- gram/Controller configurations and setup down- load
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ccording to the user program and the ata that were downloaded.	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction		and the Controller I setup were down-				
Attached information	Attached Informat			ernet hub connectior	1	
	Attached Informat	ion 2: Connecting IP (When attache	address, Connectio ed information 1 is 2		oxy IP address	
	Attached information 3: Device Output Hold Status 1: Retained. 2: Not retained.					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Online Edits Transferred			Event code	90070000 hex*	
Meaning	The user program was edited online.					
Source	PLC Function Mo	dule	Source details None		Detection timing	When transfer- ring online edits is started
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Operation is perfor program.		rmed according to t	he changed user
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction		was edited online e transferred to the				
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Connection method 1: Direct USB connection 2: Direct Ethernet connection 3: Remote USB connection or Ethernet hub connection					
	Attached Informat		IP address, Connection through proxy: Proxy IP address hed information 1 is 2 or 3)			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

 $^{\ast}\,$ This event code occurs for unit version 1.10 or later of the CPU Unit.

Event name	Variable Changed	to TRUE with Force	d Refreshing	Event code	90080000 hex	
Meaning	Changing a variable to TRUE with forced refreshing was specified.					
Source	PLC Function Mod	ule	Source details None		Detection timing	Commands from user
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Operation is performed according to the forced refree values.		e forced refreshing	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Changing a variab forced refreshing w user.	le to TRUE with vas specified by the				
Attached information	None		·			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Variable Changed	to FALSE with Force	ed Refreshing	Event code	90090000 hex		
Meaning	Changing a variabl	Changing a variable to FALSE with forced refreshing was specified.					
Source	PLC Function Module 5		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation Operation is performed according to the forced r values.		e forced refreshing	
System-defined Variable			Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Changing a variable to FALSE with forced refreshing was specified by the user.						
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	All Forced Refreshing Cleared			Event code	900A0000 hex		
Meaning	Clearing all forced	refreshing values wa	as specified.				
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Peration Forced refreshing values are all cleared and open performed according to the user program.			
System-defined	System-defined Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Clearing all forced refreshing values was specified by the user.						
Attached information	None	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Memory All Clear	ed		Event code	900B0000 hex		
Meaning	All of memory was cleared.				·		
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program		Operation	Operation returns to the factory state.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A user with Administrator rights cleared all of the memory.						
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Event Log Cleared			Event code	900C0000 hex		
Meaning	The event log was	cleared.					
Source	PLC Function Module 5		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Not affected.				
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The event log was user.	The event log was cleared by the user.					
Attached information	Attached informati	on 1: Cleared events	 S 0: All log categories were cleared 1: The system event log was cleared. 2: The access event log was cleared. 100: The user-defined event log was cleared. 				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Automatic Transfer Completed			Event code	900F0000 hex*			
Meaning	The automatic trar	The automatic transfer was completed.						
Source	PLC Function Mod	LC Function Module Source details		None	Detection timing	At power ON		
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Operation starts according to the Controller Con tions and Setup data that was automatically tran			•		
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The automatic tran pleted.	The automatic transfer was com- pleted.						
Attached information	None	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Power Turned ON			Event code	90110000 hex		
Meaning	The power supply	was turned ON.			-		
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At power ON	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program		Operation	Operation Operation starts.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The power supply	The power supply was turned ON.					
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Power Interrupted			Event code	90120000 hex	90120000 hex	
Meaning	The power supply	The power supply was interrupted.					
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At power inter- ruption	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	Operation All operations stops		s.	
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The power supply	The power supply was interrupted.					
Attached information	None		·				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Operation Started			Event code	90130000 hex			
Meaning	Operation was sta	Operation was started.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	When changing to RUN mode		
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Starts.	Operation User program execu		cution starts.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A command to start operation was received.							
Attached information	Attached informati	Attached information 1: Device Output Hold Status 1: Retained. 2: Not retained.						
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Operation Stoppe	d		Event code	90140000 hex	
Meaning	Operation was st	opped.				
Source	PLC Function Module 5		Source details	None	Detection timing	When changing to PROGRAM mode
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	User program exe	am execution stops.	
System-defined variables	Variable		Data type		Name	
	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A command to stop operation was received.					
Attached information	Attached information 1: Device Output Hold Status 1: Retained. 2: Not retained.					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Reset Executed			Event code	90150000 hex			
Meaning	A reset was execu	A reset was executed.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user		
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access		
Effects	User program		Operation	Operation is started after a reset is executed.		ecuted.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A reset command	A reset command was received.						
Attached information	None	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None	None						

Event name	User Program Execution ID Write			Event code	90160000 hex		
Meaning	The user program	The user program execution ID was set or changed in the CPU Unit.					
Source	PLC Function Module 5		Source details	None	Detection timing	When download- ing	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	peration Not affected.			
System-defined	System-defined Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A user with Administrator rights changed the user program execution ID that is set in the CPU Unit.						
Attached information	None	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	All Controller Errors Cleared			Event code	90180000 hex			
Meaning	All current errors v	All current errors were cleared.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user		
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Clearing all errors for which the causes have been removed.		s have been		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name			
variables	None	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The user cleared a	The user cleared all current errors.						
Attached information	None		·					
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Forced Refreshing Cleared		Event code	90190000 hex		
Meaning	Clearing a forced r	Clearing a forced refreshing value was specified.				
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	Commands from user
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	U U	y values are cleared and operation is per to the user program.	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Clearing a forced refreshing value was specified by the user.					
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Backup Started			Event code	901A0000 hex*			
Meaning	A backup operation	n was started.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At start of backup operation		
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.	ot affected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	A backup operation was started.							
Attached	Attached information 1: Operation type							
information	0101 hex: Con	0101 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for switch operation on front of CPU Unit						
	0102 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for system variable operation							
	0103 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for Sysmac Studio operation							
	0201 hex: Controller to computer							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Backup Completed		Event code	901B0000 hex*			
Meaning	The backup operation ended normally.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At end of normal backup operation	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The backup operation ended nor- mally.						
Attached	Attached information 1: Operation type						
information	0101 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for switch operation on front of CPU Unit						
	0102 hex: Cor	0102 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for system variable operation					
	0103 hex: Cor	0103 hex: Controller to SD Memory Card for Sysmac Studio operation					
	0201 hex: Cor	troller to computer					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Restore Operation	n Started		Event code	901C0000 hex*	
Meaning	A restore operation	n started.			·	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At start of restore operation
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program		Operation	Not affected.		
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A restore operation started.					
Attached information	0101 hex: SD	Attached information 1: Operation type 0101 hex: SD Memory Card to Controller for switch operation on front of CPU Unit 0201 hex: Computer to Controller				
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

* This event code occurs for unit version 1.03 or later of the CPU Unit.

Event name	Restore Operation	Restore Operation Completed		Event code	901D0000 hex*	
Meaning	The restore opera	tion ended normally.			-	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	None	Detection timing	At end of normal restore operation
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program		Operation Operation does not start after the completion of a operation. To start operation according to the rest user program and settings, turn OFF the power su the Controller, turn OFF all pins on the DIP switch CPU Unit, and then turn ON the power supply again		to the restored ne power supply to DIP switch on the	
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name	
variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The restore operation ended nor- mally.					
Attached information	Attached information 1: Operation type 0101 hex: SD Memory Card to Controller for switch operation on front of CPU Unit 0201 hex: Computer to Controller					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	SD Memory Card Program Transfer Started			Event code	90200000 hex *	1	
Meaning	Transferring the S	O Memory Card pro	ograms was started.				
Source	PLC Function Moc	ule	Source details	None	Detection timing	When transfer- ring SD Memory Card programs is started	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program		Operation	Not affected.			
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Transferring the SD Memory Card programs was started.						
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

*1 This event code occurs for unit version 1.11 or later of the CPU Unit.

Event name	SD Memory Card Program Transfer Completed		Event code	90210000 hex *	1		
Meaning	Transferring the S	D Memory Card pro	ograms was complet	ed.			
Source	PLC Function Mod	dule	Source details	None	Detection timing	When transfer- ring SD Memory Card programs is completed	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program		Operation	Not affected.		•	
System-defined	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Transferring the SD Memory Card programs was completed.						
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

5-2-5 Troubleshooting Errors That Are Not in the CPU Unit

Input Units

No.	Abnormal condition	Cause	Correction
1	None of the inputs turn ON and the operation	1. The external input power is not sup- plied.	Supply suitable input power.
	indicators do not light.	2. The external input power supply volt-age is low.	Maintain the external input power supply voltage within the rating.
		3. Loose screws on the terminal block	Tighten the screws.
		4. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.
2	None of the inputs turn ON, but the operation indicators are lit.	Faulty circuits in the Input Unit	Replace the Input Unit.
3	None of the inputs turn OFF.	Faulty input circuits	Replace the Input Unit.
4	A specific input does not	1. Faulty input device	Replace the input device.
	turn ON.	2. Input wiring is broken.	Check the input wiring.
		3. Loose screws on the terminal block	Tighten the screws.
		4. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.
		5. The external input ON time is too short or the input response time is too long.	Adjust the input device or correct the setting of the input response time.
		6. Faulty input circuits	Replace the Input Unit.
		7. An input bit is used in an Out instruc- tion in the user program.	Correct the user program.
5	A specific input does not	1. Faulty input circuits	Replace the Input Unit.
	turn OFF.	2. An input bit is used in an Out instruc- tion in the user program.	Correct the user program.
		3. The leakage current or residual volt- age is too large.	Replace the external load or add a dummy resistor.
		4. More than one power supply is used and unwanted current paths exist.	Check the external circuits.
6	The input bits turns ON and OFF irregularly.	1. The external input power supply volt- age is low or unstable.	Maintain the external input power supply voltage within the rating.
		2. Malfunction caused by noise	Implement noise countermea- sures.
			 Attach a surge suppressor. Install an isolation transformer. Use a shielded cable between the Input Unit and the load. Check the setting of the input response time.
		3. Loose terminal block	Tighten the screws.
		4. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.

No.	Abnormal condition	Cause	Correction
7	Abnormal operation occurs for the input	1. Loose screws on the common termi- nal	Tighten the screws.
	points for the same com- mon (8 or 16 points).	2. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.
		3. Faulty circuits in the Input Unit	Replace the Input Unit.
		4. Faulty CPU Unit	Replace the CPU Unit.
8	The input operation indi- cators do not light even though operation is nor- mal.	Faulty LEDs or LED circuits	Replace the Input Unit.

Output Units

No.	Abnormal condition	Cause	Correction
1	None of the outputs turn	1. The load power is not supplied.	Supply power.
	ON.	2. The load power supply voltage is low.	Maintain the power supply volt- age within the rating.
		3. Loose screws on the terminal block	Tighten the screws.
		4. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.
		5. The fuse in the Output Unit has burned out due to overcurrent, e.g., from a load short-circuit. (You can confirm the fuse status on a fuse indicator for some Out- put Units.	Replace the Unit.
		6. Faulty contact on Unit connector	Replace the Output Unit.
		7. Faulty output circuits	Replace the Output Unit.
		8. Load short-circuit protection has oper- ated. (You can confirm this on an indica- tor.)	Check the load. Check the output wiring.
2	None of the outputs turn OFF.	Faulty output circuits	Replace the Output Unit.
3	A specific output does not turn ON and the operation indicator does not light.	1. The output ON time is too short in the user program.	Correct the user program to make a longer output ON time.
		2. The output bit is used in more than one Out instruction in the user program.	Correct the user program so that only one Out instruction controls the output bit.
		3. Faulty output circuits	Replace the Output Unit.
4	A specific output does	1. Faulty output device	Replace the device.
	not turn ON, but the operation indicator is lit.	2. Output wiring is broken.	Check the output wiring.
		3. Loose screws on the terminal block	Tighten the screw.
		4. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.
		5. The relay is faulty for a Relay Output Unit.	Replace the Output Unit.
		6. Faulty output circuits	Replace the Output Unit.
5	A specific output does not turn OFF, but the	1. The output relay is faulty for a Relay Output Unit.	Replace the Output Unit.
	operation indicator is not lit.	2. The leakage current or residual volt- age prevents resetting.	Replace the external load or add a dummy resistor.

No.	Abnormal condition	Cause	Correction
6	A specific output does not turn OFF and the operation indicator is lit.	1. The output bit is used in more than one Out instruction in the user program.	Correct the user program so that only one Out instruction controls the output bit.
_		2. Faulty output circuits	Replace the Output Unit.
7	The output turns ON and OFF irregularly.	1. The load power supply voltage is low or unstable.	Maintain the load power supply voltage within the rating.
		2. The output bit is used in more than one Out instruction in the user program.	Correct the user program so that only one Out instruction controls the output bit.
		3. Malfunction caused by noise	Implement noise countermea- sures.
			 Attach a surge suppressor. Install an isolation transformer. Use a shielded cable between the Output Unit and the load.
		4. Loose terminal block	Tighten the screws.
		5. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.
8	Abnormal operation	1. Loose screws on the common terminal	Tighten the screws.
	occurs for the output points for the same	2. Faulty contact on the terminal block or connectors	Replace the terminal block or connector.
	common (8 or 16 points).	3. The fuse in the Output Unit has burned out due to overcurrent, e.g., from a load short-circuit.	Replace the Output Unit.
		4. Faulty circuits in the Output Unit	Replace the Output Unit.
		5. Faulty CPU Unit	Replace the CPU Unit.
		6. Load short-circuit protection has oper- ated. (You can confirm this on an indica- tor.)	Check the load. Check the output wiring.
9	The output operation indicators do not light even though operation is normal.	Faulty LEDs or LED circuits	Replace the Unit.
10	The ERR indicator (load short-circuit alarm) is lit and the output is OFF.	The load is short-circuited externally or disconnected.	Refer to A-4-1 Load Short-circuit Protection and Line Disconnec- tion Detection for CJ1W-OD202.

Inspection and Maintenance

This section describes the required inspections and maintenance. It also describes the service lives and replacement procedures for the Battery and Power Supply Units.

6-1	Period	lic Maintenance and Inspection6-	2
	6-1-1	Periodic Inspection	2
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6-1 Periodic Maintenance and Inspection

Daily or periodic inspections are required in order to maintain the Controller's functions in peak operating condition.

6-1-1 Periodic Inspection

Although the major components in NJ-series Controllers have an extremely long life time, they can deteriorate under improper environmental conditions. Periodic inspections are thus required to ensure that the required conditions are being kept.

Inspection is recommended at least once every six months to a year, but more frequent inspections will be necessary in adverse environments.

Take immediate steps to correct the situation if any of the conditions in the following table are not met.

No.	Item	Inspection	Criteria	Action
1	Supply tions at the power supply terminals. the allowable voltage fluction range. 85 to 264 VAC (+10%/-15) 85 to 264 VAC (+10%/-15)		The voltage must be within the allowable voltage fluctua- tion range. 85 to 264 VAC (+10%/-15%)	Use a voltage tester to check the power supply at the terminals. Take necessary steps to bring voltage fluctuations within limits.
2	I/O Power Supply	Check for voltage fluctua- tions at the I/O terminals.	Voltages must be within specifications for each Unit.	Use a voltage tester to check the I/O power supply at the terminals. Take necessary steps to bring volt- age fluctuations within limits.
3	Ambient environ- ment	Check the ambient tempera- ture. (Inside the control panel if the Controller is in a control panel.)	0 to 55°C	Use a thermometer to check the temperature and ensure that the ambient temperature remains within the allowed range of 0 to 55°C.
		Check the ambient humidity. (Inside the control panel if the Controller is in a control panel.)	Relative humidity must be 10% to 90% with no conden- sation.	Use a hygrometer to check the humidity and ensure that the ambi- ent humidity remains between 10% and 90%. Make sure that conden- sation does not occur due to rapid changes in temperature.
		Check that the Controller is not in direct sunlight.	Not in direct sunlight	Protect the Controller if necessary.
		Check for accumulation of dirt, dust, salt, metal powder, etc.	No accumulation	Clean and protect the Controller if necessary.
		Check for water, oil, or chem- ical sprays hitting the Con- troller.	No spray	Clean and protect the Controller if necessary.
		Check for corrosive or flam- mable gases in the area of the Controller.	No corrosive or flammable gases	Check by smell or use a sensor.
		Check the level of vibration or shock.	Vibration resistance and shock resistance must be within specifications.	Install cushioning or shock absorb- ing equipment if necessary.
		Check for noise sources near the Controller.	No significant noise sources	Either separate the Controller and noise source or protect the Controller.

Periodic Inspection Points

No.	Item	Inspection	Criteria	Action
4	Installation and wiring	Check that each Unit is con- nected and locked to the next Unit securely.	No looseness	Press the connectors together completely and lock them with the sliders.
		Check that cable connectors are fully inserted and locked.	No looseness	Correct any improperly installed connectors.
		Check for loose screws in external wiring.	No looseness	Tighten loose screws with a Phil- lips-head screwdriver.
		Check crimp connectors in external wiring.	Adequate spacing between connectors	Check visually and adjust if neces- sary.
		Check for damaged external wiring cables.	No visible damage	Check visually and replace cables if necessary.
5	User-serviceable parts	Check whether the battery has reached its service life.	Service life expectancy is 5 years at 25°C.	Replace the battery when its ser- vice life has passed even if a bat-
		CJ1W-BAT01	(From 0.75 to 5 years depending on model, and ambient temperature.)	tery error has not occurred. (Battery life depends upon the model, and ambient conditions.)

Tools Required for Inspections

Required Tools

- · Slotted and Phillips-head screwdrivers
- Voltage tester or digital voltmeter
- Industrial alcohol and clean cotton cloth

Tools Required Occasionally

- Oscilloscope
- Thermometer and hygrometer (humidity meter)

6-1-2 Unit Replacement Precautions

Check the following after replacing any faulty Unit.

- · Do not replace a Unit until the power is turned OFF.
- Check the new Unit to make sure that there are no errors.
- If you return a faulty Unit for repair, describe the problem in as much detail as possible, enclose this description with the Unit, and return the Unit to your OMRON representative.
- For poor contact, take a clean cotton cloth, soak the cloth in industrial alcohol, and carefully wipe the contacts clean. Be sure to remove any lint prior to remounting the Unit.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you replaced the CPU Unit, transfer the user program and the variables with a Retain attribute (i.e., variables retained during power interruptions) that are required at startup, before you start operation. Unexpected accidents may occur depending on the relation between the user program and the status of variables retained during power interruptions.
- Routing tables, network parameters, and CPU Bus Unit system settings are stored in the CPU Unit. Be sure to reload this data if you replace the CPU Unit.
- If you replace a slave or Unit, refer to operation manual for the slave or Unit for information on the data required for individual slaves or Units and redo the necessary settings.

6-2 Replacing the Battery

The Battery in the NJ-series CPU Unit must be replaced periodically as preventative maintenance. (The Battery is a backup power supply for the CPU Unit's internal clock and the variables that are retained during power interruptions.) This section describes how to replace the Battery.

6-2-1 Battery Replacement

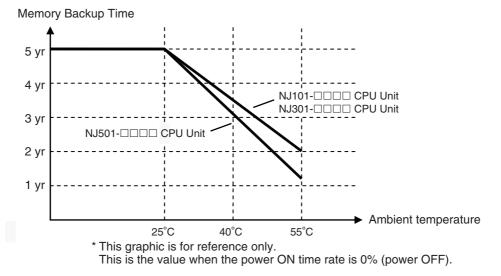
Purpose of the Battery

The Battery maintains the CPU Unit internal clock and the variables retained during power interruptions while the main power supply is OFF. If the Battery is not installed or Battery voltage drops too low, the internal clock will stop and the variables that are retained for power interruptions will be lost when the main power supply goes OFF.

Battery Service Life and Replacement Period

Model	Approx. maximum lifetime	Approx. minimum lifetime*	Approx. typical lifetime*
NJ501-□□□□	5 years	1.1 years	5 years
NJ301-□□□□	5 years	2 years	5 years
NJ101-□□□	5 years	2 years	5 years

* The minimum lifetime is the memory backup time at an ambient temperature of 55°C. The typical lifetime is the memory backup time at an ambient temperature of 25°C.



Low Battery Indicators

If the Controller Setup has been set to detect a low-battery error, the ERROR indicator on the front of the CPU Unit will flash when the battery is nearly discharged.

Troubleshooting						
Controller Errors	Control	ler Event Log 💦	User-defined Er	rors × U		og ×
Entry Time	l Level	Source/Source Details	Event N	ame l	Event Code	1
0004 1/1/1970 9:03:41 A	M 👍 Minor fault	PLC	Low Battery Voltage		0x000B0000	
Display Settings Displayed Information System Event Log Level Major fault Part	🗹 Access Event Log al fault 🛛 Minor	fault 🔽 Observatio	n 📕 Information			
[Ca (1)	voltage of the Batte use] The battery voltage The battery connect	is low.				Î
Attached information 1						
Attached information 2						
Attached information 3						
Attached information 4						
						Error Help
		Display Switch	Update	Print	Save	Clear
4 events		Last da	ta logged at 6/30/2011	11:23:03 AM		

If the ERROR indicator flashes, connect the Sysmac Studio, and then check the CPU Unit's Battery connection if the Sysmac Studio shows a Low Battery Voltage, Battery-backup Memory Check Error, or Clock Oscillator Stopped event. If the Battery is properly connected, replace the Battery with a new one as soon as possible.

Once a low-battery error has been detected, it will take 5 days (at an ambient temperature of 25°C) before the battery fails if power has been supplied at least once a day. Clock data and variables that are retained during power interruptions can be retained by ensuring that the CPU Unit power is not turned OFF until the Battery has been replaced.

Precautions for Correct Use

The Battery will loose its charge faster at high ambient temperatures.

Replacement Battery

Use the CJ1W-BAT01 Battery Set.

Precautions for Correct Use

Be sure to install a replacement Battery within two years of the production date shown on the Battery label.

Production Date

CJ1W-BAT01 08-06 Manufactured in June 2008.

Replacement Procedure

Use the following procedure to replace the battery when the previous battery has become completely discharged.

Precautions for Safe Use

We recommend replacing the battery with the power OFF to prevent the CPU Unit's sensitive internal components from being damaged by static electricity. The battery can be replaced without turning OFF the power supply. To do so, always touch a grounded piece of metal to discharge static electricity from your body before starting the procedure.

After replacing the Battery, connect the Sysmac Studio and clear the Low Battery Voltage event.

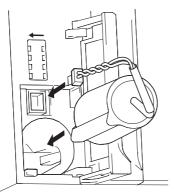
1 Turn OFF the power supply to the Controller.

If the CPU Unit has not been ON, turn it ON for at least five minutes and then turn it OFF.

Additional Information

If power is not turned ON for at least five minutes before replacing the battery, the capacitor that backs up memory when the battery is removed will not be fully charged and memory may be lost before the new battery is inserted.

2 Open the compartment on the upper left of the CPU Unit and carefully draw out the battery.





Precautions for Safe Use

- Before you replace the Battery, you must first supply power to the Controller for at least 5 minutes, and then you must complete this procedure within five minutes at 25°C after turning OFF the power to the CPU Unit to ensure memory backup. If power is not supplied for at least 5 minutes, the saved data may be lost.
- Never short-circuit the battery terminals; never charge the battery; never disassemble the battery; and never heat or incinerate the battery. Doing any of these may cause the battery to leak, heat, ignite, or rupture.
- Never use a battery that has been dropped on the floor or otherwise subject to shock. It may leak.
- UL standards require that batteries be replaced by experienced technicians. Always place an experienced technician in charge or battery replacement.
- Turn ON the power after replacing the battery for a CPU Unit that has been unused for a long time. Leaving the CPU Unit unused again without turning ON the power even once after the battery is replaced may result in a shorter battery life.



Additional Information

The Low Battery Voltage event is cleared automatically the next time the Controller is turned ON after replacing the Battery.

6-2-2 Operation without a Battery

NJ-series CPU Units do not support a battery-free operation function such as CJ-series CPU Units. If a Battery is not connected or the Battery voltage is too low, the following operation occurs.

- A battery voltage drop, battery-backed-up memory check error, and clock oscillation stopping are detected.
- The system-defined variable _RetainFail (Power Retention Failure Flag) will be TRUE.

• Retaining or Not Retaining Data in the CPU Unit

Data in the CPU Unit will be retained or not retained as described in the following table according to whether there is a Battery.

		Turne of date		Power tu	urned ON
		Type of data	Battery	No Battery	
User program Controller Configurations and Setup			Values before power interruption will be retained by the built-in non-volatile memory.		
Event log			Values before power interruption will be retained.	Values before power interruption will not be retained.	
Clock data				Correct values	Illegal value
	No Retain attribute				Initial values*
	Retain attrib	Retain attribute			Initial values*
Values of		Non-retained	areas: CIO and Work Areas	Initial values*	Initial values*
Values of variables AT (allo- cated memory)		Retained areas: DM	Words allocated to Special Units (and device variables for Special Units)	Values before power interruption will be retained.	Initial values*
	specifica- tion	Area	Words that are not allocated to Special Units		
	Retained areas: Holding and EM Areas]		
		Non-retained	areas: CIO and Work Areas	Cleared to zeros.	Cleared to zeros.
CJ-series Unit memory		Retained area	s: Holding, DM, and EM Areas	Values before power interruption will be retained.	Unstable

* If the initial value setting is blank, the initial value for the data type is used. For example, the initial value of BOOL data is FALSE and the initial value of integer data is 0. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) for details on the initial values.

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Appendices

The appendices provide the specifications of the Basic I/O Units, Unit dimensions, load short-circuit protection detection, line disconnection detection, and measures for EMC Directives.

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		Sysmac Studio Versions	dio . A-105

A-1 Specifications

This section gives the specifications of the NJ-series CPU Units.

Ite	em	NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000			
Enclosure		Mounted in a panel			
Grounding method		Ground to less than 100 Ω .			
Dimensions (height	imes depth $ imes$ width)	90 mm × 90 mm × 90 mm			
Weight		550 g (including the End Cover)			
Current consumption	n	5 VDC 1.90 A (including SD Memory Card and End Cover)			
	Ambient operating temperature	0 to 55°C			
	Ambient operating humidity	10% to 90% (with no condensation)			
	Atmosphere	Must be free from corrosive gases.			
	Ambient storage temperature	–20 to 75°C (excluding battery)			
	Altitude	2,000 m max.			
	Pollution degree	2 or less: Conforms to JIS B 3502 and IEC 61131-2.			
Operating environ-	Noise immunity	2 kV on power supply line (Conforms to IEC 61000-4-4.)			
ment	Overvoltage cate- gory	Category II: Conforms to JIS B 3502 and IEC 61131-2.			
	EMC immunity level	Zone B			
		Conforms to IEC 60068-2-6.			
	Vibration resis- tance	5 to 8.4 Hz with 3.5-mm amplitude, 8.4 to 150 Hz, Acceleration of 9.8 m/s ² , 100 min in X, Y, and Z directions (10 sweeps of 10 min each = 100 min total)			
		Conforms to IEC 60068-2-27.			
	Shock resistance	147 m/s ² , 3 times in X, Y, and Z directions (100 m/s ² for Relay Output Units)			
Battery	Life ^{*1}	5 years at 25°C			
Battery	Model	CJ1W-BAT01			
Applicable standard	ls ^{*2}	cULus, EU Directives, NK, LR and KC ^{*3}			

*1 This is the value when the power ON time rate is 0% (power OFF).

*2 Refer to the OMRON website (http://www.ia.omron.com/) or contact your OMRON representative for the most recent applicable standards for each model.

*3 The KC complies with a CPU Unit with a unit version of 1.01 or later.

A-2 Specifications of Basic I/O Units

A-2-1 Overview of Units

Basic I/O Units

Basic Input Units

Type of Unit	Name	Input specifications		Model	Page
Basic Input	DC Input Units	Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC	8 inputs	CJ1W-ID201	A-5
Units		Terminal block, 24 VDC,	16 inputs	CJ1W-ID211	A-6
				CJ1W-ID212	A-7
		Fujitsu connector, 24 VDC	32 inputs	CJ1W-ID231	A-8
		MIL connector, 24 VDC	32 inputs	CJ1W-ID232	A-9
				CJ1W-ID233	A-10
		Fujitsu connector, 24 VDC	64 inputs	CJ1W-ID261	A-11
		MIL connector, 24 VDC	64 inputs	CJ1W-ID262	A-13
	AC Input Units	Terminal block, 200 to 240 VAC	8 inputs	CJ1W-IA201	A-15
		Terminal block, 100 to 120 VAC	16 inputs	CJ1W-IA111	A-16
	Interrupt Input Unit	Terminal block, 24 VDC	16 inputs	CJ1W-INT01	A-17
	Quick-response Input Unit	Terminal block, 24 VDC	16 inputs	CJ1W-IDP01	A-18

Basic Output Units

Type of Unit	Na	me	Output specifications		Model	Page
Basic Out- put Units	Relay Output Units		Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 2 A, 8 independent contacts	8 outputs	CJ1W-OC201	A-19
			Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 2 A	16 outputs	CJ1W-OC211	A-20
	Triac Outp	out Unit	Terminal block, 250 VAC/24 VDC, 0.6 A	8 outputs	CJ1W-OA201	A-21
	Transis-	Sinking	Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 2 A	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD201	A-22
	tor Out- put Units	outputs	Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD203	A-23
	put Offits		Terminal block, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	16 outputs	CJ1W-OD211	A-24
			Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A	16 outputs	CJ1W-OD213	A-25
			Fujitsu connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD231	A-26
			MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD233	A-27
			MIL connector, 24 VDC, 0.5 A	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD234	A-28
			Fujitsu connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A	64 outputs	CJ1W-OD261	A-30
			MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A	64 outputs	CJ1W-OD263	A-32
		Sourc- ing out-	Terminal block, 24 VDC, 2 A, load short-cir- cuit protection, line disconnection detection	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD202	A-34
		puts	Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short-cir- cuit protection	8 outputs	CJ1W-OD204	A-36
			Terminal block, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short-cir- cuit protection	16 outputs	CJ1W-OD212	A-37
			MIL connector, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short-cir- cuit protection	32 outputs	CJ1W-OD232	A-38
			MIL connector, 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A	64 outputs	CJ1W-OD262	A-39

Type of Unit	Name		I/O specifications		Model	Page
Basic I/O	24-VDC	Sinking	Fujitsu connector	16 inputs	CJ1W-MD231	A-41
Units	Units Inputs/Transis- tor Output Units	output	Inputs: 24 VDC	16 outputs		
			Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A			
			MIL connector		CJ1W-MD233	A-43
			Inputs: 24 VDC			
			Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.5 A			
			Fujitsu connector	32 inputs	CJ1W-MD261	A-44
			Inputs: 24 VDC	32 outputs		
			Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A	-		
			MIL connector		CJ1W-MD263	A-46
			Inputs: 24 VDC			
			Outputs: 12 to 24 VDC, 0.3 A			
		Sourcing	MIL connector	16 inputs	CJ1W-MD232	A-48
		output	Input: 24 VDC	16 outputs		
			Outputs: 24 VDC, 0.5 A, load short-cir- cuit protection			
	TTL I/O Units		Inputs: 5 VDC	32 inputs	CJ1W-MD563	A-50
			Outputs: 5 VDC, 35 mA	32 outputs		

• Basic Mixed I/O Units

Reading External Connection and Terminal-Device Variable Diagrams

- I/O terminals in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams are shown as viewed from the front panel of the Unit.
- Terminal numbers A0 to A9 and B0 to B9 are used in this manual, but they are not printed on all Units.
- A0 to A20 and B0 to B20 are printed on the Units.
- The signal names of the terminals are the device variable names. The device variable names are the names that use "Jxx" as the device name.

A-2-2 Basic I/O Units

Basic Input Units with Terminal Blocks

• CJ1W-ID201 DC Input Unit (12 to 24-VDC, 8 Points)

Name	8-point DC Input Unit with Terminal Block
Model	CJ1W-ID201
Rated Input Voltage	12 to 24 VDC
Allowable Input Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC
Input Impedance	2.4 kΩ
Input Current	10 mA typical (at 24 VDC)
ON Voltage/ON Current	8.8 VDC min./3 mA min.
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	3 VDC max./1 mA max.
ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.)*1
OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *1
Number of Circuits	8 independent circuits
Number of Simultaneously ON Points	100% simultaneously ON
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Consumption	80 mA max.
Weight	110 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Jxx_Ch1_In00 0 2.4 kΩ COM0 0 to Input indicator Jxx_Ch1_In07 0 2.4 kΩ Jxx_Ch1_In07 0 COM7 0 Input indicator
External connection and terminal- device variable diagram	Con- name pin*2 name COA COA BB Jax_Ch1_In00 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In01 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In02 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In03 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In03 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In03 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In03 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In05 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In05 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In05 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In05 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA CCAA CCAA CCAA CCAA BB Jax_Ch1_In06 CCAA
	Polarity of the input power supply can be connected in either direction.

*1 The ON response time will be 20 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response time are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

*2 Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

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• CJ1W-ID211 DC Input Unit (24 VDC, 16 Points)

Name	16-point DC Input Unit with Terminal Block		
Model	CJ1W-ID211		
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC		
Allowable Input Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC		
Input Impedance	3.3 kΩ		
Input Current	7 mA typical (at 24 VDC)		
ON Voltage/ON Current	14.4 VDC min./3 mA min.		
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.		
ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) ^{*1}		
OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *1		
Number of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)		
Number of Simultaneously ON Points	100% simultaneously ON (at 24 VDC) (Refer to the following illustration.)		
Insulation Resistance	20 $M\Omega$ between external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.		
Internal Current Consumption	80 mA max.		
Weight	110 g max.		
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Jxx_Ch1_In00 to Jxx_Ch1_In15 COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM		
External connection and ter- minal-device variable diagram	 Signal connector Signal name <u>o dxx_Ch1_in00</u> A0 B0 Jxx_Ch1_in01 <u>o dxx_Ch1_in02</u> A1 B1 Jxx_Ch1_in03 <u>o dxx_Ch1_in04</u> A2 B2 Jxx_Ch1_in05 <u>o dxx_Ch1_in08</u> A4 B4 Jxx_Ch1_in07 <u>o dxx_Ch1_in12</u> A6 B6 Jxx_Ch1_in13 <u>o dxx_Ch1_in14</u> A7 B7 Jxx_Ch1_in13 <u>o dxx_Ch1_in14</u> A7 B7 Jxx_Ch1_in15 <u>P o larity of the input power supply can be connected in either direction. </u> 		

*1 The ON response time will be 20 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response time are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

*2 Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

• CJ1W-ID212 DC Input Unit (24 VDC, 16 Points)

Name	16-point DC Input Unit with Terminal Block
Model	CJ1W-ID212
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC
Allowable Input Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC
Input Impedance	3.3 kΩ
Input Current	7 mA typical (at 24 VDC)
ON Voltage/ON Current	14.4 VDC min./3 mA min.
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.
ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.)*1
OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.)*1
Number of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)
Number of Simultaneously ON Points	100% simultaneously ON (at 24 VDC) (Refer to the following illustration.)
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Consumption	130 mA max.
Weight	110 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Jxx_Ch1_In00 to Jxx_Ch1_In15 COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM
External connection and termi- nal-device variable diagram	Signal connector Signal name $pin \cdot 2$ Signal name Q = Q + 2 + VDC Q = Q + Q + Q + Q + Q + Q + Q + Q + Q +

*1 The ON response time will be 15 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 90 μs maximum even if the response time are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

*2 Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

A-2 Specifications of Basic I/O Units

A

A-2-2 Basic I/O Units

• CJ1W-ID231 DC Input Unit (24 VDC, 32 Points)

Name	32-point DC Input Unit with Fujitsu Connector
Model	CJ1W-ID231
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC
Allowable Input Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC
Input Impedance	5.6 kΩ
Input Current	4.1 mA typical (at 24 VDC)
ON Voltage/ON Current	19.0 VDC min./3 mA min.
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.
ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *
OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.)*
Number of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)
Number of Simultaneously ON Points	75% (12 points/common) simultaneously ON (at 24 VDC) (Refer to the following illustration.)
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Consump- tion	90 mA max.
Weight	70 g max.
Accessories	None
Circuit Configuration	Allocated Signal Connector row A Connector row B Connector row
External connection and terminal-device variable diagram	Signal Connec-Signal name tor pin name Allocated Cloword
	The input power polarity can be connected in either direction.

* The ON response time will be 20 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

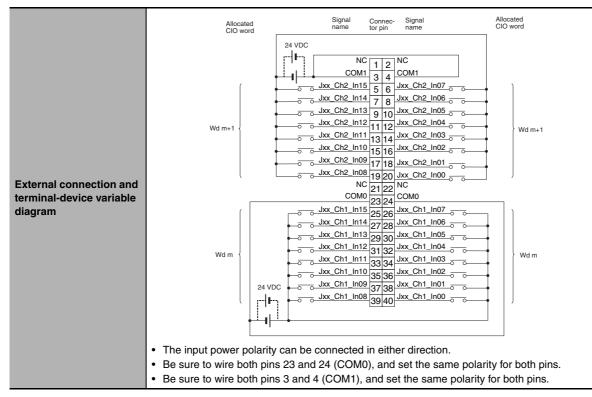
Note Observe the following restrictions when connecting to a 2-wire sensor.

- Make sure the input power supply voltage is larger than the ON voltage (19 V) plus the residual voltage of the sensor (approx. 3 V).
- Use a sensor with a minimum load current of 3 mA min.
- Connect bleeder resistance if you connect a sensor with a minimum load current of 5 mA or higher.

• CJ1W-ID232 DC Input Unit (24 VDC, 32 Points)

Name	32-point DC Input Unit with MIL Connector	
Model	CJ1W-ID232	
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC	
Allowable Input Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC	
Input Impedance	5.6 kΩ	
Input Current	4.1 mA typical (at 24 VDC)	
ON Voltage/ON Current	19.0 VDC min./3 mA min.	
OFF Voltage/OFF Cur- rent	5 VDC max./1 mA max.	
ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) st	
OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *	
Number of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)	
Number of Simultane- ously ON Points	75% (12 points/common) simultaneously ON (at 24 VDC) (Refer to the following illustration.)	
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)	
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.	
Internal Current Con- sumption	90 mA max.	
Weight	70 g max.	
Accessories	None	
Circuit Configuration	Allocated Cloword name Connector row A Connector row B Connector row B Connector Connector row B Connector row B Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Connector Co	

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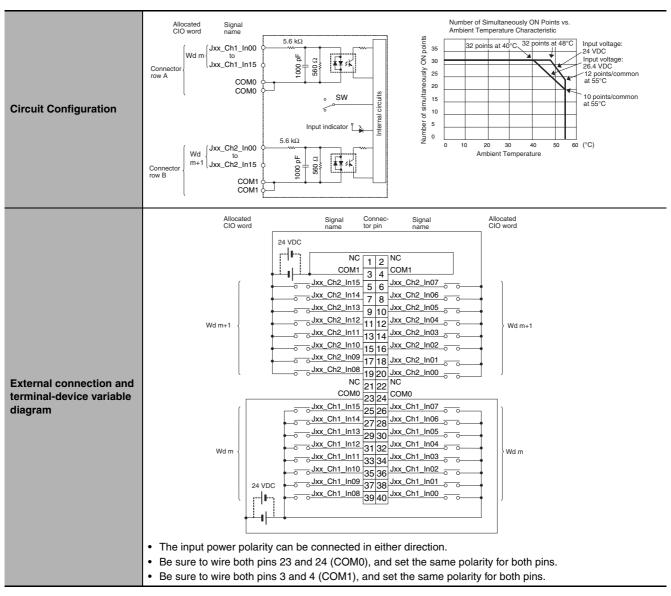
* The ON response time will be 20 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

Note Observe the following restrictions when connecting to a 2-wire sensor.

- Make sure the input power supply voltage is larger than the ON voltage (19 V) plus the residual voltage of the sensor (approx. 3 V).
- Use a sensor with a minimum load current of 3 mA min.
- Connect bleeder resistance if you connect a sensor with a minimum load current of 5 mA or higher.

• CJ1W-ID233 DC Input Unit (24 VDC, 32 Points)

Name	32-point DC Input Unit with MIL Connector
Model	CJ1W-ID233
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC
Allowable Input Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC
Input Impedance	5.6 kΩ
Input Current	4.1 mA typical (at 24 VDC)
ON Voltage/ON Current	19.0 VDC min./3 mA min.
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.
ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *
OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *
Number of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)
Number of Simultane- ously ON Points	75% (12 points/common) simultaneously ON (at 24 VDC) (Refer to the following illustration.)
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Con- sumption	200 mA max.
Weight	70 g max.
Accessories	None



* The ON response time will be 15 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 90 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

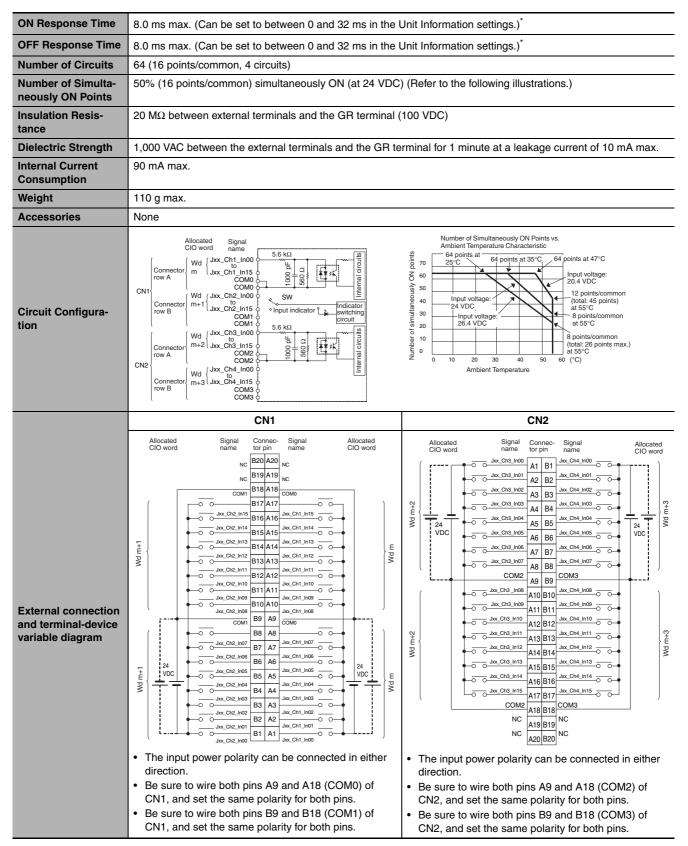
Note Observe the following restrictions when connecting to a 2-wire sensor.

- Make sure the input power supply voltage is larger than the ON voltage (19 V) plus the residual voltage of the sensor (approx. 3 V).
- Use a sensor with a minimum load current of 3 mA min.
- Connect bleeder resistance if you connect a sensor with a minimum load current of 5 mA or higher.

Name	64-point DC Input Unit with Fujitsu Connector
Model	CJ1W-ID261
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC
Allowable Input Volt- age Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC
Input Impedance	5.6 kΩ
Input Current	4.1 mA typical (at 24 VDC)
ON Voltage/ON Cur- rent	19.0 VDC min./3 mA min.
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.
	•

• CJ1W-ID261 DC Input Unit (24 VDC, 64 Points)

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* The ON response time will be 120 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

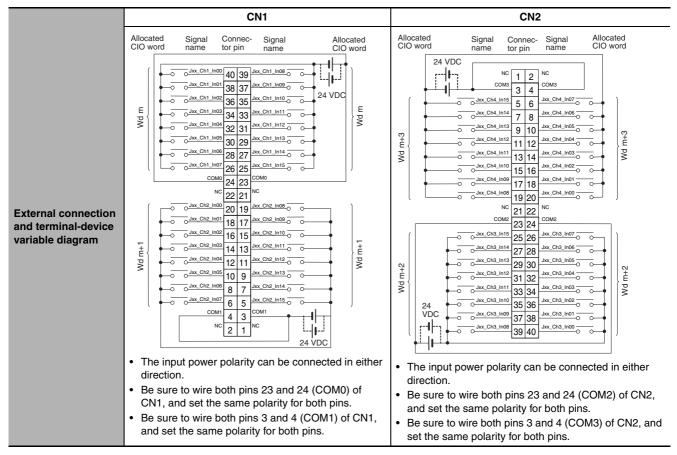
Note Observe the following restrictions when connecting to a 2-wire sensor.

- Make sure the input power supply voltage is larger than the ON voltage (19 V) plus the residual voltage of the sensor (approx. 3 V).
- Use a sensor with a minimum load current of 3 mA min.
- Connect bleeder resistance if you connect a sensor with a minimum load current of 5 mA or higher.

Nome	64 paint DC Input Linit with MIL Connector	
Name	64-point DC Input Unit with MIL Connector	
Model	CJ1W-ID262	
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC	
Allowable Input Volt- age Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC	
Input Impedance	5.6 kΩ	
Input Current	4.1 mA typical (at 24 VDC)	
ON Voltage/ON Cur- rent	19.0 VDC min./3 mA min.	
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.	
ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *	
OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *	
Number of Circuits	64 (16 points/common, 4 circuits)	
Number of Simulta- neously ON Points	50% (8 points/common) simultaneously ON (at 24 VDC) (Refer to the following illustrations.)	
Insulation Resis- tance	20 $M\Omega$ between external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)	
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.	
Internal Current Consumption	90 mA max.	
Weight	110 g max.	
Accessories	None	
Circuit Configura- tion	Allocated Signal Cloword name CN1 Wd m { Jxx_Ch1_In00 CM1 Wd m+1 { Jxx_Ch2_In15 COM1 CM2 CN2 CN2 CN2 CN2 CN2 CN2 CN2 CN	

• CJ1W-ID262 DC Input Unit (24 VDC, 64 Points)

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* The ON response time will be 120 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

Note Observe the following restrictions when connecting to a 2-wire sensor.

- Make sure the input power supply voltage is larger than the ON voltage (19 V) plus the residual voltage of the sensor (approx. 3 V).
- Use a sensor with a minimum load current of 3 mA min.
- Connect bleeder resistance if you connect a sensor with a minimum load current of 5 mA or higher.

• CJ1W-IA201 AC Input Unit (200 VAC, 8 Points)

Name	8-point AC Input Unit with Terminal Block
Model	CJ1W-IA201
Rated Input Voltage	200 to 240 VAC 50/60 Hz
Allowable Input Voltage Range	170 to 264 VAC
Input Impedance	21 kΩ (50 Hz), 18 kΩ (60 Hz)
Input Current	9 mA typical (at 200 VAC, 50 Hz),
Input Current	11 mA typical (at 200 VAC, 60 Hz)
ON Voltage/ON Current	120 VAC min./4 mA min.
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	40 VAC max./2 mA max.
ON Response Time	18.0 ms max. (Default setting in Unit Information: 8 ms) ^{*1}
OFF Response Time	48.0 ms max. (Default setting in Unit Information: 8 ms)*1
Number of Circuits	8 (8 points/common, 1 circuit)
Number of Simultaneously ON Points	100% (8 points/common) simultaneously ON
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (500 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	2,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Consumption	80 mA max.
Weight	130 g max.
Accessories	None
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Jxx_Ch1_In00 b Jxx_Ch1_In07 COM
Terminal Connections	Connec- tor pin*2 Signal name NC A0 B0 Jxx_Ch1_In00 NC A1 B1 Jxx_Ch1_In01 NC A2 B2 Jxx_Ch1_In02 NC A3 B3 Jxx_Ch1_In03 NC A3 B3 Jxx_Ch1_In03 NC A4 B4 Jxx_Ch1_In04 NC A5 B5 Jxx_Ch1_In05 NC A6 B6 Jxx_Ch1_In07 NC A8 B8 COM

*1 Can be set to 0 ms, 0.5 ms, 1 ms, 2 ms, 4 ms, 8 ms, 16 ms, or 32ms in the Unit Information settings. When the response times have been set to 0 ms, the ON response time will be 10 ms maximum and the OFF response time will be 40 ms maximum due to internal element delays.

*2 Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

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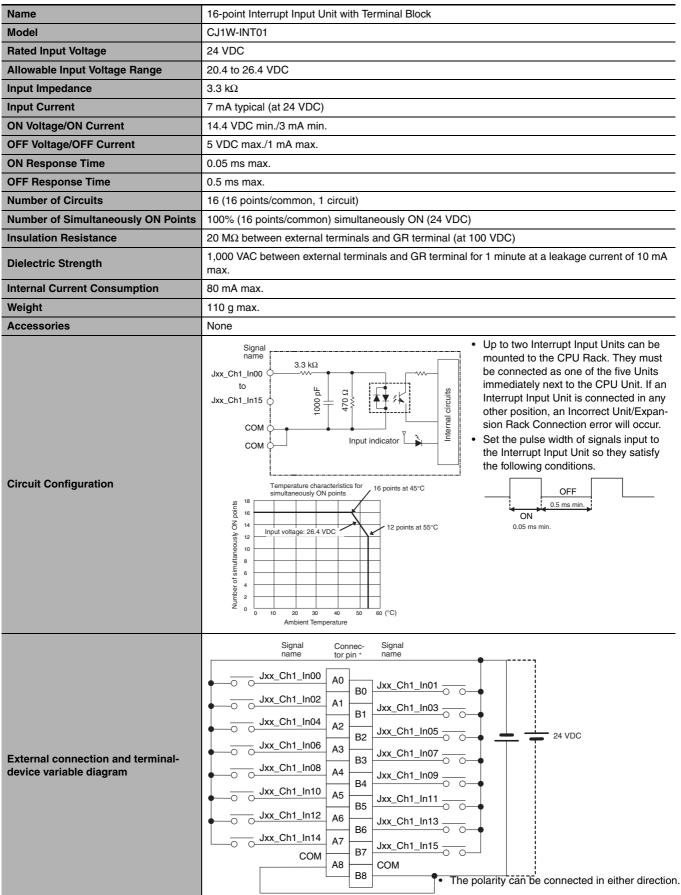
Name 16-point AC Input Unit with Terminal Block Model CJ1W-IA111 Rated input voltage 100 to 120 VAC 50/60 Hz*2 Allowable Input Voltage Range 85 to 132 VAC Input Impedance 14.5 kΩ (50 Hz), 12 kΩ (60 Hz) 7 mA typical (at 100 VAC, 50 Hz), Input Current 8 mA typical (at 100 VAC, 60 Hz) **ON Voltage/ON Current** 70 VAC min./4 mA min **OFF Voltage/OFF Current** 20 VAC max./2 mA max **ON Response Time** 18.0 ms max. (Default setting in Unit Information: 8 ms)*1 **OFF Response Time** 48.0 ms max. (Default setting in Unit Information: 8 ms)*1 Number of Circuits 16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit) Number of Inputs ON Simultaneously 100% simultaneously ON (16 points/common) Insulation Resistance 20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (500 VDC) 2,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage cur-**Dielectric Strength** rent of 10 mA max **Internal Current Consumption** 90 mA max. Weight 130 g max. Accessories None Signal Input indicator 470 Ω 1 MΩ nternal circuits Jxx_Ch1_In00 **Circuit Layout** ЧĻ to Jxx_Ch1_In15 Ο 0.22 μF 270 Ω сом Connec tor pin*3 Signal name Signal name _____Jxx_Ch1_In00 A0 $\overline{}$ Jxx_Ch1_In01 ____ 0 B0 Jxx_Ch1_In02 A1 0 $\overline{}$ Jxx_Ch1_In03 B1 \sim \cap _____Jxx_Ch1_In04 A2 Jxx_Ch1_In05 ____ \cap B2 100 to 120 VAC ്ഗ ____Jxx_Ch1_In06 A3 $\overline{\frown}$ Jxx_Ch1_In07 External connection and terminal-С B3 A4 device variable diagram Jxx Ch1 In09 B4 _____Jxx_Ch1_In10 A5 0 Jxx_Ch1_In11 B5 ____Jxx_Ch1_In12 A6 0 Jxx Ch1 In13 B6 _____Jxx_Ch1_In14 Α7 $\overline{\frown}$ Jxx Ch1 In15 $\overline{\frown}$ B7 COM A8 сом B8

• CJ1W-IA111 AC Input Unit (100 VAC, 16 points)

*1 Can be set to 0 ms, 0.5 ms, 1 ms, 2 ms, 4 ms, 8 ms, 16 ms, or 32ms in the Unit Information settings. When the response times have been set to 0 ms, the ON response time will be 10 ms maximum and the OFF response time will be 40 ms maximum due to internal element delays.

- *2 Use an input voltage of 90 VAC or higher when connecting 2-wire sensors.
- *3 Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

• CJ1W-INT01 Interrupt Input Unit (16 Points)



* Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.
 Note Interrupt Input Units can be used as normal Basic I/O Units. They cannot be used to start I/O interrupt tasks.

• CJ1W-IDP01 Quick-response Input Unit (16 Points)

Name	16-point Quick-response Input Unit with Terminal Block
Model	CJ1W-IDP01
Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC
Allowable Input Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC
Input Impedance	3.3 kΩ
Input Current	7 mA typical (at 24 VDC)
ON Voltage/ON Current	14.4 VDC min./3 mA min.
OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.
ON Response Time	0.05 ms max.
OFF Response Time	0.5 ms max.
Number of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)
Number of Simultaneously ON Points	100% (16 points/common) simultaneously ON (24 VDC)
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and GR terminal (at 100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between external terminals and GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Consumption	80 mA max.
Weight	110 g max.
Accessories	None
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Jxx_Ch1_In00 to Jxx_Ch1_In15 COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM
External connection and ter- minal-device variable diagram	Signal Connector Signal name pin * name

• With quick-response inputs, pulse inputs shorter than the CPU Unit's cycle time can be read by the CPU Unit.

- The pulse width (ON time) that can be read by the Quick-response Input Unit is 0.05 ms.
- Inputs read by the internal circuits are cleared when inputs are refreshed.

Basic Output Units

• CJ1W-OC201 Contact Output Unit (Independent Relays, 8 Points)

Name	8-point Contact Output Unit with Terminal Block (Independent Relays)
Model	CJ1W-OC201
Max. Switching Capacity	2 A 250 VAC (coso = 1), 2 A 250 VAC (coso = 0.4), 2 A 24 VDC (16 A/Unit)
Min. Switching Capacity	1 mA 5 VDC
Relays	NY-24W-K-IE (Fujitsu Takamizawa Components, Ltd.), Cannot be replaced.
Service Life of Relay	Electrical: 150,000 operations (24 VDC, resistive load)/100,000 operations (240 VAC, $\cos\phi = 0.4$, inductive load) Mechanical: 20,000,000 operations Service life will vary depending on the connected load. Refer to page A-52 for information on service life according to the load.
ON Response Time	15 ms max.
OFF Response Time	15 ms max.
Number of Circuits	8 independent contacts
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (500 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	2,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Consump- tion	90 mA 5 VDC max. 48 mA 24 VDC max. (6 mA \times No. of ON points)
Weight	140 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxx_Ch1_Out00
External connection and terminal-device variable diagram	Signal connector pint name name tor pint name name Signal name Signal name Signa

Name	16-point Contact Output Unit with Terminal Block	
Model	CJ1W-OC211	
Max. Switching Capacity	2 A 250 VAC (cosφ = 1), 2 A 250 VAC (cosφ = 0.4), 2 A 24 VDC (8 A/Unit)	
Min. Switching Capacity	1 mA 5 VDC	
Relays	NY-24W-K-IE (Fujitsu Takamizawa Components, Ltd.), Cannot be replaced.	
Service Life of Relay	Electrical: 150,000 operations (24 VDC, resistive load)/ 100,000 operations (240 VAC, $\cos\phi = 0.4$, inductive load) Mechanical: 20,000,000 operations Service life will vary depending on the connected load. Refer to page A-52 for information on service life according to the load.	
ON Response Time	15 ms max.	
OFF Response Time	15 ms max.	
Number of Circuits	16 points/common, 1 circuit	
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between external terminals and the GR terminal (500 VDC)	
Dielectric Strength	2,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.	
Internal Current Con- sumption	110 mA 5 VDC max. 96 mA 24 VDC max. (6 mA × No. of ON points)	
Weight	170 g max.	
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Jxx_Ch1_Out00 to Jxx_Ch1_Out15 COM COM	
External connection and terminal-device variable diagram	Signal name Connec- tor pin · Signal name Image: Interview of the pine pine interview of the pine interview of the pine inter	

• CJ1W-OC211 Contact Output Unit (16 Points)

• CJ1W-OA201 Triac Output Unit (8 Points)

Name	8-point Triac Output Unit with Terminal Block
Model	CJ1W-OA201
Max. Switching Capacity	0.6 A 250 VAC, 50/60 Hz (2.4 A/Unit)
Max. Inrush Current	15 A (pulse width: 10 ms max.)
Min. Switching Capacity	50 mA 75 VAC
Leakage Current	1.5 mA (200 VAC) max.
Residual Voltage	1.6 VAC max.
ON Response Time	1 ms max.
OFF Response Time	1/2 of load frequency + 1 ms or less.
Number of Circuits	8 (8 points/common, 1 circuit)
Surge Protector	C.R Absorber + Surge Absorber
Fuses	5 A (1/common, 1 used) The fuse cannot be replaced by the user.
Insulation Resistance	20 $M\Omega$ between the external terminals and the GR terminal (500 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	2,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Internal Current Consumption	220 mA max.
Weight	150 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Output indicator Signal name Jxx_Ch1_Out00 to Jxx_Ch1_Out00 to Jxx_Ch1_Out07 COM Fuse
External connection and terminal- device variable diagram	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

* Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

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• CJ1W-OD201 Transistor Output Unit (8 Points)

Name	8-point Transistor Output Unit with Terminal Block (Sinking Outputs)
Model	CJ1W-OD201
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC
Maximum Load Current	2.0 A/point, 8.0 A/Unit
Maximum Inrush Current	10 A/point, 10 ms max.
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Number of Circuits	8 (4 points/common, 2 circuits)
Internal Current Consumption	90 mA max.
Fuse	6.3 A (1/common, 2 used) The fuse cannot be replaced by the user.
External Power Supply	12 to 24 VDC, 10 mA min.
Weight	110 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Signal name +V Jxx_Ch1_Out00 to Jxx_Ch1_Out03 Fuse Output indicator +V Fuse Output indicator +V Jxx_Ch1_Out03 +V Jxx_Ch1_Out03 +V Jxx_Ch1_Out03 +V Jxx_Ch1_Out03 +V Jxx_Ch1_Out03 +V Output indicator +V COM0 +V Jxx_Ch1_Out04 to Jxx_Ch1_Out04 to Jxx_Ch1_Out04
External connection and termi- nal-device variable diagram	 Signal connector pin[*] Signal name Jxx_Ch1_Out00 A0 B0 Jxx_Ch1_Out01 Jxx_Ch1_Out02 A1 B1 Jxx_Ch1_Out03 I2 to 24 VDC COM0 A3 B3 NC A4 B4 NC A1 B4 NC A4 B4 NC A7 B7 NC A7 B8 A7 B8 A7 B7 NC A7 B7

• CJ1W-OD203 Transistor Output Unit (8 Points)

Name	8-point Transistor Output Unit with Terminal Block (Sinking Outputs)
Model	CJ1W-OD203
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 4.0 A/Unit
Maximum Inrush Current	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max.
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.
ON Response Time	0.1 ms max.
OFF Response Time	0.8 ms max.
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Number of Circuits	8 (8 points/common, 1 circuit)
Internal Current Consumption	100 mA max.
Fuse	None
External Power Supply	10.2 to 26.4 VDC, 20 mA min.
Weight	110 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Output indicator Utput indicator
External connection and terminal- device variable diagram	 Signal connector pin - Signal name Jxx_Ch1_Out00 A0 B0 Jxx_Ch1_Out02 A1 B1 Jxx_Ch1_Out03 Jxx_Ch1_Out04 A2 B1 Jxx_Ch1_Out05 Jxx_Ch1_Out05 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 NC <l< th=""></l<>

* Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

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• CJ1W-OD211 Transistor Output Unit (16 Points)

Name	16-point Transistor Output Unit with Terminal Block (Sinking Outputs)
Model	CJ1W-OD211
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 5.0 A/Unit
Maximum Inrush Current	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max.
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.
ON Response Time	0.1 ms max.
OFF Response Time	0.8 ms max.
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Number of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC 100 mA max.
Fuse	None
External Power Supply	10.2 to 26.4 VDC, 20 mA min.
Weight	110 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Signal name Output indicator
External connection and terminal- device variable diagram	 Signal connector pin * Signal name Jxx_Ch1_Out00 A0 B0 Jxx_Ch1_Out01 L Jxx_Ch1_Out02 A1 B1 Jxx_Ch1_Out03 L Jxx_Ch1_Out04 A2 B2 Jxx_Ch1_Out05 L Jxx_Ch1_Out06 A3 B3 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 L Jxx_Ch1_Out08 A4 B4 Jxx_Ch1_Out09 L L Jxx_Ch1_Out12 A6 B5 Jxx_Ch1_Out13 L L Jxx_Ch1_Out14 A7 B7 Jxx_Ch1_Out15 L Jxx_Ch1_Out14 A7 B7 Jxx_Ch1_Out15 L Signal connective for the polarity of the external power supply. The load may operate incorrectly if the polarity is reversed.

• CJ1W-OD213 Transistor Output Unit (16 Points)

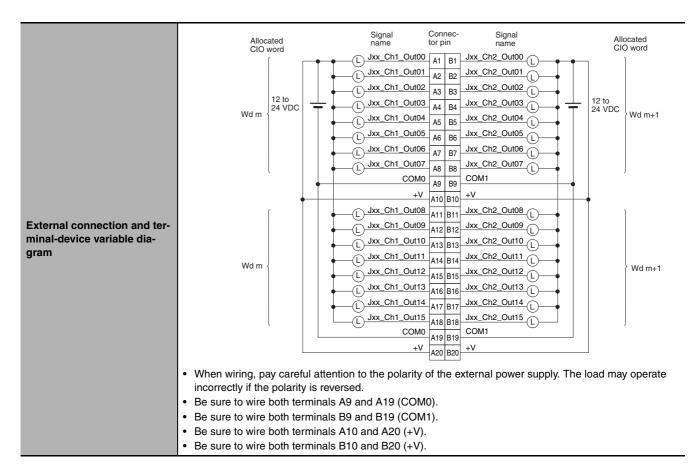
Name	16-point Transistor Output Unit with Terminal Block (Sinking Outputs)
Model	CJ1W-OD213
Rated Voltage	24 VDC
Operating Load Voltage Range	24 VDC 20.4 to 26.4 VDC
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 5.0 A/Unit
Maximum Load Current	
Leakage Current	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max. 0.1 mA max.
-	
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.
ON Response Time	15 μs max.
OFF Response Time	80 μs max.
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.
Number of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC 150 mA max.
Fuse	None
External Power Supply	20.4 to 26.4 VDC, 55 mA min.
Weight	110 g max.
Circuit Configuration	Signal name +V Jxx_Ch1_Out00 to Jxx_Ch1_Out15 COM
External connection and terminal- device variable diagram	Signal name Connec-torpin Signal name Image: Interpret to the pint in the polarity of the external power supply. The load may operate incorrectly if the polarity is reversed. Signal name

* Terminal numbers A0 to A8 and B0 to B8 are used in the external connection and terminal-device variable diagrams. They are not printed on the Units.

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Name	32-point Transistor Output Unit with Fujitsu Connector (Sinking Outputs)	
Model	CJ1W-OD231	
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC	
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC	
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 2.0 A/common, 4.0 A/Unit	
Maximum Inrush Current	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max.	
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.	
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.	
ON Response Time	0.1 ms max.	
OFF Response Time	0.8 ms max.	
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)	
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.	
Number of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)	
Internal Current Consump- tion	5 VDC 140 mA max.	
Fuse	None	
External Power Supply	10.2 to 26.4 VDC, 30 mA min.	
Weight	70 g max.	
Accessories	None	
Circuit Configuration	Signal Allocated CIO word +V Jxx_Ch1_Out00 to Jxx_Ch1_Out15 Wd m Connector row A Connector row A Connector row A Connector row A Connector row A Connector row B Connector row B	

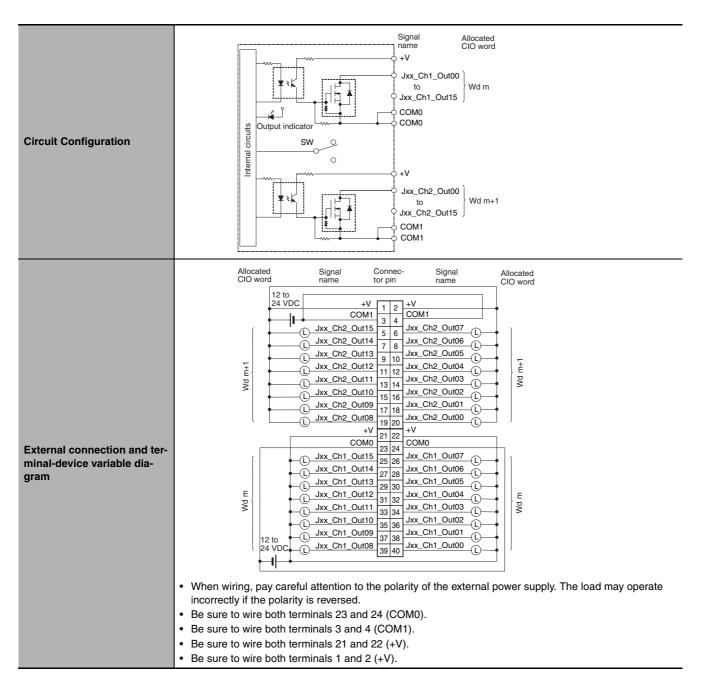
• CJ1W-OD231 Transistor Output Unit (32 Points)



• CJ1W-OD233 Transistor Output Unit (32 Points)

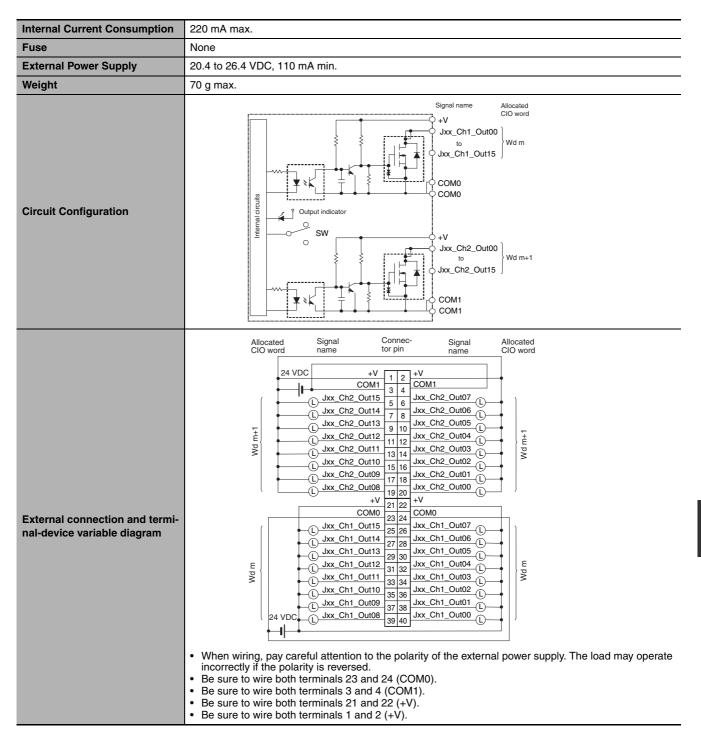
Name	32-point Transistor Output Unit with MIL Connector (Sinking Outputs)		
Model	CJ1W-OD233		
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC		
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 2 A/common, 4 A/Unit		
Maximum Inrush Current	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max.		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.		
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.		
ON Response Time	Time 0.1 ms max.		
OFF Response Time	0.8 ms max.		
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength 1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current max.			
Number of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)		
Internal Current Consump- tion	140 mA max.		
Fuse	None		
External Power Supply	12 to 24 VDC, 30 mA min.		
Weight	70 g max.		

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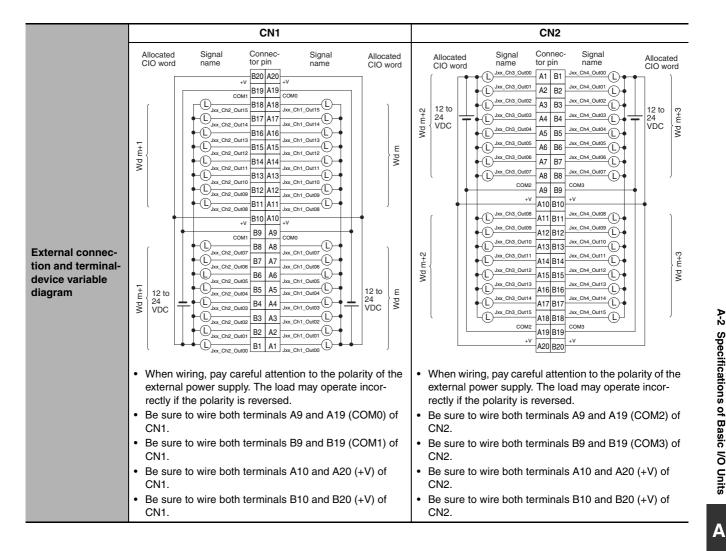
• CJ1W-OD234 Transistor Output Unit (32 Points)

Name	32-point Transistor Output Unit with MIL Connector (Sinking Outputs)			
Model	CJ1W-OD234			
Rated Voltage	24 VDC			
Operating Load Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC			
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 2 A/common, 4 A/Unit			
Maximum Inrush Current	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max.			
Leakage Current	urrent 0.1 mA max.			
Residual Voltage 1.5 V max.				
ON Response Time	15 μs max.			
OFF Response Time	80 μs max.			
Insulation Resistance	tance 20 MΩ between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)			
Dielectric Strength 1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage cur mA max.				
Number of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)			



Name	64-point Transistor Output Unit with Fujitsu Connectors (Sinking Outputs)			
Model	CJ1W-OD261			
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC			
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC			
Maximum Load Current	0.3 A/point, 1.6 A/common, 6.4 A/Unit			
Maximum Inrush Current	3.0 A/point, 10 ms max.			
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.			
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.			
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.			
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.			
Insulation Resis- tance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)			
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.			
Number of Cir- cuits	64 (16 points/common, 4 circuits)			
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC, 170 mA max.			
Fuse	None			
External Power Supply	10.2 to 26.4 VDC, 50 mA min.			
Weight	110 g max.			
Accessories	None			
Circuit Configura- tion	Signal name Allocated CIO word Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxx_Ch1_Out15 COM0 COM0 COM0 COM0 COM0 COM0 COM0 COM0			

• CJ1W-OD261 Transistor Output Unit (64 Points)



Name	64-point Transistor Output Unit with MIL Connectors (Sinking Outputs)			
Model	CJ1W-OD263			
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC			
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC			
Maximum Load Current	0.3 A/point, 1.6 A/common, 6.4 A/Unit			
Maximum Inrush Current	3.0 A/point, 10 ms max.			
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.			
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.			
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.			
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.			
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)			
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.			
Number of Circuits	64 (16 points/common, 4 circuits)			
Internal Current Con- sumption	170 mA max.			
Fuse	None			
External Power Supply	12 to 24 VDC, 50 mA min.			
Weight	110 g max.			
Circuit Configuration	Signal Allocated name ClO word +V Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxx_Ch1_Out15 } Wd m CN1 SW SW SW SW SW COM0 V +V Jxx_Ch2_Out00 COM1 Output indicator COM1 V +V Jxx_Ch3_Out00 COM1 V +V SW COM1 V +V SW COM2 V +V SW COM3 V H SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW			

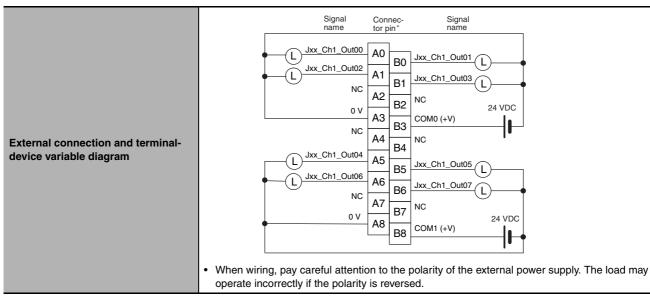
• CJ1W-OD263 Transistor Output Unit (64 Points)

	CN1	CN2	
	Allocated Signal Connec-Signal Allocated CIO word name tor pin name CIO word	Allocated Signal Connec-Signal Allocated CIO word name tor pin name CIO word	
	E	P 12 to 24 +V VDC +V 12 to 24 +V COM3 3 4 Jax, Ch4_Out15 5 6 Jax, Ch4_Out15 5 6 Jax, Ch4_Out17 7 8 Jax, Ch4_Out13 9 10 Jax, Ch4_Out13 9 10 Jax, Ch4_Out13 9 10 Jax, Ch4_Out13 9 10 Jax, Ch4_Out13 11 12 Jax, Ch4_Out13 13 14 Jax, Ch4_Out13 15 16 Jax, Ch4_Out16 17 18 Jax, Ch4_Out08 19 20 Jax, Ch4_Out08 19 20	
External connection and terminal-device variable diagram	Image: Chi = 0,0100 20 19 Jax, Chi = 0,0100 Image: Chi = 0,0100	-vv 21 22 COM2 23 24 Jax_Ch3_Out15 25 26 Jax_Ch3_Out14 25 26 Jax_Ch3_Out13 29 30 Jax_Ch3_Out13 29 30 Jax_Ch3_Out13 29 30 Jax_Ch3_Out13 29 30 Jax_Ch3_Out13 33 34 Jax_Ch3_Out10 35 36 Jax_Ch3_Out01 35 36 Jax_Ch3_Out09 37 38 Jax_Ch3_Out08 39 40	
	 When wiring, pay careful attention to the polarity of the external power supply. The load may operate incorrectly if the polarity is reversed. Be sure to wire both terminals 23 and 24 (COM0) of CN1. Be sure to wire both terminals 3 and 4 (COM1) of 	 When wiring, pay careful attention to the polarity of the external power supply. The load may operate incorrectly if the polarity is reversed. Be sure to wire both terminals 23 and 24 (COM2) of CN2. Be sure to wire both terminals 3 and 4 (COM3) of 	
	 CN1. Be sure to wire both terminals 21 and 22 (+V) of CN1. Be sure to wire both terminals 1 and 2 (+V) of CN1. 	 Be sure to wire both terminals 3 and 4 (COM3) of CN2. Be sure to wire both terminals 21 and 22 (+V) of CN2. Be sure to wire both terminals 1 and 2 (+V) of CN2. 	

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• CJ1W-OD202 Transistor Output Unit (8 Points)

Name	8-point Transistor Output Unit with Terminal Block (Sourcing Outputs)			
Model	CJ1W-OD202			
Rated Voltage	24 VDC			
Operating Load Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC			
Maximum Load Current	2 A/point, 8 A/Unit			
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.			
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.			
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.			
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.			
Load Short-circuit Protection	Detection current: 6 A min. Automatic restart after error clearance. (Refer to page A-95.)			
Line Disconnection Detection	Detection current: 200 mA (Refer to page A-95.)			
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)			
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.			
Number of Circuits	8 (4 points/common, 2 circuits)			
Internal Current Consumption	110 mA max.			
Fuse	None			
External Power Supply	24 VDC, 50 mA min.			
Weight	120 g max.			
Circuit Configuration	 Signal name COM0 (+V) Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxx_Ch1_Out03 0 V Sum and the same commentation of the same time, the corresponding bit (two points per bit) in the Basic I/O Unit Information Area system- defined variable will change to TRUE. 			



• CJ1W-OD204 Transistor Output Unit (8 Points)

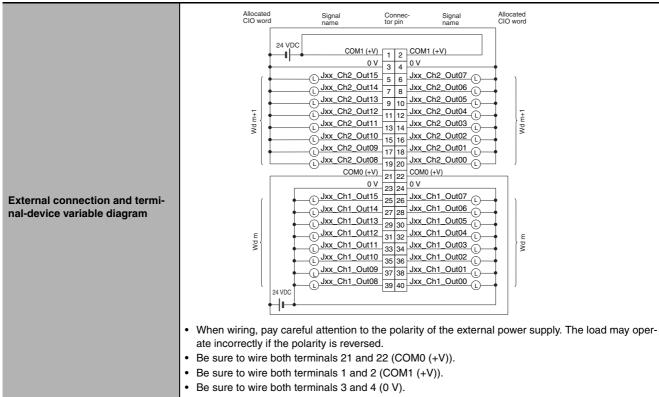
Name	8-point Transistor Output Unit with Terminal Block (Sourcing Outputs)		
Model	CJ1W-OD204		
Rated Voltage	24 VDC		
Operating Load Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 4.0 A/Unit		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.		
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.		
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.		
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.		
Load Short-circuit Protection	Detection current: 0.7 to 2.5 A Automatic restart after error clearance. (Refer to page A-98.)		
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.		
Number of Circuits	8 (8 points/common, 1 circuit)		
Internal Current Consumption	100 mA max.		
Fuse	None		
External Power Supply	20.4 to 26.4 VDC, 40 mA min.		
Weight	120 g max.		
Circuit Configuration	 Signal name COM (+V) Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 V When an overcurrent is detected, the ERR indicator will light. At the same time, the corresponding bit in the Basic I/O Unit Information Area system-defined variable will change to TRUE. 		
External connection and terminal- device variable diagram	 Signal Connec- Signal name Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxx_Ch1_Out01 Jxx_Ch1_Out03 Jxx_Ch1_Out03 Jxx_Ch1_Out05 Jxx_Ch1_Out05 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 Jxx_Ch1_Out06 A5 B5 NC NC A6 B6 NC NC A6 B7 CON(+V) A7 B7 CON(+V) A7 B7 CON(+V) A7 B7 CON(+V) A6 B8 NC NC A6 B8 NC NC A6 B7 CON(+V) A7 B7 CON(+V) A8 B8 CON(+V) B8 CON(+V) B8 CON(+V) B8 CON(+V) B8 CON(+V) <l< th=""></l<>		

• CJ1W-OD212 Transistor Output Unit (16 Points)

Name	16-point Transistor Output Unit with Terminal Block (Sourcing Outputs)		
Model	CJ1W-OD212		
Rated Voltage	24 VDC		
Operating Load Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 5.0 A/Unit		
Maximum Inrush Current	0.1 mA max.		
Leakage Current	1.5 V max.		
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.		
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.		
Load Short-circuit Protection	Detection current: 0.7 to 2.5 A Automatic restart after error clearance. (Refer to page A-98.)		
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.		
Number of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)		
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC, 100 mA max.		
External Power Supply	20.4 to 26.4 VDC, 40 mA min.		
Weight	120 g max.		
Circuit Configuration	Signal name COM (+V) Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxx_Ch1_Out15 0 V • When an overcurrent is detected, the ERR indicator will light. At the same time, the corre- sponding bit in the Basic I/O Unit Information Area system-defined variable will change to TRUE.		
External connection and terminal- device variable diagram	Signal <u>pin - Signal name</u> 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out00 A0 B0 Jxx_Ch1_Out01 I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out02 A1 B1 Jxx_Ch1_Out03 I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out04 A2 B2 Jxx_Ch1_Out05 I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out04 A2 B2 Jxx_Ch1_Out05 I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out04 A2 B2 Jxx_Ch1_Out07 I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out10 A3 B3 Jxx_Ch1_Out107 I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out11 A5 B5 Jxx_Ch1_Out11 I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out14 A7 B7 COM (+V) I I 1 Jxx_Ch1_Out14 A7 B7 COM (+V) I I I 0 V A8 B8 COM (+V) I		

ullet	CJ1W-OD232	Transistor	Output	Unit (32	Points)
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Name	32-point Transistor Output Unit with MIL Connector (Sourcing Outputs)		
Model	CJ1W-OD232		
Rated Voltage	24 VDC		
Operating Load Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 2.0 A/common, 4.0 A/Unit		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.		
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.		
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.		
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.		
Load Short-circuit Protection	Detection current: 0.7 to 2.5 A Automatic restart after error clearance. (Refer to page A-98.)		
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.		
Number of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)		
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC 150 mA max.		
External Power Supply	20.4 to 26.4 VDC, 70 mA min.		
Weight	80 g max.		
Accessories	None		
Circuit Configuration	 Signal name COM0 (+V) COM0 (+V) Jxx_Ch1_Out00 V Wd m V Output indicator Output indicator Output indicator Uxx_Ch2_Out00 Jxx_Ch2_Out15 } Wd m+1 When an overcurrent is detected, the ERR indicator will light. At the same time, the corresponding bit (one bit for each common) in the Basic I/O Unit Information Area system-defined variable will change to TRUE. 		

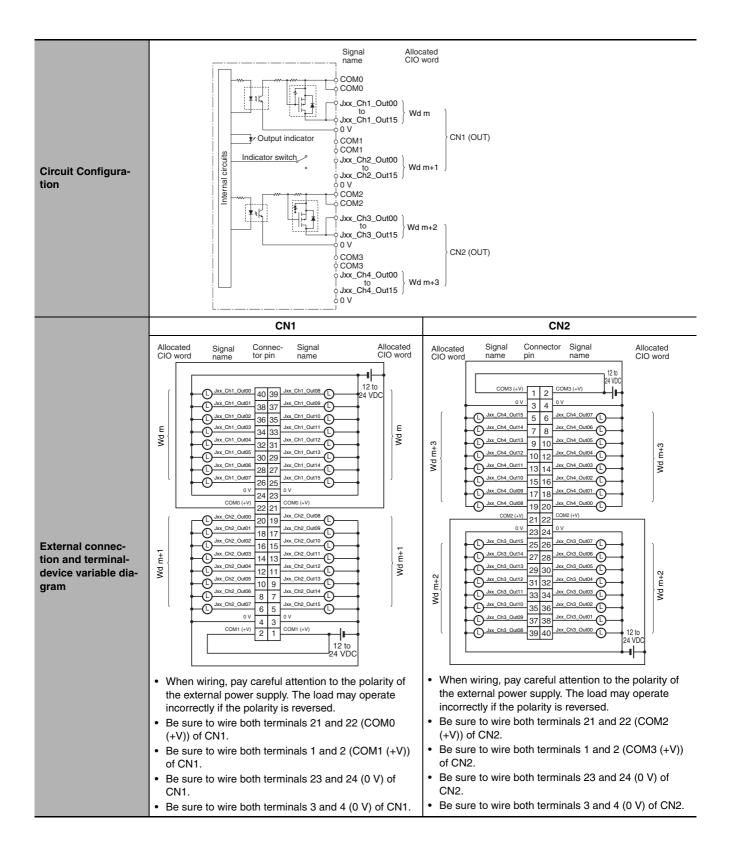


• Be sure to wire both terminals 23 and 24 (0 V).

• CJ1W-OD262 Transistor Output Unit (64 Points)

Name	64-point Transistor Output Unit with MIL Connectors (Sourcing Outputs)		
Model	CJ1W-OD262		
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC		
Operating Load Volt- age Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Cur- rent	0.3 A/point, 1.6 A/common, 6.4 A/Unit		
Maximum Inrush Current	3.0 A/point, 10 ms max.		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.		
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.		
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.		
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.		
Insulation Resis- tance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.		
Number of Circuits	64 (16 points/common, 4 circuits)		
Internal Current Consumption	170 mA max. (5 VDC)		
Fuse	None		
External Power Supply	10.2 to 26.4 VDC, 50 mA min.		
Weight	110 g max.		
Accessories	None		

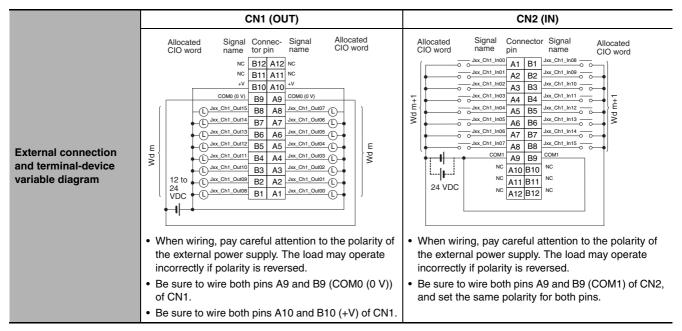
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Mixed I/O Units

• CJ1W-MD231 DC Input/Transistor Output Unit (24 VDC, 16 Inputs/16 Outputs)

Name	16-point DC Input/16-point Transistor Output Unit with Fujitsu Connectors (Sinking Outputs)			
Model	CJ1W-MD231			
Output section (CN1)		Input section (CN2)		
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC	Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC	
Operating Load Volt- age Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC	Operating Input Volt- age	20.4 to 26.4 VDC	
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 2.0 A/Unit	Input Impedance	3.3 kΩ	
Maximum Inrush Cur- rent	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max.	Input Current	7 mA typical (at 24 VDC)	
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.	ON Voltage/ON Cur- rent	14.4 VDC min./3 mA min.	
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.	OFF Voltage/OFF Cur- rent	5 VDC max./1 mA max.	
ON Response Time	0.1 ms max.	ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the	
OFF Response Time	0.8 ms max.	ON Response Time	Unit Information settings.)*	
No. of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)	OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *	
Fuse	None			
	12 to 24 VDC, 20 mA min.	No. of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)	
External Power Supply		Number of Simultane- ously ON Points	75% (at 24 VDC)	
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the externa	al terminals and the GR ter	minal (at 100 VDC)	
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the ext	ernal terminals and the GR	terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.	
Internal Current Con- sumption	5 VDC 130 mA max.			
Weight	90 g max.			
Accessories	None			
	CN1 (OUT)		CN2 (IN)	
Circuit Configuration	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	x_Ch1_Out00 to x_Ch1_Out07 DM0	Allocated Signal name Cloword Signal name Connect or row A Wd m+1 Uxx_Ch1_In07 COM1 Wd m+1 Uxx_Ch1_In07 COM1 Wd m+1 Uxx_Ch1_In15 COM1 Uxx_Ch1_IN15 COM1 Uxx_	



* The ON response time will be 20 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

• CJ1W-MD233 DC Input/Transistor Output Unit (24 VDC, 16 Inputs/16 Outputs)

Name	16-point DC Input/16-point Transistor Output Unit with MIL Connectors (Sinking Outputs)				
Model	CJ1W-MD233				
Output section (CN1)	Input section (CN2)				
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC	Rated Input Volt- age	24 VDC		
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC	Operating Input Voltage	20.4 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 2.0 A/Unit	Input Impedance	3.3 kΩ		
Maximum Inrush Current	4.0 A/point, 10 ms max.	Input Current	7 mA typical (at 24 VDC)		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.	ON Voltage/ON Current	14.4 VDC min./3 mA min.		
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.	OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.		
ON Response Time	0.1 ms max.	ON Response	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in		
OFF Response Time	0.8 ms max.	Time	the Unit Information settings.) *		
No. of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)	OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *		
Fuse	None	Time			
	12 to 24 VDC, 20 mA min.	No. of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)		
External Power Supply		Number of Simul- taneously ON Points	75% (at 24 VDC)		
Insulation Resistance	$20 \text{ M}\Omega$ between the external	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (at 100 VDC)			
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.				
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC 130 mA max.				
Weight	90 g max.				
Accessories	None				
	CN1 (OU	JT)	CN2 (IN)		
Circuit Configuration	standard and a standa	Signal name Allocated CIO word Uxx_Ch1_Out00 to Uxx_Ch1_Out07 COM0 VXX_Ch1_Out07 VM m Uxx_Ch1_Out08 to Uxx_Ch1_Out08 to Uxx_Ch1_Out08 to Uxx_Ch1_Out08 COM0 VM m	Allocated Signal name CIO word Jxx_Ch1_In00 Wd m+1 $\begin{cases} Jxx_Ch1_In00 \\ Jxx_Ch1_In07 \\ Jxx_Ch1_In07 \\ Jxx_Ch1_In08 \\ to \\ Jxx_Ch1_In15 \\ COM1 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $		
			Number of Simultaneously ON Points vs. Ambient Temperature Characteristic 16 points at 33°C 16 points at 45°C 16 points at 33°C 16 points at 45°C 17 points at 55°C 19 points at 55°C 9 points at 55°C 9 points at 55°C 4 points at 55°C		

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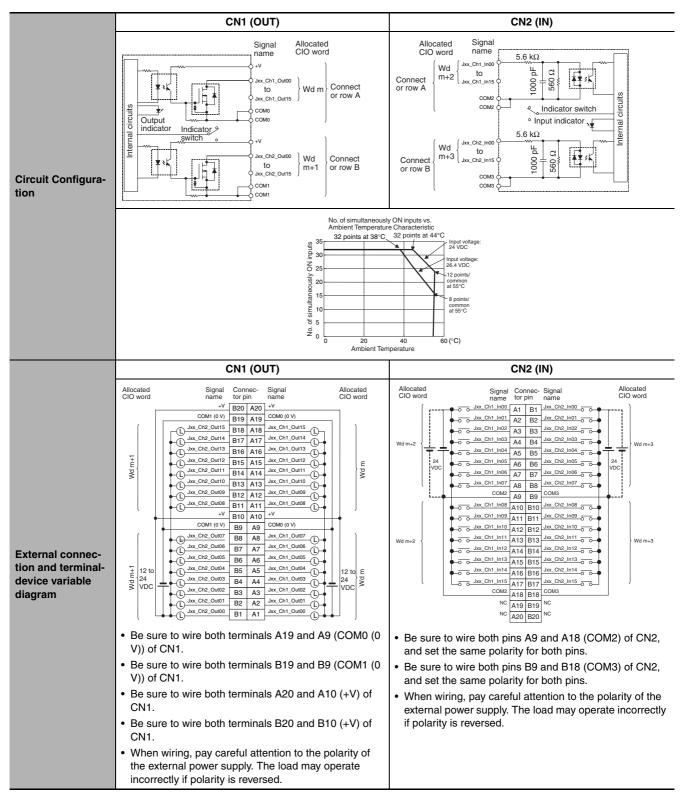
NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (W500)

	CN1 (OUT)	CN2 (IN)		
External connection and terminal-device variable diagram	Allocated name torpin name Cloword Cloword <u>wc.ch1_0u00</u> 20 19 <u>wc.ch1_0u08</u> Cloword <u>wc.ch1_0u01</u> 18 17 <u>wc.ch1_0u08</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u01</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11 <u>u</u> <u>wc.ch1_0u11</u> <u>u</u> <u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u>	Allocated CIO word Signal Connec- Signal name tor pin name CIO word Allocated CIO word Al		

 * The ON response time will be 20 μ s maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μ s maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

• CJ1W-MD261 DC Input/Transistor Output Unit (24 VDC 32 Inputs/32 Outputs)

Name	32-point DC Input/32-point Transistor Output Unit with Fujitsu Connectors (Sinking Outputs)				
Model	CJ1W-MD261				
Output section (CN1)		Input section (CN2)			
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC	Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC		
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC	Operating Input Voltage	20.4 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Current	0.3 A/point, 1.6 A/common, 3.2 A/Unit	Input Impedance	5.6 kΩ		
Maximum Inrush Current	3.0 A/point, 10 ms max.	Input Current	4.1 mA typical (at 24 VDC)		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.	ON Voltage/ON Current	19.0 VDC min./3 mA min. *1		
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.	OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.		
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.	ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) ^{*2}		
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.	on nesponse fille			
No. of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)		8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) ^{*2}		
Fuse	None	OFF Response Time			
External Power	12 to 24 VDC, 30 mA min.	No. of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)		
Supply		Number of Simultaneously ON Points	75% (24 points) (at 24 VDC)		
Insulation Resis- tance	20 M Ω between the external terminals and the GR terminal (at 100 VDC)				
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.				
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC 140 mA max.				
Weight	110 g max.				
Accessories	None				



- *1 Observe the following restrictions when connecting to a 2-wire sensor.
 - Make sure the input power supply voltage is larger than the ON voltage (19 V) plus the residual voltage of the sensor (approx. 3 V).
 - Use a sensor with a minimum load current of 3 mA min.
 - Connect bleeder resistance if you connect a sensor with a minimum load current of 5 mA or higher.
- *2 The ON response time will be 120 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

A-2 Specifications of Basic I/O Units

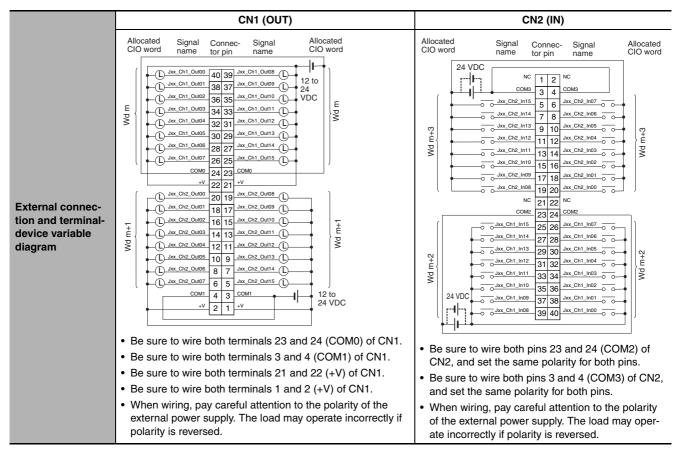
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A-2-2

Basic I/O Units

Name	32-point DC Input/32-point Transistor Output Unit with MIL Connectors (Sinking Outputs)			
Model	CJ1W-MD263	20000	<u> </u>	
Output section (CN			Input section (CN2)	
Rated Voltage	12 to 24 VDC	Rated Input Voltage	24 VDC	
Operating Load Voltage Range	10.2 to 26.4 VDC	Operating Input Voltage	e 20.4 to 26.4 VDC	
Maximum Load Current	0.3 A/point, 1.6 A/common, 3.2 A/Unit	Input Impedance	5.6 kΩ	
Maximum Inrush Current	3.0 A/point, 10 ms max.	Input Current	4.1 mA typical (at 24 VDC)	
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.	ON Voltage/ON Current	19.0 VDC min./3 mA min. ^{*1}	
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.	OFF Voltage/OFF Curre	nt 5 VDC max./1 mA max.	
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max. ON Response Time		8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information set-	
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.		tings.) ^{*2}	
No. of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)		8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0	
Fuse	None	OFF Response Time	and 32 ms in the Unit Information set- tings.) ^{*2}	
External Power	12 to 24 VDC, 30 mA min.	No. of Circuits	32 (16 points/common, 2 circuits)	
Supply		Number of Simultane- ously ON Points	75% (24 points) (at 24 VDC)	
Insulation Resis- tance	20 $M\Omega$ between the external terminals and the GR terminal (at 100 VDC)			
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external terminals and the GR terminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max.			
Internal Current Consumption	5 VDC 140 mA max.			
Weight	110 g max.			
Accessories	None	1		
Circuit Configura- tion	Wd m+2 { Wd m+3		rrd name +2 {Jxx_Ch1_In00 Jxx_Ch1_In15 COM2 COM2 COM2 Jxx_Ch2_In00 Jx Jxx_Ch2_In00 Jx JxX_Ch2_In00 Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx Jx J	
	No. of simultaneously ON inputs vs. Ambient Temperature Characteristic 32 points at 38°C 32 points at 44°C Input voltage: 24 VDC 25 26 20 15 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20			

• CJ1W-MD263 DC Input/Transistor Output Unit (24 VDC 32 Inputs/32 Outputs)

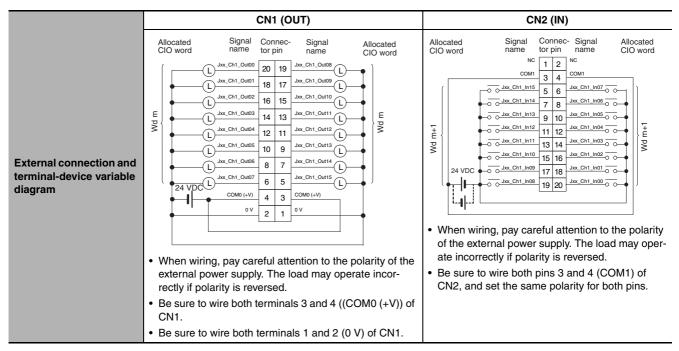


*1 Observe the following restrictions when connecting to a 2-wire sensor.

- Make sure the input power supply voltage is larger than the ON voltage (19 V) plus the residual voltage of the sensor (approx. 3 V).
- Use a sensor with a minimum load current of 3 mA min.
- Connect bleeder resistance if you connect a sensor with a minimum load current of 5 mA or higher.
- *2 The ON response time will be 120 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

Name	16-point DC Input/16-point Transist	or Output Unit with MIL	Connectors (Sourcing Outputs)		
Model	CJ1W-MD232				
Output section (CN1)		Input section (CN2)			
Rated Voltage	24 VDC	Rated Input Volt- age	24 VDC		
Operating Load Voltage Range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC	Operating Input Voltage	20.4 to 26.4 VDC		
Maximum Load Current	0.5 A/point, 2.0 A/Unit	Input Impedance	3.3 kΩ		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.	Input Current	7 mA typical (at 24 VDC)		
Residual Voltage	1.5 V max.	ON Voltage/ON Current	14.4 VDC min./3 mA min.		
ON Response Time	0.5 ms max.	OFF Voltage/OFF Current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.		
OFF Response Time	1.0 ms max.	ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.) *		
Load Short-circuit Pro- tection	Detection current: 0.7 to 2.5 A min. Automatic restart after error clear- ance. (Refer to page A-98.)	OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.)*		
No. of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)	No. of Circuits	16 (16 points/common, 1 circuit)		
External Power Supply	20.4 to 26.4 VDC, 40 mA min.	Number of Simul- taneously ON Points	75% (at 24 VDC)		
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external termin	als and the GR termina	al (at 100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external ter max.	rminals and the GR ter	minal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA		
Internal Current Con- sumption	5 VDC 130 mA max.				
Weight	100 g max.				
Accessories	None				
	CN1 (OUT)		CN2 (IN)		
Circuit Configuration	stinucional di la construcción d	Signal name Allocated COM0 (+V) Vieword Jxx_Ch1_Out00 Jxo_Ch1_Out07 O V COM0 (+V) Allocated CIO word Wd m O V Wd m M m V m V m V m V m V m V m V m V	Allocated Signal CIO word name 3.3 KΩ to Jxx_Ch1_In00 o Jxx_Ch1_In07 o COM1 o COM1 o Input indicator v Input indicator v		

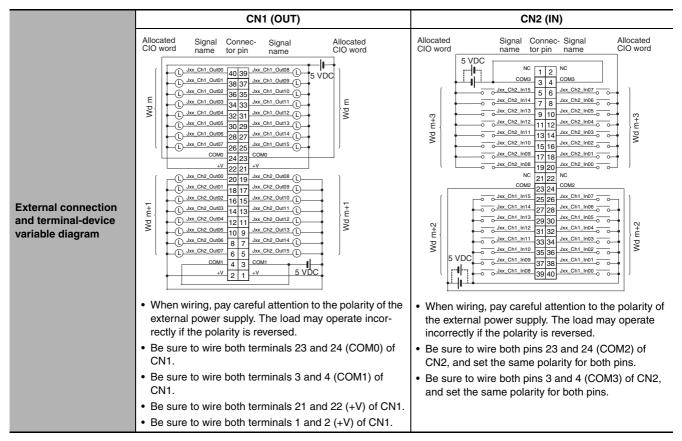
• CJ1W-MD232 DC Input/Transistor Output Unit (24 VDC, 16 inputs/16 Outputs)



* The ON response time will be 20 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

Name	32-point Input /32-point Output TTI	I/O Unit with MIL Cor	nnectors		
Model	CJ1W-MD563				
Output section (CN1)		Input section (CN2)			
Rated Voltage	5 VDC±10%	Rated Input Volt- age	5 VDC±10%		
Operating Load Volt- age Range	4.5 to 5.5 VDC	Input Impedance	1.1 kΩ		
Maximum Load Cur- rent	35 mA/point, 560 mA/common, 1.12 A/Unit	Input Current	Approx. 3.5 mA (at 5 VDC)		
Leakage Current	0.1 mA max.	ON Voltage	3.0 VDC min.		
Residual Voltage	0.4 V max.	OFF Voltage	1.0 VDC max.		
ON Response Time	0.2 ms max.	ON Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.)*		
OFF Response Time	0.3 ms max.				
No. of Circuits	32 points (16 points/common, 2 circuits)	OFF Response Time	8.0 ms max. (Can be set to between 0 and 32 ms in the Unit Information settings.)*		
Fuse	None	No. of Circuits	32 points (16 points/common, 2 circuits)		
External Power Supply	5 VDC \pm 10%, 40 mA min. (1.2 mA × No. of ON points)	Number of Simul- taneously ON Points	100% (16 points/common)		
Insulation Resistance	20 M Ω between the external termin	nals and the GR termir	nal (at 100 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	1,000 VAC between the external te	erminals and the GR te	rminal for 1 minute at a leakage current of 10 mA max		
Internal Current Con- sumption	5 VDC 190 mA max.				
Weight	110 g max.				
Accessories	None				
	CN1 (OUT)		CN2 (IN)		
Circuit Configuration	Switch State	Ch1_Out00 to Ch1_Out15 Wd m Ch2_Out00 Ch2_Out00 Wd m+1 Ch2_Out15 Wd m+1 I1	Allocated Signal name CIO word Name Wd m+2		

• CJ1W-MD563 TTL I/O Unit (32 Inputs/32 Outputs)



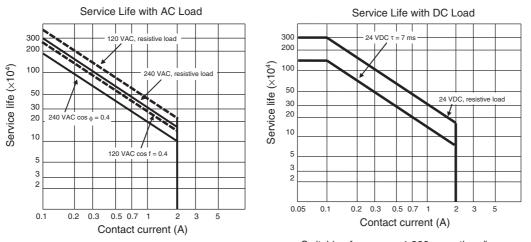
* The ON response time will be 120 μs maximum and OFF response time will be 400 μs maximum even if the response times are set to 0 ms due to internal element delays.

A-2-3 Precautions on Contact Output Units

Service Life Expectancy

The service life expectancy of the relays (NY-24W-K-IE) in the CJ1W-OC201/211 Contact Output Units depends on the type of load, the contact current, and the ambient temperature. Use the following diagrams to calculate the relay service life based on the operating conditions, and replace the relay before the end of its service life.

Contact Current vs. Service Life Characteristic



Switching frequency: 1,800 operations/hour max.



Precautions for Correct Use

The above charts show the life characteristics for the individual relays. Do not exceed the specifications of the Relay Output Units. If a switching capacity exceeding the specifications is used, the reliability and life expectancy of other parts will be reduced and the Unit may malfunction.

Inductive Load

The life of the Relay varies with the load inductance. If any inductive load is connected to the Contact Output Unit, use an arc killer with the Contact Output Unit. (See next page.)

Be sure to connect a diode in parallel with every DC inductive load that is connected to the Contact Output Unit. The usage of an arc killer has a significant effect on the service life of the contacts.

Contact Protection Circuit

Arc killers are used with the Contact Output Unit in order to prolong the life of each Relay mounted to the Contact Output Unit, prevent noise, and reduce the generation of carbide and nitrate deposits. However, if arc killers are used incorrectly, they can reduce relay life. Using an arc killer can also cause a delay in the resetting time (shut-off time). Arc killer circuit examples are listed in the following table.

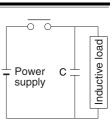
	Circuit	Cur	rent	Characteristic	Dominad clamont
	Circuit	AC	DC	Characteristic	Required element
CR method	Power C L M	Yes	Yes	If the load is a relay or solenoid, there is a delay in the resetting time. If the supply voltage is 24 or 48 V, insert the arc killer in parallel with the load. If the supply voltage is 100 to 200 V, insert the arc killer between the contacts.	The capacitance of the capacitor should be approx. 1 to 0.5 μF per contact current of 1 A and resistance of the resistor should be approx. 0.5 to 1 Ω per contact voltage of 1 V. These values, however, vary with the load and the characteristics of the relay. Decide these values from experiments, and take into consideration that the capacitance suppresses spark discharge when the contacts are separated and the resistance limits the current that flows into the load when the circuit is closed again. The dielectric strength of the capacitor must be 200 to 300 V. If the circuit is an AC circuit, use a
Diode method	Power supply	No	Yes	The diode connected in parallel with the load changes energy accumulated by the coil into a current, which then flows into the coil so that the current will be converted into Joule heat by the resistance of the inductive load. This delay in the resetting time caused by this method is longer than that caused by the CR method.	capacitor with no polarity. The reversed dielectric strength value of the diode must be at least 10 times as large as the circuit voltage value. The forward current of the diode must be the same as or larger than the load current. The reversed dielectric strength value of the diode may be two to three times larger than the supply voltage if the arc killer is applied to elec- tronic circuits with low circuit voltages.
Varistor method	Power supply	Yes	Yes	The varistor method prevents the imposition of high voltage between the contacts by using the constant voltage characteristic of the varistor. There is delay in the resetting time. If the supply voltage is 24 or 48 V, insert the varistor in parallel with the load. If the supply voltage is 100 to 200 V, insert the varistor between the contacts.	



Precautions for Correct Use

Do not connect a capacitor as an arc killer in parallel with an inductive load as shown in the diagram on the right. This arc killer is very effective for preventing spark discharge at the moment when the circuit is opened. However, at the moment the contacts are closed, the contacts may be welded due to the current charged in the capacitor.

DC inductive loads can be more difficult to switch than resistive loads. If appropriate arc killers are used, however, DC inductive loads will be as easy to switch as resistive loads.



A-2-4 Connecting Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units and I/O Relay Terminals

Patterns for Combining Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units and I/O Relay Terminals

The following patterns can be used to connect Basic I/O Units with Connectors to OMRON Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units and I/O Relay Terminals using OMRON Connecting Cables.

Pattern	Configuration	Number of connectors	Branching
A	Connecting Cable Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit 40 or 60 terminals	1	None
В	Connecting Cable with two branches Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit 20 terminals 20 terminals		2 branches
С	Connecting Cable Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit 20 terminals 20 terminals	2	None
D	Connecting Cable Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit 40 or 60 terminals		
F	Connecting Cable with two branches Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit 20 terminals 20 terminals 20 terminals 20 terminals		2 branches

• Connection Patterns for Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units

Pattern	Configuration
A	Connecting Cable
В	I/O Relay Terminal
E	I/O Relay Terminal Connecting Cable
F	Connecting Cable

• Connection Patterns for I/O Relay Terminals

Combinations of Connections

Combinations of OMRON Connecting Cables with Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units and I/O Relay Terminals are shown below.

• Connections to Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units

Unit	I/O capac- ity	Number of con- nectors	Polarity	Connec- tion pat- tern	Number of branches	Connecting Cable	Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit	Common terminal	Connec- tion dia- gram
CJ1W-	32 inputs	1 Fujitsu	NPN/PNP	А	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2D-40G6	None	A-64
ID231		connector		А	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2D-40G6-RF ^{*2}	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G5	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G4	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□BU	XW2D-40C6	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-64
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2C-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2E-20G5-IN16 (2 Units) ^{*1}	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2F-20G7-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2N-20G8-IN16 (2 Units) ^{*1}	Yes	
CJ1W-	32 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN/PNP	А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-65
ID232	ID232 ne	nector		А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6-RM*2	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-65
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2E-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2N-20G8-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
CJ1W-	32 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN/PNP	А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-66
ID233		nector		А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6-RM*2	None	
				A	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-66
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2E-20G5-IN16 (2 Units) ^{*1}	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-IN16 (2 Units) ^{*1}	Yes	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2N-20G8-IN16 (2 Units) ^{*1}	Yes	

*1 The inputs are NPN. For PNP inputs, reverse the polarity of the external power supply connections to the power supply terminals on the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

*2 Bleeder resistance (5.6 k Ω) is built in.

Unit	I/O capac- ity	Number of con- nectors	Polarity	Connec- tion pat- tern	Number of branches	Connecting Cable	Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit	Common terminal	Connec- tion dia- gram
CJ1W-	64 inputs	2 Fujitsu	NPN/PNP	D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2D-40G6	None	A-67
ID261		connectors		D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2D-40G6-RF ^{*2}	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G4	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□BU	XW2D-40C6	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2D-40G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-67
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2C-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2E-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2F-20G7-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2N-20G8-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
CJ1W-	64 inputs	2 MIL con-	NPN/PNP	D	None	XW2Z-DDDK	XW2D-40G6	None	A-68
ID262	D262 nector	nectors		D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6-RM*2	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-DDDK	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-68
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2E-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-IN16 (2 Units) ^{*1}	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-DDDN	XW2N-20G8-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
CJ1W-	32 outputs	1 Fujitsu	NPN	A	None	XW2Z-DDDB	XW2D-40G6	None	A-69
OD231		connector		A	None	XW2Z-DDDB	XW2B-40G5	None	
				A	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G4	None	
				A	None	XW2Z-□□□BU	XW2D-40C6	None	A-69
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-DDDL	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-DDDL	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-69
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	
CJ1W-	32 outputs	1 MIL con-	PNP	А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-70
OD232		nector		А	None	XW2Z-DDDK	XW2B-40G5	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-70
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	

*1 The inputs are NPN. For PNP inputs, reverse the polarity of the external power supply connections to the power supply terminals on the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

*2 Bleeder resistance (5.6 k Ω) is built in.

A

Unit	I/O capac- ity	Number of con- nectors	Polarity	Connec- tion pat- tern	Number of branches	Connecting Cable	Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit	Common terminal	Connec- tion dia- gram
CJ1W-	32 outputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-71
OD233		nector		А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				А	A None XW2Z-□□□K XW2B-40G4		None		
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-71
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	
CJ1W-	32 outputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-72
OD234	DD234	nector		А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				А	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
			В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None		
			В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None		
			В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None		
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	·□□□N XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)		A-72
				В	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	
CJ1W-		2 Fujitsu	NPN	D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2D-40G6	None	A-73
OD261		connectors	5	D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G4	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□BU	XW2D-40C6	None	A-73
				F	2	XW2Z-DDDL	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-DDDL	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-DDDL	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-73
				F	2	XW2Z-DDDL	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	
CJ1W-	64 outputs	2 MIL con-	PNP	D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-74
OD262		nectors		D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-74
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	
CJ1W-	64 outputs	2 MIL con-	NPN	D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-75
OD263		nectors		D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-75
				F	2	XW2Z-DDDN	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	

Unit	I/O capac- ity	pac- of con- nectors Polarity tion pat- tern branches Connecting Connector-Terminal Block Cable Conversion Unit		-			Common terminal	Connec- tion dia- gram	
CJ1W-	16 inputs	1 Fujitsu	NPN/PNP	С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2D-20G6	None	A-76
MD231		connector		С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2B-20G5	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2B-20G4	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2C-20G6-IO16	Yes	A-77
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2C-20G5-IN16 ^{*1}	Yes	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2E-20G5-IN16 ^{*1}	Yes	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2F-20G7-IN16 ^{*1}	Yes	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2N-20G8-IN16 ^{*1}	Yes	
	16 outputs	1 Fujitsu	NPN	С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2D-20G6	None	A-76
		connector		C	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2B-20G5	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2B-20G4	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2C-20G6-IO16	Yes	A-77
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□A	XW2F-20G7-OUT16	Yes	
CJ1W-	16 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN/PNP	С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2D-20G6	None	A-78
MD232		nector		С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2B-20G5	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2B-20G4	None	
	16 outputs	1 MIL con-	PNP	С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2D-20G6	None	A-78
		nector		С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2B-20G5	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2B-20G4	None	
CJ1W- 16 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN/PNP	С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2D-20G6	None	A-78	
MD233		nector		С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2B-20G5	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2B-20G4	None	
	16 outputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	С	None	XW2Z-□□□X	XW2D-20G6	None	A-78
		nector		С	None	XW2Z-DDDX	XW2B-20G5	None	
				С	None	XW2Z-□□□X	XW2B-20G4	None	
CJ1W-	32 outputs	1 Fujitsu	su NPN/PNP	D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2D-40G6	None	A-79
MD261		connector		D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2D-40G6-RF*2	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□B	XW2B-40G4	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-DDDBU	XW2D-40C6	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-80
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2C-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2E-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□D	XW2F-20G7-IN16 (2 Units) ^{*1}	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-DDD	. ,	Yes	
							XW2N-20G8-IN16 (2 Units)*1		
	32 outputs	1 Fujitsu connector	NPN	D	None		XW2D-40G6	None	A-79
				D	None		XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None		XW2B-40G4	None	
				D	None		XW2D-40C6	None	
				F	2		, ,		
					2		XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units) XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	None Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L			A-80

*1 The inputs are NPN. For PNP inputs, reverse the polarity of the external power supply connections to the power supply terminals on the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

*2 Bleeder resistance (5.6 k Ω) is built in.

A

Unit	I/O capac- ity	Number of con- nectors	Polarity	Connec- tion pat- tern	Number of branches	Connecting Cable	Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit	Common terminal	Connec- tion dia- gram
CJ1W-	32 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN/PNP	D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-81
MD263		nector		D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6-RM*2	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
			F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None		
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	None	A-82
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2C-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2E-20G5-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2F-20G7-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2N-20G8-IN16 (2 Units)*1	Yes	
	32 outputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-81
		nector		D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2C-20G6-IO16 (2 Units)	Yes	A-82
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□L	XW2F-20G7-OUT16 (2 Units)	Yes	
CJ1W-	32 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN/PNP	D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-83
MD563		nector		D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6-RM*2	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	
	32 outputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2D-40G6	None	A-83
		nector		D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G5	None	
				D	None	XW2Z-□□□K	XW2B-40G4	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2D-20G6 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G5 (2 Units)	None	
				F	2	XW2Z-□□□N	XW2B-20G4 (2 Units)	None	

*1 The inputs are NPN. For PNP inputs, reverse the polarity of the external power supply connections to the power supply terminals on the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

*2 Bleeder resistance (5.6 k Ω) is built in.

• Connections to I/O Relay Terminals

Unit	I/O capacity	Number of connectors	Polarity	Connection pattern	Number of branches	Connecting Cable	I/O Relay Terminal	Connection diagram
CJ1W-ID231	32 inputs	1 Fujitsu con-	NPN	А	2	G79-I□C-□	G7TC-ID16	A-84
		nector		А	2	G79-I□C-□	G7TC-IA16	
CJ1W-ID232	32 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	А	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-ID16	
		nector		А	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-IA16	
CJ1W-ID233	32 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	А	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-ID16	
		nector		А	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-IA16	
CJ1W-ID261	64 inputs	2 Fujitsu con-	NPN	В	2	G79-I□C-□	G7TC-ID16	
		nectors		В	2	G79-I□C-□	G7TC-IA16	
CJ1W-ID262	64 inputs	2 MIL con-	NPN	В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-ID16	
		nectors		В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-IA16	
CJ1W-OD231	32 outputs	1 Fujitsu con-	NPN	А	2	G79-O□C-□	G7TC-OC16	A-87
		nector		А	2	G79-O□C-□	G7TC-OC08	
			А	2	G79-O□C-□	G70D-SOC16	A-86	
			А	2	G79-O□C-□	G70D-FOM16		
			А	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-VSOC16	A-85	
			А	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-VFOM16		
				A	2	G79-0□C-□	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				A	2	G79-0□C-□	G70R-SOC08	A-87
				A	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-SOC08	A-86
CJ1W-OD232	32 outputs	1 MIL con-	PNP	А	2	G79-I□-□-D1	G7TC-OC16-1	A-88
		nector		A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC16-1	
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-FOM16-1	
				A	2	G79-0□-□-D1	G70A-ZOC16-4 and Relay	
CJ1W-OD233	32 outputs	s 1 MIL con-	NPN	A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-OC16	A-87
		nector		A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-OC08	_
				A	2	G79-0□-□-D1	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				A	2	G79-0□-□-D1	G70D-FOM16	
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VFOM16	
				A	2	G79-0□-□-D1	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70R-SOC08	A-87
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC08	A-86
CJ1W-OD234	32 outputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-OC16	A-87
		nector		A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-OC08	+
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-FOM16	
				A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
					2			
				A		G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VFOM16	
			-	A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
	1			A	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70R-SOC08	A-87

Unit	I/O capacity	Number of connectors	Polarity	Connection pattern	Number of branches	Connecting Cable	I/O Relay Terminal	Connectior diagram
CJ1W-OD261	64 outputs	2 Fujitsu con-	NPN	В	2	G79-0□C-□	G7TC-OC16	A-87
		nectors		В	2	G79-0□C-□	G7TC-OC08	
				В	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				В	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-FOM16	
				В	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
				В	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-VFOM16	
				В	2	G79-0□C-□	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				В	2	G79-0□C-□	G70R-SOC08	A-87
				В	2	G79-0□C-□	G70D-SOC08	A-86
CJ1W-OD262	64 outputs	2 MIL con-	PNP	В	2	G79-I□-□-D1	G7TC-OC16-1	A-88
		nectors		В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC16-1	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-FOM16-1	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70A-ZOC16-4 and Relay	
CJ1W-OD263	64 outputs	2 MIL con-	NPN	В	2	G79-0□-□-D1	G7TC-OC16	A-87
		nectors		В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-OC08	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-FOM16	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VFOM16	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70R-SOC08	A-87
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC08	A-86
CJ1W-MD231	16 inputs	1 Fujitsu con-	NPN	F	None	G79-□C	G7TC-ID16	A-84
		nector		F	None	G79-□C	G7TC-IA16	
	16 outputs	1 Fujitsu con-	NPN	F	None	G79-□C	G7TC-OC16	A-87
		nector		F	None	G79-□C	G7TC-OC08	
				F	None	G79-□C	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				F	None	G79-□C	G70D-FOM16	
				F	None	G79-□C	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
				F	None	G79-□C	G70D-VFOM16	
				F	None	G79-□C	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				F	None	G79-□C	G70R-SOC08	A-87
				F	None	G79-□C	G70D-SOC08	A-86
CJ1W-MD232	16 outputs	1 MIL con-	PNP	F	None	G79-O□C	G7TC-OC16-1	A-88
		nector		F	None	G79-I□C	G70D-SOC16-1	
				F	None	G79-I□C	G70D-FOM16-1	
				F	None	G79-I□C	G70A-ZOC16-4 and Relay	
CJ1W-MD233	16 inputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	E	None	G79-O□C	G7TC-ID16	A-84
		nector		E	None	G79-O□C	G7TC-IA16	
	16 outputs	1 MIL con-	NPN	E	None	G79-O□C	G7TC-OC16	A-87
		nector		E	None	G79-O□C	G7TC-OC08	
				E	None	G79-O□C	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				E	None	G79-O□C	G70D-FOM16	
				E	None	G79-O□C	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
				E	None	G79-O□C	G70D-VFOM16	
				E	None	G79-O□C	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				E	None	G79-0⊡C	G70R-SOC08	A-88
				E	NUILE	G79-0⊟C G79-0⊟C	G70D-SOC08	7-07

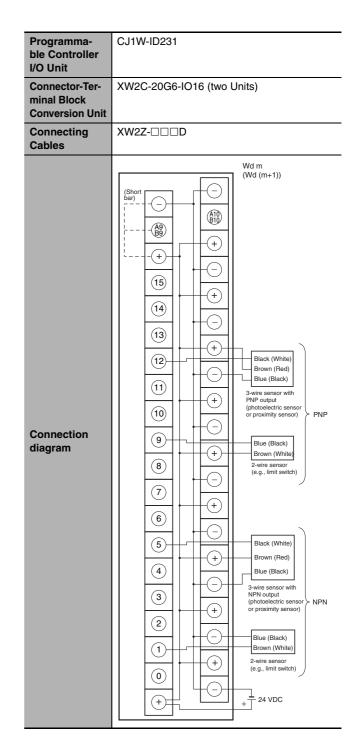
Unit	I/O capacity	Number of connectors	Polarity	Connection pattern	Number of branches	Connecting Cable	I/O Relay Terminal	Connection diagram
CJ1W-MD261	32 inputs	1 Fujitsu con- nector	NPN	В	2	G79-I□C-□	G7TC-ID16	A-84
				В	2	G79-I□C-□	G7TC-IA16	
	32 outputs	1 Fujitsu con- nector	NPN	В	2	G79-O□C-□	G7TC-OC16	A-87
				В	2	G790□C-□	G7TC-OC08	
				В	2	G79-O□C-□	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				В	2	G79-O□C-□	G70D-FOM16	
				В	2	G79-O□C-□	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
				В	2	G79-O□C-□	G70D-VFOM16	
				В	2	G790□C-□	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				В	2	G79-O□C-□	G70R-SOC08	A-87
				В	2	G79-O□C-□	G70D-SOC08	A-86
CJ1W-MD263	32 inputs	1 MIL con- nector	NPN	В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-ID16	A-84
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-IA16	
	32 outputs	1 MIL con- nector	NPN	В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-OC16	A-87
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G7TC-OC08	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC16	A-86
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-FOM16	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VSOC16	A-85
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-VFOM16	
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70A-ZOC16-3 and Relay	A-88
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70R-SOC08	A-87
				В	2	G79-O□-□-D1	G70D-SOC08	A-86

Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit Connection Diagrams

The applicable terminals on the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit and external connection diagrams are provided below for Basic I/O Unit connections to Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units.

CJ1W-ID231 Programmable Controller I/O Unit Connector-XW2D-40G6 Terminal XW2D-40G6-RF Block Conversion Unit Connecting XW2Z-DDDB Cables Wd (m+1) Wd m NC (B20) NC (A20) NC (B19) NC (A19) COM (B18) COM A18 <u>15 </u> (B17) <u>_1</u> (A17 <u>14</u> B16 01 (A16) <u>13 </u> (B15) <u>_ 1</u>; A15 <u>12 </u> (B14) 0 0_12 (A14) 1 = (B13) 0 <u>_1</u> -0 (A13 <u>10 </u> (B12) -0 (A12) 09 0 (B11) 0 (A11) <u>08 </u> (B10) Connection 08 (A10) COM1 diagram (B9) COM (A9) <u>07 </u> (B8) 0 07 (A8 <u>06 </u> (в7 0 06 0 (A7 05 -(B6) 0 -0 (A6 (B5) <u>04</u> + + 24 + VDC 24 <u>+</u> -0 (A5 03 0 (в4 _ 0; A4 <u>02</u>0 (B3) - 02 A3 <u>01</u> (B2) <u>_ 01</u> ō (A2) 00 0 (B1) A1

- Note 1 The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (-----) can be connected in either direction provided that the same polarity is used for the commons for rows A and B.
 - 2 Both COM0 and COM1 have two pins each. They are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the $_{\oplus}$ terminal for NPN.

Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the $_{\ominus}$ terminal for PNP.

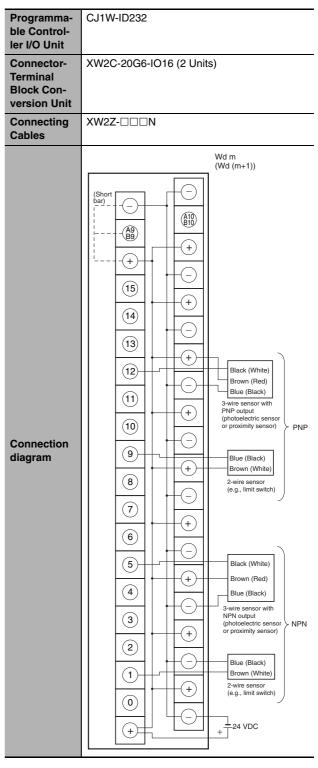
- (Use the enclosed short bar.)
- 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (W500)

Inputs

Programma-	CJ1W-ID232			
ble Control- ler I/O Unit				
Connector- Terminal	XW2D-40G6 XW2D-40G6-RM			
Block Con- version Unit				
Connecting Cables	XW2Z-□□□K			
Connection diagram	Wd m $Wd m$			

- **Note 1** The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (-----) can be connected in either direction provided that the same polarity is used for the commons.
 - **2** Both COM0 and COM1 have two pins each. They are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



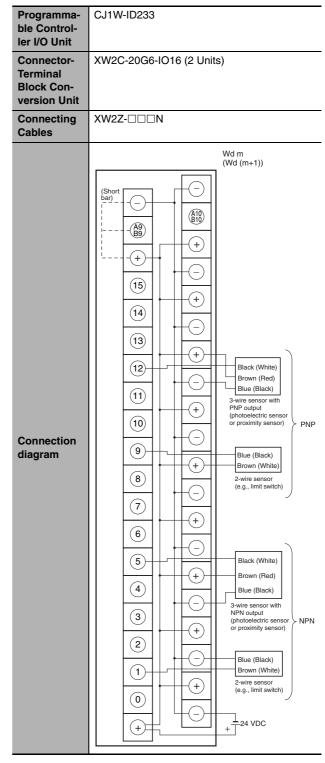
Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \oplus terminal for NPN.

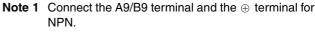
Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the $\ominus\,$ terminal for PNP.

(Use the enclosed short bar.)

_					
Programma- ble Control- ler I/O Unit	CJ1W-ID233				
Connector-	XW2D-40G6				
Terminal	XW2D-40G6-RM				
Block Con-					
version Unit					
Connecting Cables	XW2Z-□□K				
Connection diagram	Wd m $Wd m$				

- **Note 1** The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (-----) can be connected in either direction provided that the same polarity is used for the commons.
 - 2 Both COM0 and COM1 have two pins each. They are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.

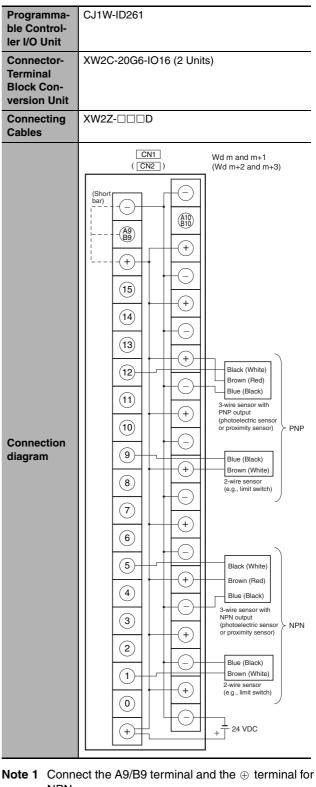




Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal for PNP.

(Use the enclosed short bar.)

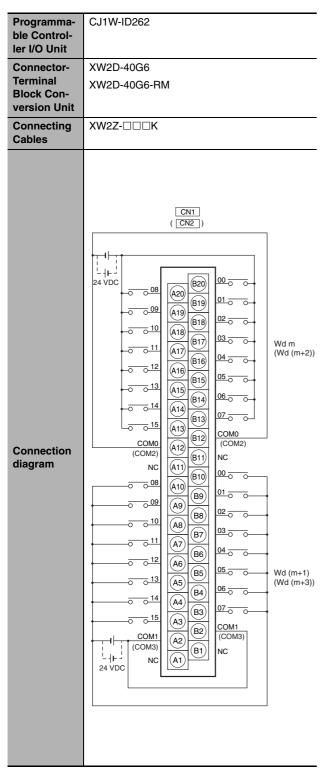
Programma- ble Control-	CJ1W-ID261					
ler I/O Unit						
Connector-	XW2D-40G6					
Terminal Block Con-	XW2D-40G6-RF					
version Unit						
Connecting Cables	XW2Z-□□B					
Connection diagram	Wd m (Wd (m+2)) (Wd (m+2)) (Wd (m+2)) (Wd (m+2)) (Wd (m+2)) (Wd (m+3)) (Wd					



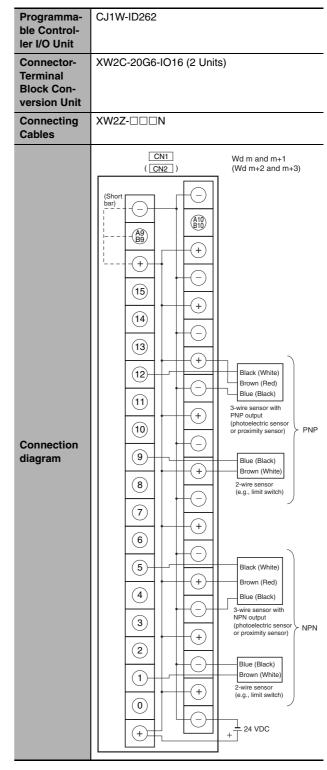
- Note 1 The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (-----) can be connected in either direction provided that the same polarity is used for the commons for rows A and B.
 - **2** COM0, COM1, COM2, and COM3 have two pins each. They are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.
- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the ⊕ terminal for NPN.

Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal for PNP.

(Use the enclosed short bar.)



- **Note 1** The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (-----) can be connected in either direction provided that the same polarity is used for the commons.
 - 2 COM0, COM1, COM2, and COM3 have two pins each. They are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \oplus terminal for NPN.

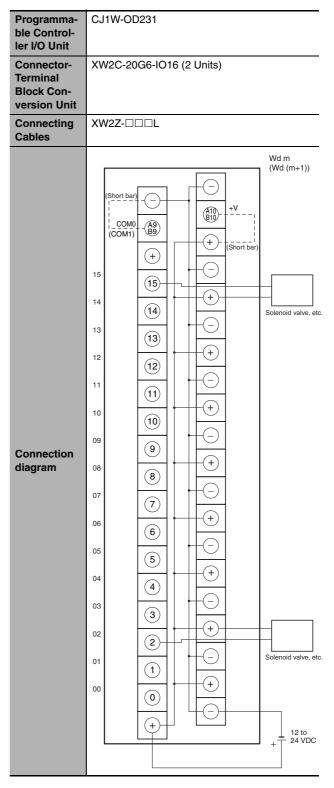
Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \odot terminal for PNP.

(Use the enclosed short bar.)

Outputs

	-			
Programma- ble Control- ler I/O Unit	CJ1W-OD231			
Connector- Terminal Block Con- version Unit Connecting Cables	XW2D-40G6 XW2D-40C6 XW2Z-□□□B XW2Z-□□□BU			
Connection diagram	$12 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 $			

Note The +V terminals and COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.

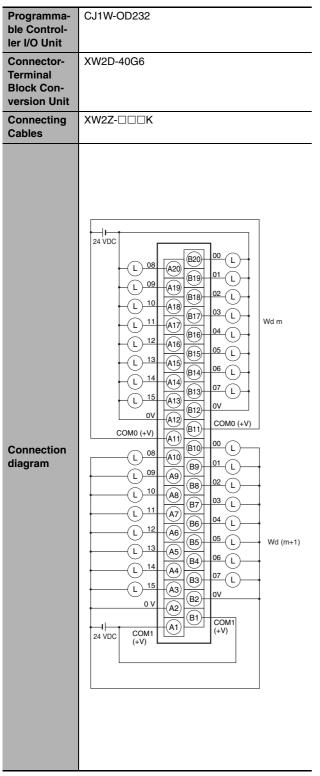


- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal. Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal. (Use the enclosed short bar.)
 - 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

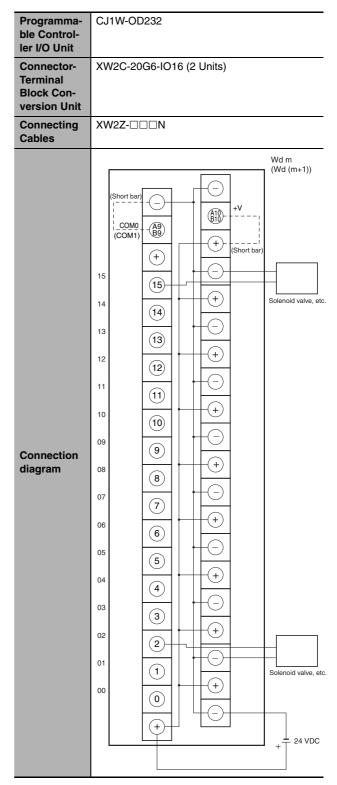
A-2 Specifications of Basic I/O Units

Α

A-2-4 Connecting Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Units and I/O Relay Terminals



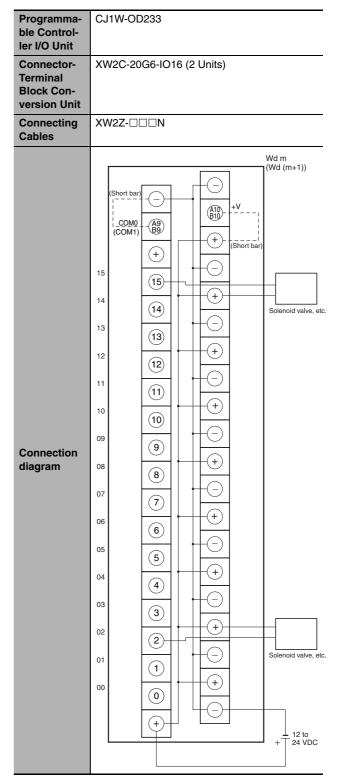
Note The COM (+V) terminals and 0V terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



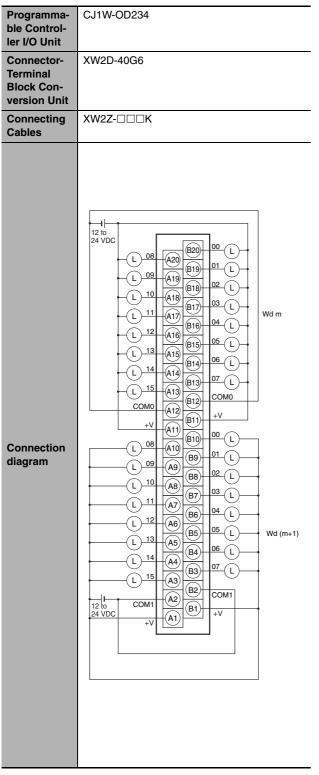
- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal. Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal. (Use the enclosed short bar.)
 - **2** The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

Programma- ble Control-	CJ1W-OD233				
ler I/O Unit Connector- Terminal Block Con-	XW2D-40G6				
version Unit Connecting	XW2Z-□□□K				
Cables					
Connection diagram	I 00 I 00 I I 10 01 B10 02 I I 11 01 B10 02 I I 12 01 B10 05 I I 13 013 B12 COM0 I 00 A10 B10 00 I I 00 A10 B10 00 I I 00 A10 B0 03 I I 00 A10 B0 03 I I 14 A40 B0 06 I I 14 A40				

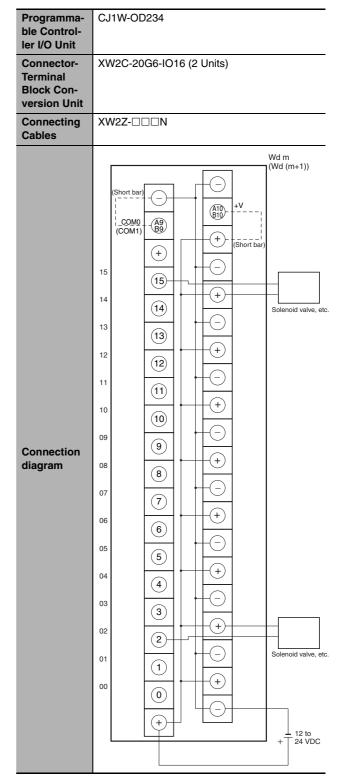
Note The +V terminals and COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal. Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal. (Use the enclosed short bar.)
 - 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.



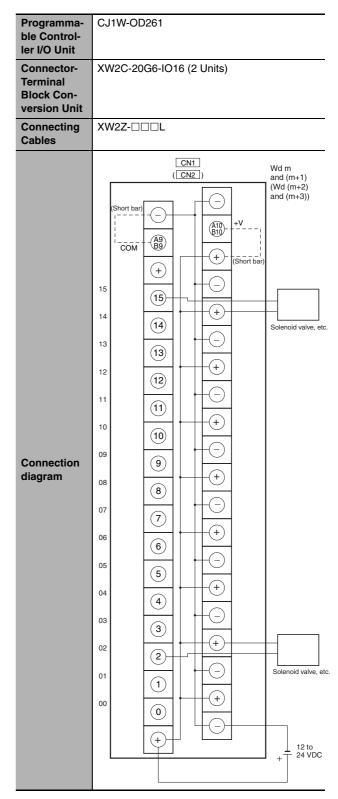
Note The +V terminals and COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal. Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal. (Use the enclosed short bar.)
 - 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

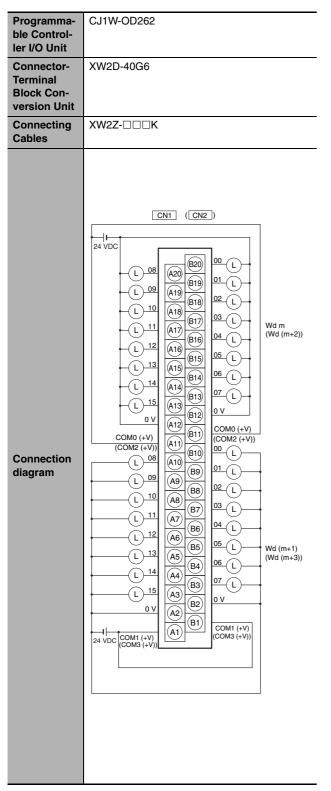
Programma-	CJ1W-OD261		
ble Control- ler I/O Unit			
Connector- Terminal Block Con- version Unit Connecting	XW2D-40G6 XW2D-40C6 XW2Z-□□□B		
Cables	XW2Z-□□□BU		
Connection diagram	$ \begin{array}{c} Wd m & CN1 & (CN2) \\ +V & Wd (m+2) \\ \hline \\ +V & Wd (m+1) \\ \hline \\ \\ +V & Wd (m+2) \\ \hline \\ \\ +V & Wd (m+1) \\ \hline \\ \\ +V & Wd (m+1) \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ +V & Wd (m+1) \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ +V & Wd (m+1) \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ $		

Note The +V terminals and COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.

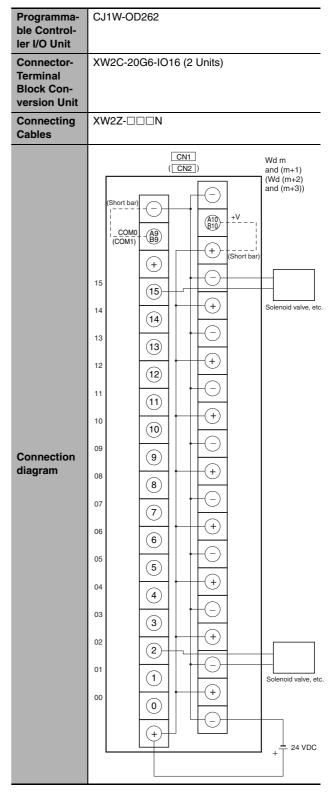


- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal. Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal. (Use the enclosed short bar.)
 - 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

Α



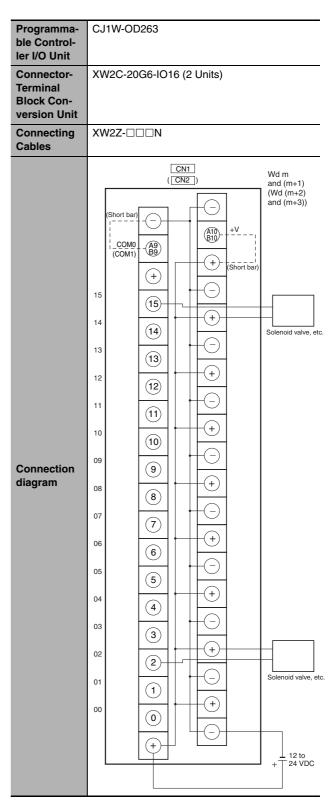
Note The COM (+V) terminals and 0V terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal. Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal. (Use the enclosed short bar.)
 - **2** The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

Programma-	CJ1W-OD263
ble Control- ler I/O Unit	
Connector- Terminal Block Con- version Unit	XW2D-40G6
Connecting Cables	XW2Z-□□□K
Connection diagram	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

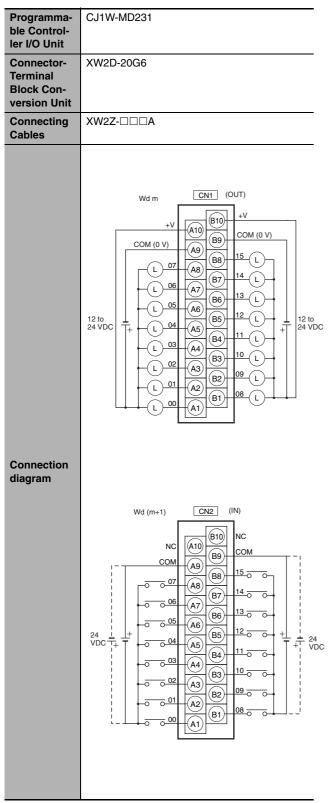
Note The +V terminals and COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



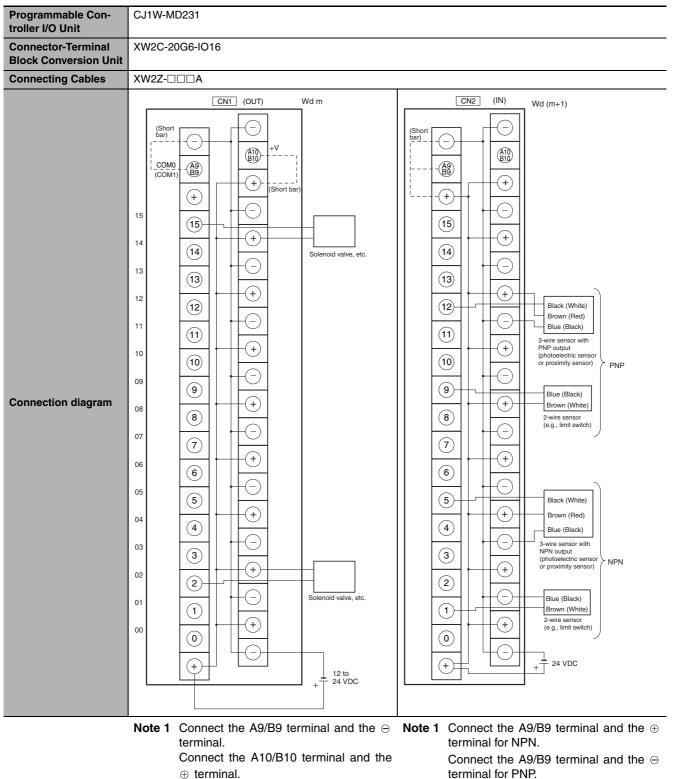
- Note 1 Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal. Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal. (Use the enclosed short bar.)
 - 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

Α

• Inputs and Outputs



- Note 1 The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (-----) can be connected in either direction.
 - 2 The COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



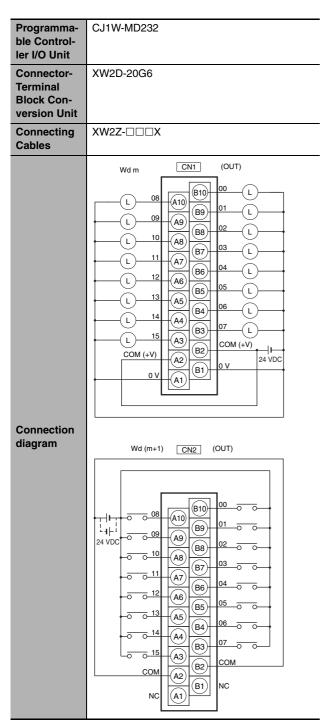
(Use the enclosed short bar.)

- 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.
- terminal for PNP.

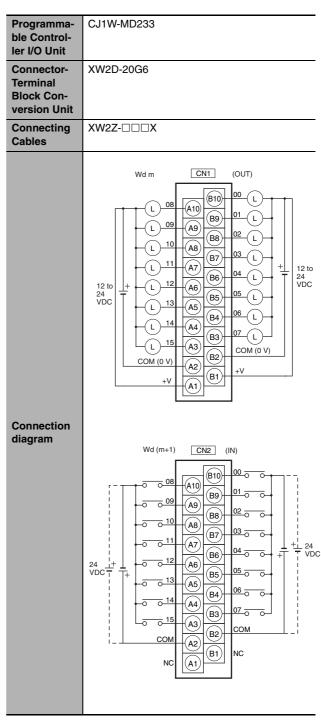
(Use the enclosed short bar.)

2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

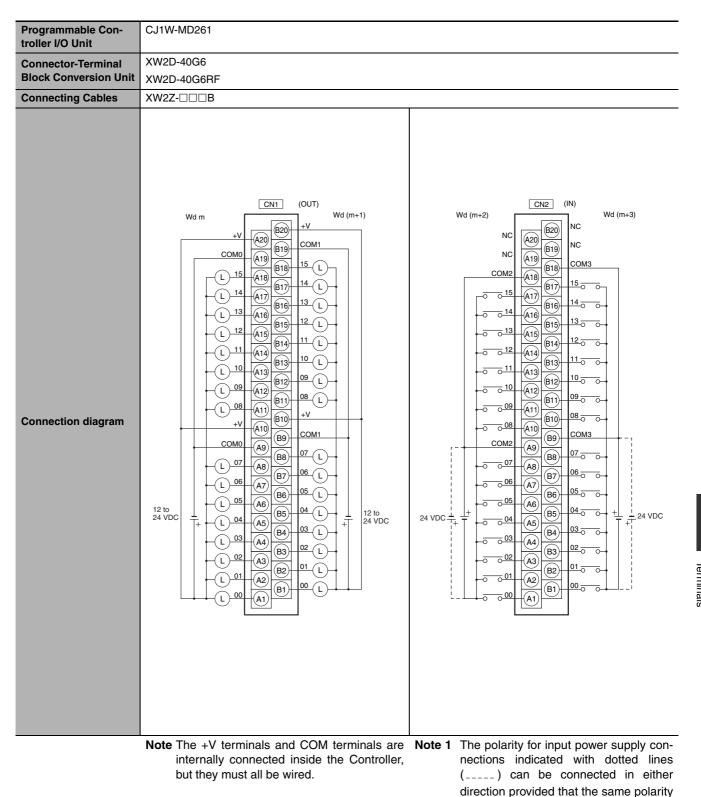
A-2 Specifications of Basic I/O Units



- Note 1 The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (_____) can be connected in either direction.
 - 2 The COM terminals and 0V terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.



- Note 1 The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (_____) can be connected in either direction.
 - 2 The +V terminals and COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.

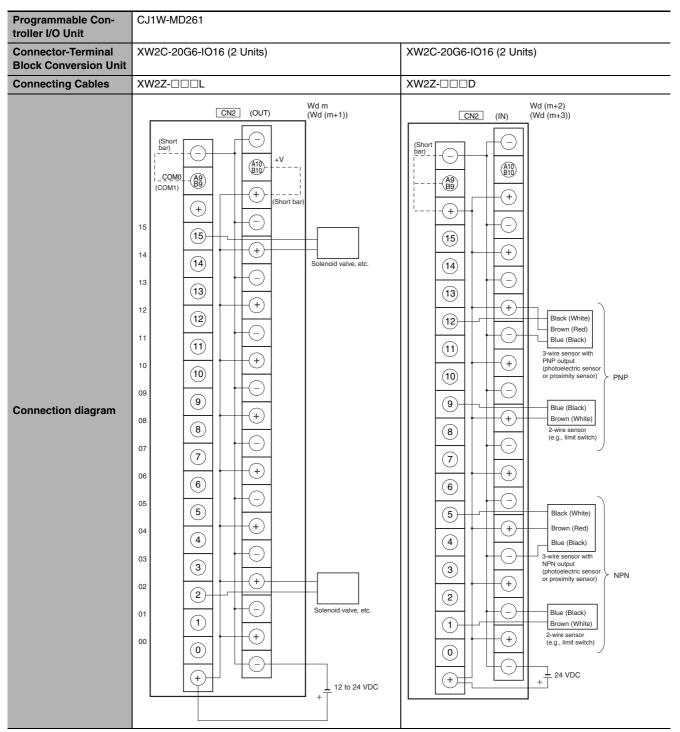


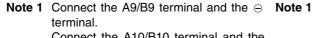
is used for the commons for rows A and

2 Both COM0 and COM1 have two pins each. They are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all

В.

be wired.



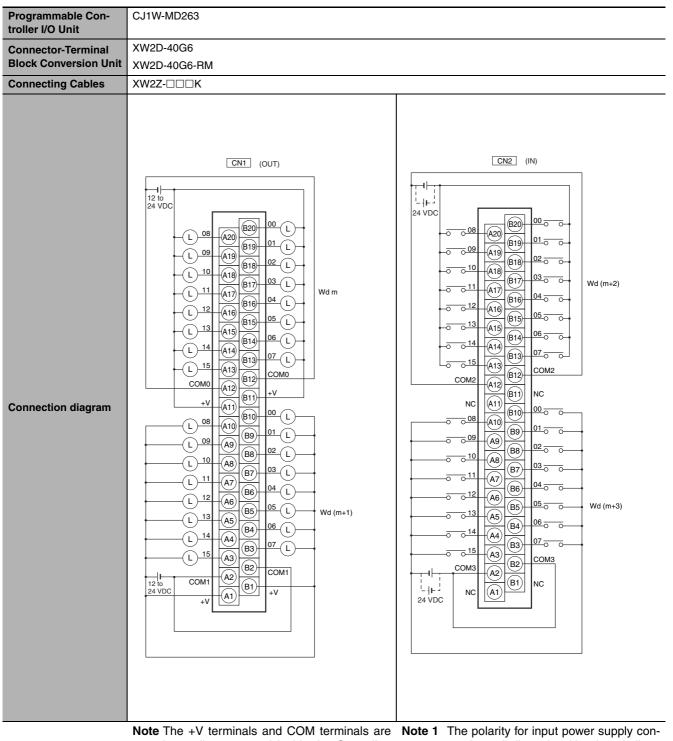


Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal.

(Use the enclosed short bar.)

2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.

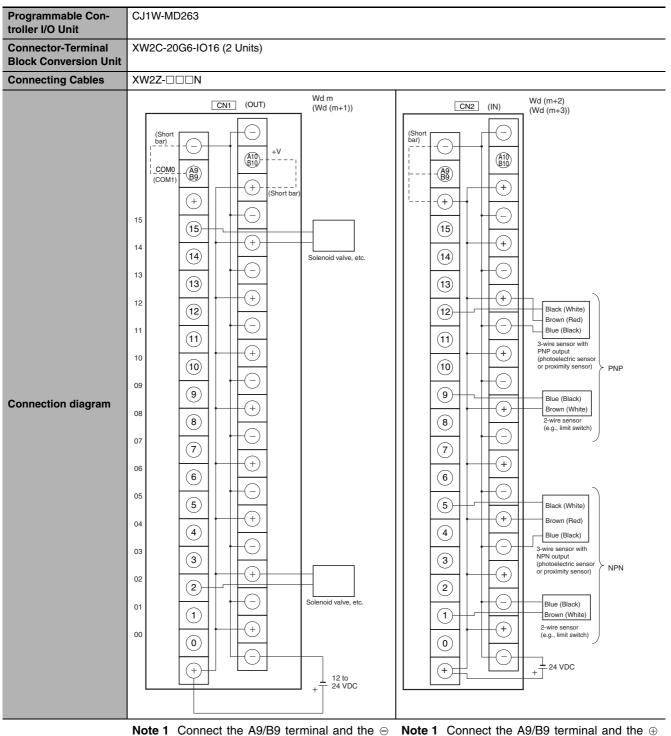
Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the ⊕ terminal for NPN. Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the ⊖ terminal for PNP. (Use the enclosed short bar.)



note The +V terminals and COM terminals are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired. The polarity for input power supply connections indicated with dotted lines (_____) can be connected in either direction.

2 Both COM0 and COM1 have two pins each. They are internally connected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.

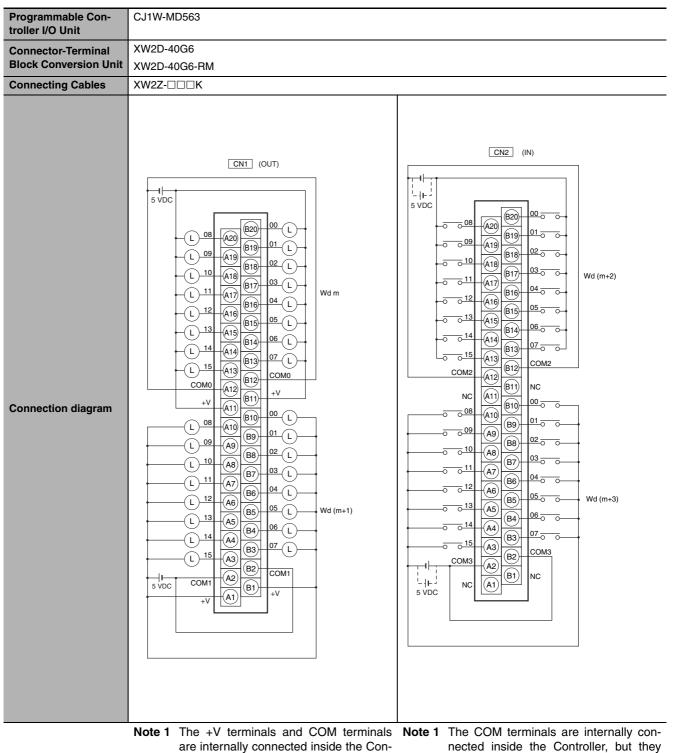
Α



- terminal.
 - Connect the A10/B10 terminal and the \oplus terminal.

(Use the enclosed short bar.)

- 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.
- terminal for NPN. Connect the A9/B9 terminal and the \ominus terminal for PNP.
- (Use the enclosed short bar.)
- 2 The COM terminals are wired inside the Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit.



- troller, but they must all be wired.
- nected inside the Controller, but they must all be wired.
- 2 The power supply voltage for the CJ1W-MD563 is 5 V.
- 2 The power supply voltage for the CJ1W-MD563 is 5 V.

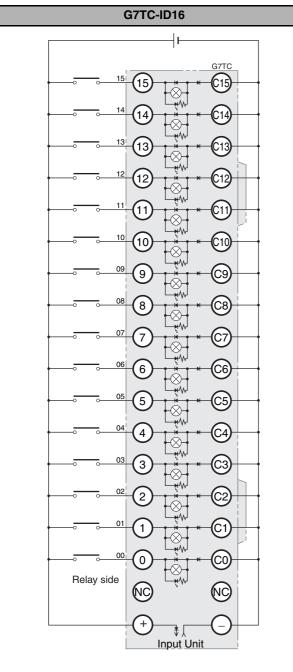
A-2 Specifications of Basic I/O Units

Connection Diagrams for I/O Relay Terminals

Connection examples and internal connection diagrams for I/O Relay Terminals connected to Basic I/O Units are shown below.

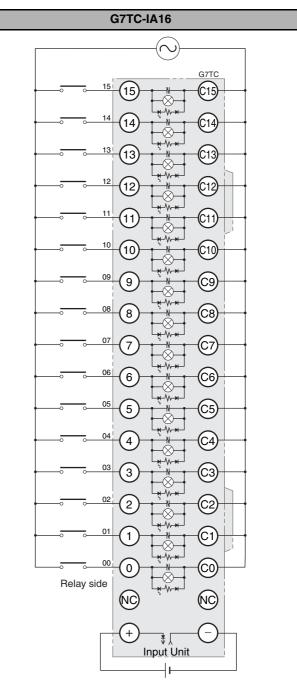
Inputs

G7TC I/O Relay Terminals



TOP VIEW

- Note 1 Inputs to the Input Units and I/O Relay Terminals use isolated contacts. "00" to "15" are the input bit numbers for the Input Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.
 - 2 Use the G78-04 short bar to short to the common terminal.

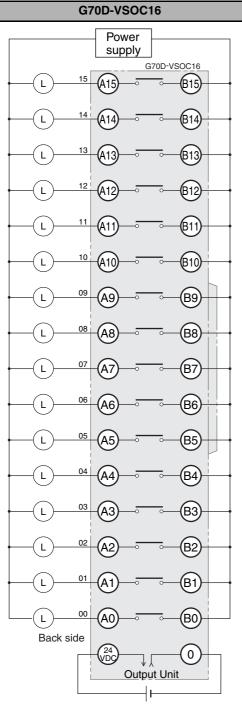


TOP VIEW

- Note 1 Inputs to the Input Units and I/O Relay Terminals use isolated contacts. "00" to "15" are the input bit numbers for the Input Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.
 - 2 Use the G78-04 short bar to short to the common terminal.

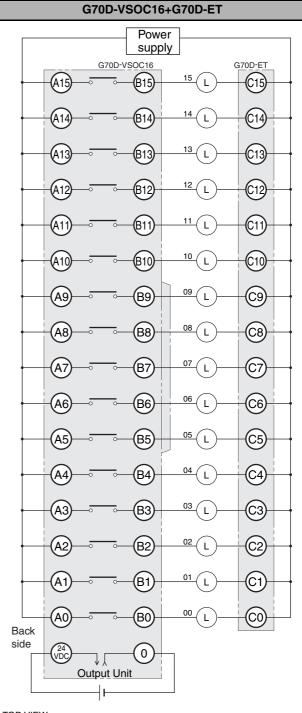
• Outputs

G70D-V Relay Terminals



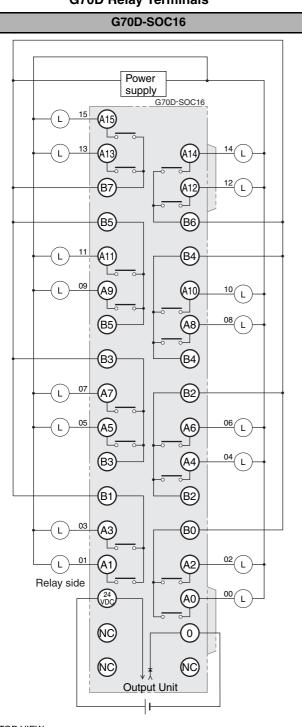
TOP VIEW

- Note 1 They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal. "00" to "15" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.
 - **2** Use the G6D-4-SB short bar to short to the common terminal.



TOP VIEW

- Note 1 They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal. "00" to "15" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.
 - **2** Use the G6D-4-SB short bar to short to the common terminal.



G70D Relay Terminals

TOP VIEW

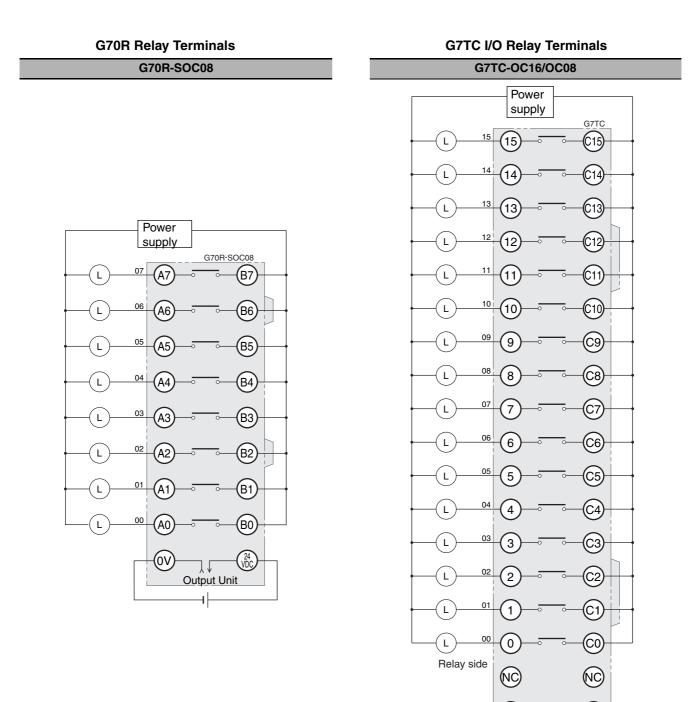
Note Every two outputs share a common. The current supplied is 3 A per common. They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal. "00" to "15" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.

Power supply G70D-SOC08 B7 Т 06 B6 B5 Т Β4 L B3 L **B**2 B1 L B0 L Relay side ov 24 /D0 Output Unit

G70D-SOC08

TOP VIEW

- **Note 1** All outputs are independent. They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal. "00" to "07" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.
 - 2 Use the G6D-4-SB short bar to short to the common terminal.



A-2 Specifications of Basic I/O Units

Α

TOP VIEW

- Note 1 All outputs are independent. They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal. "00" and "07" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.
 - **2** Use the G6D-4-SB short bar to short to the common terminal.

TOP VIEW

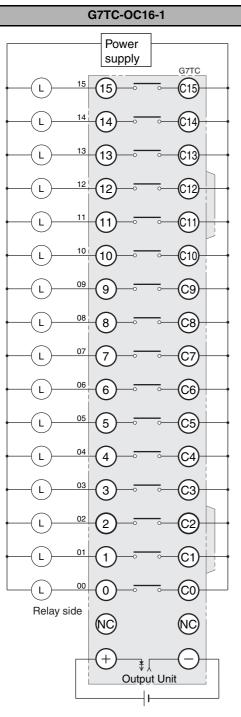
Note 1 All outputs are independent. They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal. "00" to "15" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.

+

2 The G7TC-OC08 has only 8 outputs and therefore does not have 8 to 15 and C8 to C15.

Unit

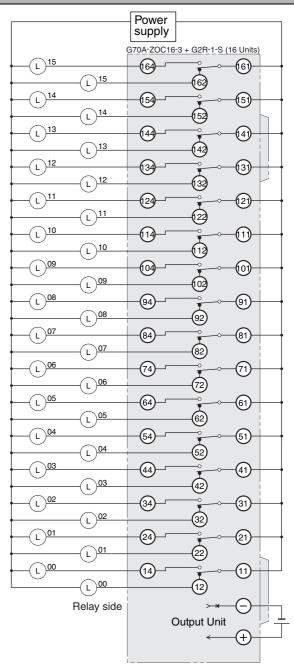
3 Use the G78-04 short bar to short to the common terminal.



G7TC I/O Relay Terminals

G70A-ZOC16 Relay Terminal Socket

G70A-ZOC16-3+G2R-1-S (16 Units)



TOP VIEW

- Note 1 All outputs are independent. They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal. "00" to "15" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.
 - **2** Use the G78-04 short bar to short to the common terminal.

Note 1 The above diagram is an example with the G2R-1-S(N) mounted to the G70A-ZOC16-3.

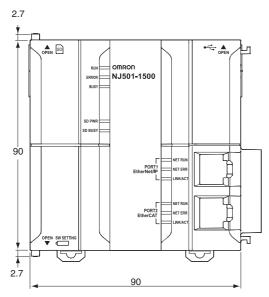
TOP VIEW

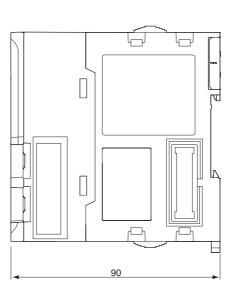
All outputs are independent. They are also isolated from the Output Unit and I/O Relay Terminal.
"00" to "15" are the output numbers for the Output Unit and the I/O Relay Terminal.

A-3 Dimensions

A-3-1 NJ-series CPU Units

NJ501-000, NJ301-000 and NJ101-000



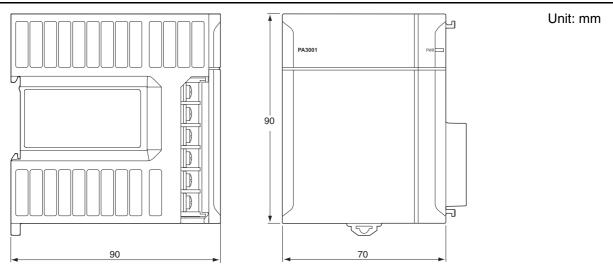


Unit: mm

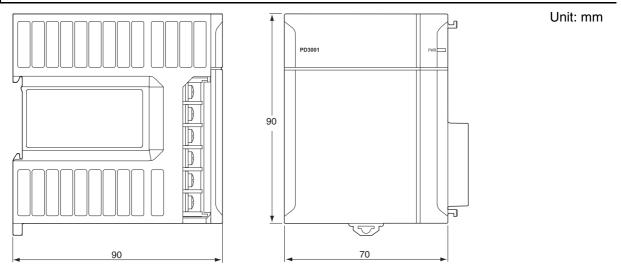
A

A-3-2 NJ-series Power Supply Units

NJ-PA3001

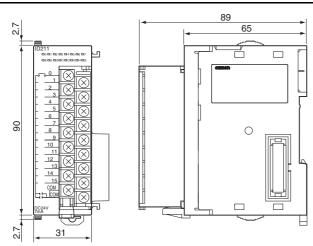


NJ-PD3001



A-3-3 CJ-series Basic I/O Units

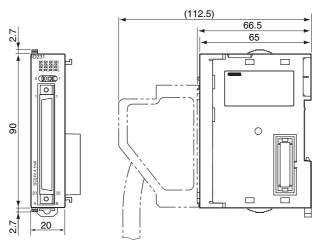
8/16-point Units with 18-terminal Terminal Blocks



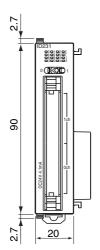
Unit: mm

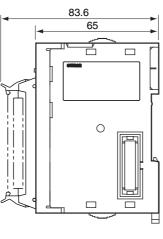
32-point Units (Input Units and Output Units)

Units with Fujitsu-compatible Connector (40-pin \times 1)



Units with MIL Connector (40-pin \times 1)





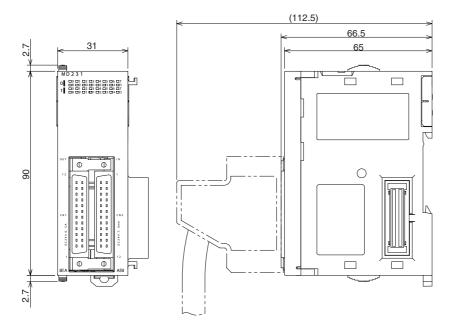
Unit: mm

A

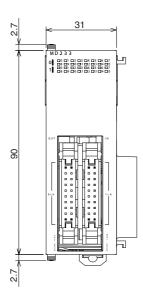
32-point Units (24-VDC Input/Transistor Output Units)

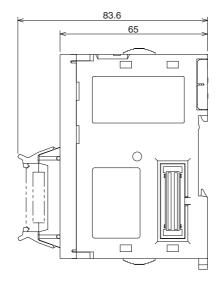
Units with Fujitsu-compatible Connector (24-pin \times 2)

Unit: mm



Units with MIL Connector (20-pin \times 2)



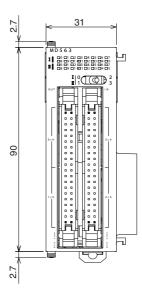


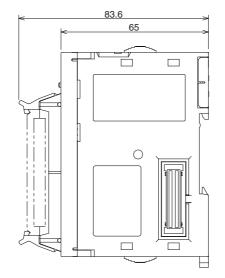
64-point Units (Input Units, Output Units, 24-VDC Input/Transistor Output Units, TTL I/O Units)

(112.5) 66.5 31 65 2.7 MD 2 6 1 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 06 07 **8** 09 00 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 22 33 04 05 **1 0** 01 02 03 04 05 **1 0** 05 ۳ l'ICOD à Φ Φ \bigcirc 6 IP ____ 2.7

Units with Fujitsu-compatible Connector (40-pin \times 2)

Units with MIL Connector (40-pin \times 2)



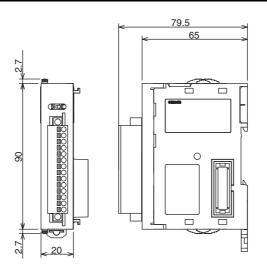


Unit: mm

A

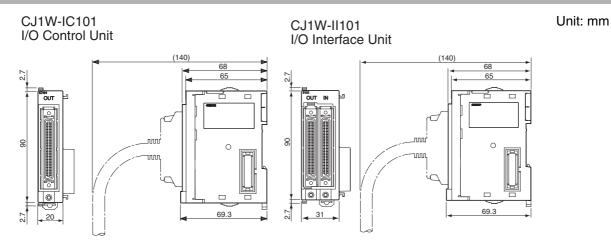
A-3-4 B7A Interface Unit

CJ1W-B7A□□

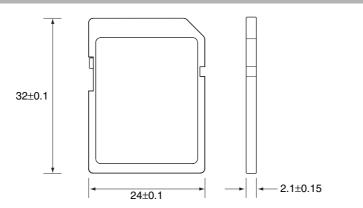


Unit: mm

A-3-5 CJ-series I/O Control Unit and I/O Interface Unit



A-3-6 SD Memory Card



Unit: mm

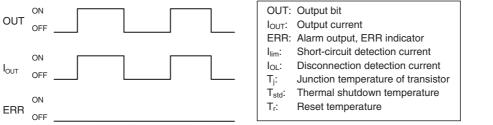
A-4 Load Short-circuit Protection and Line Disconnection Detection for CJseries Basic I/O Units

A-4-1 Load Short-circuit Protection and Line Disconnection Detection for CJ1W-OD202

This section describes the load short-circuit protection and line disconnection detection of the CJ1W-OD202 Output Units.

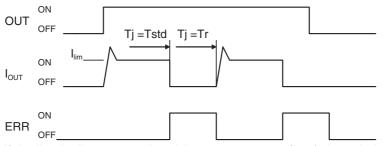
As shown below, normally when the output bit (OUT) turns ON, the transistor will turn ON and then output current (lout) will flow.

Figure 1 Normal Operation



If the output current (lout) exceeds the detection current (llim) when an overload or short-circuit occurs, the output current (lout) will be limited as shown in figure below. When the junction temperature (Tj) of the output transistor reaches the thermal shutdown temperature (Tstd), the output will turn OFF to protect the transistor from being damaged, and the alarm output bit will turn ON to light the ERR indicator. When the junction temperature (Tj) of the transistor drops down to the reset temperature (Tr), the ERR indicator will be automatically reset and the output current will start flowing.

Figure 2 Operation for Overload or Short Circuit



If the line is disconnected and the output current (lout) drops below the line disconnection detection current (IOL), the ERR indicator will light as shown in the following figure.

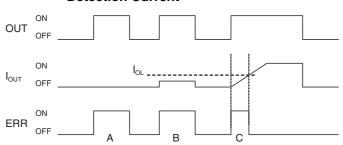


Figure 3 Operation for Disconnected Line with Output Current below the Line Disconnection Detection Current

A: Load not connected or load line broken.

- B: Current to load at or below line disconnection detection current.
- C: Rise of current to load too slow and error detected before the disconnection detection current was reached.

When load L is connected, the ERR indicator may light and the Alarm Output Bit may turn ON for approximately 100 ms. The programming example given in the next section can be used so that an error is not detected in this case.

Operating Restrictions of CJ1W-OD202

Although the CJ1W-OD202 is provided with load short-circuit protection, these are for protecting internal circuits against momentary short-circuiting in the load. As shown in Figure 2, the load short-circuit protection is automatically released when the Tj equals to Tr. Therefore, unless the cause of short-circuit is removed, ON/OFF operations will be repeated in the output. Leaving short-circuits for any length of time will cause internal temperature rise, deterioration of elements, discoloration of the case or PCBs, etc. Therefore, observe the following restrictions.

Restrictions

If a short-circuit occurs in an external load, immediately turn OFF the corresponding output and remove the cause. The CJ1W-OD202 turns ON an alarm output bit that corresponds to the external load output number. There is an alarm output bit for every two outputs.

When an alarm output bit turns ON, use a self-holding bit for the alarm in the user program and turn OFF the corresponding output.

The Alarm Output Bits are allocated in the Basic I/O Unit Information Area system-defined variable. Two output bits are assigned for each slot and rack in which a Unit is mounted.

_CJB_IOUnitInfo[rack_number,slot_number,serial_number_in_Unif]

For example, when the CJ1W-OD202 is mounted in slot 0 of rack 0, _*CJB_IOUnitInfo[0,0,0]* changes to TRUE if output *Ch1Out0* changes to TRUE. When the CJ1W-OD202 is mounted in slot 1 of rack 0, _*CJB_IOUnitInfo[0,1,3]* changes to TRUE if output *Ch1Out7* changed to TRUE.

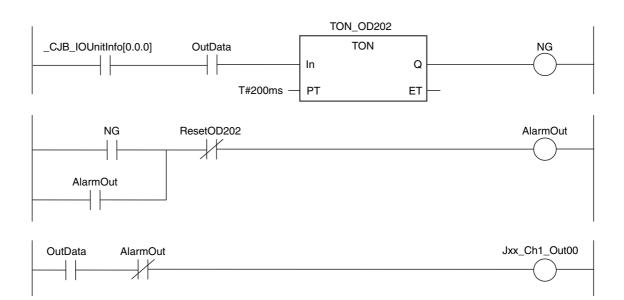
• Programming Example

In this example, CJ1W-OD202 is mounted in slot 0 of rack 0.

This example shows how to change output *Jxx_Ch0_Out00* to FALSE immediately if the Alarm Output Bit *_CJB_IOUnitInfo[0,0,0]* changes to TRUE and how to keep the output FALSE until the cause is removed and the bit is reset with *RstOD202*.

To prevent the Alarm Output Bit from changing to TRUE momentarily when the inductive load turns ON, the alarm output is not changed to TRUE for 200 ms after input *En_OD202* changes to TRUE.

Variable	Data type	Initial value	Address	Comment
OutData	BOOL	FALSE		Output data
NG	BOOL	FALSE		TON_OC202 timer output
ResetOD202	BOOL	FALSE		Reset switch
AlarmOut	BOOL	FALSE		Error flag
J01_Ch1_Out00	BOOL		IOBus://rack#0/slot#0/Ch1_Out/Ch1 _Out00	OC202 output
_CJB_IOUnitInfo	ARRAY[03,09, 07] OF BOOL			Basic I/O Unit information array



A-4-2 Load Short-circuit Protection for CJ1W-OD204/OD212/OD232/MD232

As shown below, normally when the output bit turns ON (OUT), the transistor will turn ON and then output current (lout) will flow. If the output current (lout) exceeds the detection current (llim) when an overload or short-circuit occurs, the output current (lout) will be limited as shown in Figure 2. When the junction temperature (Tj) of the output transistor reaches the thermal shutdown temperature (Tstd), the output will turn OFF to protect the transistor from being damaged, and the alarm output bit will turn ON to light the ERR indicator. When the junction temperature (Tj) of the transistor drops down to the reset temperature (Tr), the ERR indicator will be automatically reset and the output current will start flowing.

Figure 1 Normal Operation

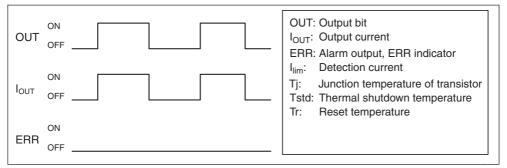
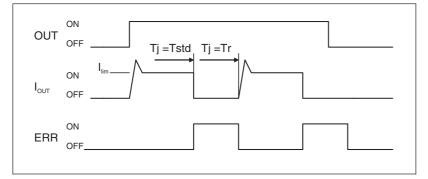


Figure 2 Operation for Overload or Short Circuit



Operating Restrictions for the CJ1W-OD204/OD212/OD232/MD232

Although these Units are provided with load short-circuit protection, these are for protecting internal circuits against momentary short-circuiting in the load. As shown in Figure 2, the load short-circuit protection is automatically released when the Tj equals to Tr. Therefore, unless the cause of short-circuit is removed, ON/OFF operations will be repeated in the output. Leaving short-circuits for any length of time will cause internal temperature rise, deterioration of elements, discoloration of the case or PCBs, etc. Therefore, observe the following restrictions.

Restrictions

If a short-circuit occurs in an external load, immediately turn OFF the corresponding output and remove the cause. An alarm output bit that corresponds to the external load output number is turned ON. There is an alarm output bit for every common.

When an alarm output bit turns ON, use a self-holding bit for the alarm in the user program and turn OFF the corresponding output.

The Alarm Output Bits are allocated in the Basic I/O Unit Information Area system-defined variable. Sixteen output bits are assigned for each slot and rack in which a Unit is mounted.

_CJB_IOUnitInfo[*rack_number*,*slot_number*,*serial_number_in_Unit*]

For example, when the CJ1W-OD212 is mounted in slot 0 of rack 0, _*CJB_IOUnitInfo[0,0,0]* changes to TRUE if output *Ch1Out2* changes to TRUE.

When the CJ1W-OD232 is mounted in slot 1 of rack 2, _CJB_IOUnitInfo[2,1,1] changes to TRUE if output Ch2Out8 changes to TRUE.

A-5 EMC Directive Measures for Relay Outputs

The NJ-series Controllers conform to the Common Emission Standards (EN 61131-2) of the EMC Directives. However, noise generated by relay output switching may not satisfy these Standards when the Controller is incorporated into a system. In such a case, a noise filter must be connected to the load side or other appropriate countermeasures must be provided external to the Controller.

Countermeasures taken to satisfy the standards vary depending on the devices on the load side, wiring, configuration of machines, etc. Following are examples of countermeasures for reducing the generated noise.

• Countermeasures

(Refer to EN61131-2 for more details.)

Countermeasures are not required if the frequency of load switching for the whole system with the Controller included is less than 5 times per minute.

Countermeasures are required if the frequency of load switching for the whole system with the Controller included is 5 times or more per minute.

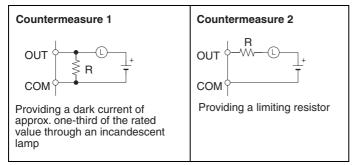
• Countermeasure Examples

When switching an inductive load, connect an surge protector, diodes, etc., in parallel with the load or contact as shown below.

Circuit	Current		Characteristic	Required element
Circuit	AC	DC	Characteristic	nequied element
CR method	Yes	Yes	If the load is a relay or solenoid, there is a delay in the resetting time. If the supply voltage is 24 or 48 V, insert the surge protector in parallel with the load. If the supply voltage is 100 to 200 V, insert the surge protector between the contacts.	The capacitance of the capacitor should be approx. 1 to $0.5 \ \mu\text{F}$ per contact current of 1 A and resistance of the resistor should be approx. 0.5 to 1 Ω per contact voltage of 1 V. These values, however, vary with the load and the characteristics of the relay. Decide these values from experiments, and take into consideration that the capacitance suppresses spark discharge when the contacts are separated and the resistance limits the current that flows into the load when the circuit is closed again. The dielectric strength of the
				capacitor must be 200 to 300 V. If the circuit is an AC circuit, use a capacitor with no polarity.
Diode method	No	Yes	The diode connected in parallel with the load changes energy accu- mulated by the coil into a current, which then flows into the coil so that the current will be converted into Joule heat by the resistance of the inductive load. This delay in the resetting time, caused by this method is longer than that caused by the CR method.	The reversed dielectric strength value of the diode must be at least 10 times as large as the circuit volt- age value. The forward current of the diode must be the same as or larger than the load current. The reversed dielectric strength value of the diode may be two to three times larger than the supply voltage if the surge protector is applied to electronic circuits with low circuit voltages.

Circuit	Cur	rent	Characteristic	Required element
Circuit	AC	DC	Characteristic	nequired element
Varistor method	Yes	Yes	The varistor method prevents the imposition of high voltage between the contacts by using the constant voltage characteristic of the varis- tor. There is a delay in the resetting time.	
' supply			If the supply voltage is 24 or 48 V, insert the varistor in parallel with the load. If the supply voltage is 100 to 200 V, insert the varistor between the contacts.	

When switching a load with a high inrush current such as an incandescent lamp, suppress the inrush current as shown below.



A-6 System-defined Variables Related to Hardware

System-defined variables are assigned specific functions by the system. They are registered in the global variable table, or the local variable table for each POU, in advance.

The variable names cannot be changed. Some of the variables start with an underbar and some start with "P_".

Some of the system-defined variables are read-only and some are read/write.

You read and write the variables with the user program, with communications from external devices, with the Sysmac Studio, or with an NS/NA-series PT.

The system-defined variables that are related to hardware are classified by functions as follows.

- System-defined Variables for the Overall NJ-series Controller (No Category)
 - Clock
 - Errors
 - SD Memory Card
 - Backup
 - Power supply
 - Version
- PLC Function Module, Category Name: _PLC
 - Errors
- PLC Function Module, Category Name: _CJB
 - I/O bus status
 - I/O bus errors
 - · Auxiliary area bits for CJ-series Units

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) for details.

A-7 Version Information

This section describes the relationship between the unit versions of CPU Units and the Sysmac Studio versions, and the functions that are supported for each unit version.

A-7-1 Relationship between Unit Versions of CPU Units and Sysmac Studio Versions

This section describes how the unit versions of CPU Units correspond to Sysmac Studio versions. Normally use the corresponding versions.

Unit Versions and Corresponding Sysmac Studio Versions

The following table gives the relationship between unit versions of CPU Units and the corresponding Sysmac Studio versions.

Unit version of CPU Unit	Corresponding version of Sysmac Studio
Ver.1.13	Ver.1.17
Ver.1.12	Ver.1.16
Ver.1.11	Ver.1.15
Ver.1.10 ^{*1}	Ver.1.13 ^{*2}
	Ver.1.12
Ver.1.09	Ver.1.10
Ver.1.08	Ver.1.09
Ver.1.07	Ver.1.08
Ver.1.06	Ver.1.07
Ver.1.05	Ver.1.06
Ver.1.04	Ver.1.05
Ver.1.03	Ver.1.04
Ver.1.02	Ver.1.03
Ver.1.01	Ver.1.02
Ver.1.00 ^{*3}	Ver.1.01
	Ver.1.00

*1 There is no NJ101-

*2 Use an NJ101-DDD CPU Unit with Sysmac Studio version 1.13 or higher. You cannot use an NJ101-DDD CPU Unit with Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or lower.

*3 There is no NJ301-DDD CPU Unit with unit version 1.00. Therefore, you cannot use an NJ301-DDD CPU Unit with Sysmac Studio version 1.01 or lower.

Α

Specifications When Not Using the Sysmac Studio Version That Corresponds to the Unit Version of the CPU Unit

The specifications when you do not use the Sysmac Studio version that corresponds to the unit version of the CPU Unit are given in this section.

• Using an Lower Sysmac Studio Version

If you use a lower version of the Sysmac Studio, you can use only the functions of the unit version of the CPU Unit that corresponds to the Sysmac Studio version.

Example: Unit version of CPU Unit: 1.04 Sysmac Studio version: 1.04 Unit version 1.03 of the CPU Unit corresponds to Sysmac Studio version 1.04. Therefore, you can use only the functions that are supported by unit version 1.03 of the CPU Unit. You cannot use functionality that was added for unit version 1.04 or later of the CPU Unit.

• Using a CPU Unit with an Earlier Unit Version

If you use a CPU Unit with an earlier version, select the unit version of the connected CPU Unit or an earlier unit version in the Select Device Area of the Project Properties Dialog Box on the Sysmac Studio. You can use only the functions that are supported by the unit version of the connected CPU Unit.

Example: Unit version of CPU Unit: 1.03

Sysmac Studio version: 1.05

Unit version 1.04 of the CPU Unit corresponds to Sysmac Studio version 1.05. However, the connected CPU Unit is unit version 1.03, so select version 1.03 or earlier as the version in the Select Device Area of the Project Properties Dialog Box. If you select version 1.03 as the version in the Select Device Area of the Project Properties Dialog Box, you can use only the functions that are supported by unit version 1.03 of the CPU Unit. You cannot use functionality that was added for unit version 1.04 or later of the CPU Unit.



Precautions for Correct Use

An error will occur if you perform the following type of operation.

- Create a project on Sysmac Studio version 1.02 or higher with unit version 1.01 or later selected as the version in the Select Device Area of the Project Properties Dialog Box.
- Upload the project to Sysmac Studio version 1.01.

Additional Information

Unit Version Settings for Project Devices

- With Sysmac Studio version 1.02 or higher, you can select the unit version in the Select Device Area of the relevant dialog boxes.
- You can select any unit version that is the same as or earlier than the unit version of the CPU Unit. For example, if the unit version of the CPU Unit is 1.01, select either 1.00 or 1.01.
- The Sysmac Studio will treat the CPU Unit as a CPU Unit with the unit version that is selected for the project device. For example, if you set unit version 1.00 for project device, you can use only the functionality for unit version 1.00 on the Sysmac Studio.
- You can transfer a project to the Sysmac Studio if the unit version that is set for the project device is the same as or earlier than the unit version of the destination CPU Unit.
- Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504) for details on the Select Device Area of the relevant dialog boxes.

A-7-2 Relationship between Hardware Revisions of CPU Units and Sysmac Studio Versions

The following table shows how the hardware revisions of the NJ-series CPU Units correspond to Sysmac Studio versions. Use the corresponding version of Sysmac Studio or higher if you execute the Simulator in Execution Time Estimation Mode. You cannot select the relevant hardware revision if you use a lower version of the Sysmac Studio.

Model number	Hardware revision of CPU Unit	Corresponding version of Sysmac Studio
NJ501-□□□□	A	Ver.1.14

Α

A-7-3 Functions That Were Added or Changed for Each Unit Version

This section gives the functions that were added or changed for each unit version of the CPU Unit.

• Additions and Changes to Functional Specifications

The following table gives the unit version of the CPU Units and the Sysmac Studio version for each addition or change to the functional specifications.

Function				Addition/ change	Unit version	Sysmac Studio version	Reference
Tasks	Function	Conditionally ex	ecuted tasks	Addition	1.03	1.04	NJ/NX-series CPU
Programming	Namespaces	Addition	1.01	1.02	Unit Software User's		
	Data types	Structure data	Specifying	Addition	1.01 1.	1.02	Manual (Cat. No. W501)
		types	member off- sets	Change		1.03	
	Libraries			Addition	1.01	1.02	
Motion control	Single axes	Single-axis position con- trol	Cyclic syn- chronous absolute posi- tioning	Addition	1.03	1.04	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507)
		Auxiliary func- tion for single- axis control	Homing with specified parameters	Addition	1.03	1.04	
			Enabling digi- tal cam switches	Addition	1.06	1.07	
			Command position com- pensation	Addition	1.10	1.12	
			Start velocity	Addition	1.05	1.06]
	Axes groups	Multi-axes coordinated control	Axes group cyclic synchro- nous absolute positioning	Addition	1.01	1.02	
		Auxiliary func- tions for multi- axes coordi-	Reading axes group posi- tions	Addition	1.01	1.02	
		nated control	Changing the axes in a group	Addition	1.01	1.02	
	Common items	Cams	Generating cam tables	Addition	1.08	1.09	
		Parameters	Changing axis parameters	Addition	1.08	1.09	
	Auxiliary func- tions	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Addition	1.05	1.06	
Unit (I/O) management	NX Units			Addition	1.05	1.06	NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W519)

	Function				Unit version	Sysmac Studio version	Reference	
Communica- tions	EtherNet/ IP port	TCP/IP applications	FTP client	Addition	1.08	1.09	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in Ether- Net/IP Port User's Manual (Cat. No. W506)	
	EtherCAT port	Packet monitorin (NJ301-□□□□	•	Addition	1.10	1.12	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in Ether- CAT Port User's Man- ual (Cat. No. W505)	
	Communication	s instructions		Change	1.08 1.11	1.09 1.15	NJ/NX-series Instruc- tions Reference Man- ual (Cat. No. W502)	
Debugging function	Differential mon	itoring		Addition	1.03	1.04	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's	
Reliability functions	Self diagnosis	Controller errors	Changing lev- els	Addition	1.03	1.04	<i>Manual</i> (Cat. No. W501)	
Security	Asset protec- tion and pre-	Protection	Data protec- tion	Addition	1.01	1.02		
	venting incorrect oper- ation	Operation authority verifi- cation	Number of groups	Change	1.01	1.02		
SD Memory Cards			Automatic transfer from SD Memory Card		1.03	1.04		
		Program transfe ory Card	er from SD Mem-	Addition	1.11	1.15		
Backing up data	SD Memory Card backups	Operating methods	CPU Unit front-panel DIP switch	Addition	1.03	1.04	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No.	
			Specification with system- defined vari- ables	Addition	1.03	1.04	W501)	
			SD Memory Card Window in Sysmac Studio	Addition	1.03	1.04		
			Special instruction	Addition	1.08	1.09		
		Protection	Disabling backups to SD Memory Cards	Addition	1.03	1.04		
	Sysmac Studio Controller backups			Addition	1.03	1.04		

*1 This addition applies only to an NJ301- CPU Unit. The NJ501- and NJ101- CPU Units support packet monitoring with all versions.

Note Refer to the manuals for the function modules for additions and changes to function module functions for each unit version of the CPU Units.

• Addition of Mountable CJ-series Units

The CJ-series Units that can be mounted have increased for the new unit version of the CPU Unit. For details, refer to *CJ-series Configuration Units* on page 2-11.

• Additions and Changes to Basic Instructions and Motion Control Instructions

The basic instructions and motion control instructions that you can use have increased or changed for the new unit version of the CPU Unit. For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502) and *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508).

Additions and Changes to Controller Events

The events that can occur have increased or changed for the new unit version of the CPU Unit. There are also changes in the recovery methods to use when some errors occur. For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503).

• Additions and Changes to System-defined Variables

The system-defined variables that you can use have increased or changed for the new unit version of the CPU Unit. For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501).

A-7-4 Performance Improvements for Unit Version Upgrades

This section introduces the functions for which performance was improved for each unit version of the CPU Unit and for each Sysmac Studio version.

	Function			Performance value	Unit version	Sysmac Stu- dio version
Program- ming	Program capacity	Quantities	Number of POU instances (NJ501-	9,000 6,000		1.06 or higher 1.05 or lower
			Number of POU instances (NJ301-	3,000 1,500 2,400	1.04 or later 1.03 or earlier	1.05 or higher 1.04 or lower 1.05 or higher
	Memory	Variables	Number of vari-	1,500 5,000	1.04 or later	1.04 or lower 1.05 or higher
	capacity for variables	with a Retain attribute	ables ^{*1} (NJ301- □□□□)	2,500 2,500	1.03 or earlier	1.04 or lower
Motion Control	Number of controlled axes	Maximum number of con-		15 axes 8 axes (NJ301- 1200) 4 axes (NJ301- 1100)	1.06 or later Other than the nation	1.07 or higher above combi-
	Maximum number of axes for single-axis control ^{*4*5} (NJ301-□□□□)		kis control ^{*4*5}	15 axes 8 axes (NJ301- 1200) 4 axes (NJ301- 1100)	1.06 or later Other than the nation	1.07 or higher above combi-
Built-in Ether- Net/IP port	CIP service: Tag data links (cyclic commu- nications)	Packet interval		Can be set for each connection. 1 to 10,000 ms in 1-ms increments	1.03 or higher	
				Can be set for each connection. 10 to 10,000 ms in 1-ms increments	1.02 or lower	
		Permissible communica- tions band		3,000 pps ^{*6} (including heart- beat)	1.03 or higher	
				1,000 pps (includ- ing heartbeat)	1.02 or lower	
	Number of TCP	sockets		30 16	1.03 or higher 1.02 or lower	
Built-in EtherCAT port	Communications (NJ301-□□□	nunications cycle ^{*7} 1-□□□□)		500, 1,000, 2,000, or 4,000 μs 1,000, 2,000, or	1.03 or higher	
•				4,000 μs		

*1 The performance improvement applies only to an NJ301-DDD CPU Unit. The maximum number of variables with a Retain attributes for the NJ501-DDD is 10,000.

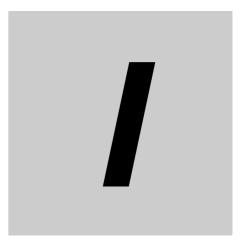
*2 This is the total for all axis types.

*3 The performance improvement applies only to an NJ301-□□□ CPU Unit. The maximum numbers of controlled axes for the NJ501-□□□ are as follows: NJ501-□5□: 64 axes, NJ501-□4□: 32 axes, and NJ501-□3□: 16 axes

*4 There is no change in the maximum number of used real axes.

Α

- *5 The performance improvement applies only to an NJ301-□□□ CPU Unit. The maximum numbers of axes for single-axis control for the NJ501-□□□ are as follows: NJ501-□5□: 64 axes, NJ501-□4□: 32 axes, and NJ501-□3□: 16 axes
- *6 Here, pps means "packets per second" and indicates the number of packets that can be processed in one second.
- *7 The performance improvement applies only to an NJ301-□□□ CPU Unit. You can use 500, 1,000, 2,000 or 4,000 µs communications cycle with an NJ501-□□□ CPU Unit, and 1,000, 2,000 or 4,000 µs communications cycle with an NJ101-□□□ CPU Unit.



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